

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Magnetic materials –

Part 6: Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties of magnetically soft metallic and powder materials at frequencies in the range 20 Hz to 100 kHz by the use of ring specimens

Matériaux magnétiques –

Partie 6: Méthodes de mesure des propriétés magnétiques des matériaux métalliques et des matériaux en poudre magnétiquement doux, aux fréquences comprises entre 20 Hz et 100 kHz, sur des éprouvettes en forme de tore



THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2018 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de l'IEC ou du Comité national de l'IEC du pays du demandeur. Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de l'IEC ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de l'IEC de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Central Office
3, rue de Varembe
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

IEC Catalogue - webstore.iec.ch/catalogue

The stand-alone application for consulting the entire bibliographical information on IEC International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports and other documents. Available for PC, Mac OS, Android Tablets and iPad.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and also once a month by email.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing 21 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in 16 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

IEC Glossary - std.iec.ch/glossary

67 000 electrotechnical terminology entries in English and French extracted from the Terms and Definitions clause of IEC publications issued since 2002. Some entries have been collected from earlier publications of IEC TC 37, 77, 86 and CISPR.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.

A propos de l'IEC

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

A propos des publications IEC

Le contenu technique des publications IEC est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

Catalogue IEC - webstore.iec.ch/catalogue

Application autonome pour consulter tous les renseignements bibliographiques sur les Normes internationales, Spécifications techniques, Rapports techniques et autres documents de l'IEC. Disponible pour PC, Mac OS, tablettes Android et iPad.

Recherche de publications IEC - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

La recherche avancée permet de trouver des publications IEC en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études,...). Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications IEC. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et aussi une fois par mois par email.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

Le premier dictionnaire en ligne de termes électroniques et électriques. Il contient 21 000 termes et définitions en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans 16 langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (IEV) en ligne.

Glossaire IEC - std.iec.ch/glossary

67 000 entrées terminologiques électrotechniques, en anglais et en français, extraites des articles Termes et Définitions des publications IEC parues depuis 2002. Plus certaines entrées antérieures extraites des publications des CE 37, 77, 86 et CISPR de l'IEC.

Service Clients - webstore.iec.ch/csc

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: sales@iec.ch.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Magnetic materials –

Part 6: Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties of magnetically soft metallic and powder materials at frequencies in the range 20 Hz to 100 kHz by the use of ring specimens

Matériaux magnétiques –

Partie 6: Méthodes de mesure des propriétés magnétiques des matériaux métalliques et des matériaux en poudre magnétiquement doux, aux fréquences comprises entre 20 Hz et 100 kHz, sur des éprouvettes en forme de tore

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
INTERNATIONALE

ICS 17.220.20; 29.030

ISBN 978-2-8322-5716-6

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
1 Scope	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms and definitions	7
4 General principles of measurement	7
4.1 Principle of the ring method	7
4.2 Test specimen	7
4.3 Windings	8
5 Temperature measurements	9
6 Measurement of the relative amplitude permeability and the AC magnetization curve	9
6.1 General	9
6.2 Apparatus and connections	9
6.3 Waveform of induced secondary voltage or magnetizing current	10
6.4 Determination of characteristics	11
6.4.1 Determination of the peak value of the magnetic field strength	11
6.4.2 Determination of the peak value of the magnetic flux density	12
6.4.3 Determination of the r.m.s. amplitude permeability and the relative amplitude permeability	12
6.4.4 Determination of the AC magnetization curve	13
7 Measurement of the specific total loss by the wattmeter method	13
7.1 Principle of measurement	13
7.2 Voltage measurement	15
7.2.1 Average type voltmeter	15
7.2.2 R.M.S. type voltmeter	15
7.3 Power measurement	15
7.4 Procedure for the measurement of the specific total loss	15
7.5 Determination of the specific total loss	15
8 Uncertainties	16
9 Test report	16
Annex A (informative) Guidance on requirements for windings and instrumentation in order to minimise additional losses	17
A.1 General	17
A.2 Reduction of additional losses	17
Annex B (informative) Digital sampling technique for the determination of magnetic properties and numerical air flux compensation	18
B.1 General	18
B.2 Technical details and requirements	18
B.3 Calibration aspects	22
B.4 Numerical air flux compensation	22
Annex C (informative) Sinusoidal waveform control by digital means	23
Bibliography	24
Figure 1 – Circuit of the measurement apparatus	10

Figure 2 – Circuit of the conventional analogue wattmeter method (also representing the metrological principle of the digital wattmeter method)	14
Figure 3 – The wattmeter method when connected with the digital sampling technique (example of circuit)	14

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MAGNETIC MATERIALS –**Part 6: Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties of magnetically soft metallic and powder materials at frequencies in the range 20 Hz to 100 kHz by the use of ring specimens**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60404-6 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 68: Magnetic alloys and steels.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second published in 2003. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) adaption to modern measurement and evaluation methods, in particular the introduction of the widely spread digital sampling method for the acquisition and evaluation of the measured data;
- b) limitation of the frequency range up to 100 kHz;

- c) deletion of Clause 7 of the second edition that specified the measurement of magnetic properties using a digital impedance bridge;
- d) addition of a new Clause 7 on the measurement of the specific total loss by the wattmeter method, including an example of the application of the digital sampling method;
- e) addition of an informative annex on the technical details of the digital sampling technique for the determination of magnetic properties.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
68/595/FDIS	68/600/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60404 series, published under the general title *Magnetic materials*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

MAGNETIC MATERIALS –

Part 6: Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties of magnetically soft metallic and powder materials at frequencies in the range 20 Hz to 100 kHz by the use of ring specimens

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60404 specifies methods for the measurement of AC magnetic properties of soft magnetic materials, other than electrical steels and soft ferrites, in the frequency range 20 Hz to 100 kHz. The materials covered by this part of IEC 60404 include those speciality alloys listed in IEC 60404-8-6, amorphous and nano-crystalline soft magnetic materials, pressed and sintered and metal injection moulded parts such as are listed in IEC 60404-8-9, cast parts and magnetically soft composite materials.

The object of this part is to define the general principles and the technical details of the measurement of the magnetic properties of magnetically soft materials by means of ring methods. For materials supplied in powder form, a ring test specimen is formed by the appropriate pressing method for that material.

The measurement of the DC magnetic properties of soft magnetic materials is made in accordance with the ring method of IEC 60404-4. The determinations of the magnetic characteristics of magnetically soft components are made in accordance with IEC 62044-3.

NOTE IEC 62044-3:2000 specifies methods for the measurement of AC magnetic characteristics of magnetically soft components in the frequency range up to 10 MHz.

Normally, the measurements are made at an ambient temperature of $(23 \pm 5) ^\circ\text{C}$ on test specimens which have first been magnetized, then demagnetized. Measurements can be made over other temperature ranges by agreement between parties concerned.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-121, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 121: Electromagnetism*

IEC 60050-221, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 221: Magnetic materials and components*

IEC 60404-2, *Magnetic materials – Part 2: Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties of electrical steel sheet and strip by means of an Epstein frame*

IEC 60404-4, *Magnetic materials – Part 4: Methods of measurement of d.c. magnetic properties of iron and steel*

IEC 60404-8-6, *Magnetic materials – Part 8-6: Specifications for individual materials – Soft magnetic metallic materials*

IEC 60404-8-9, *Magnetic materials – Part 8: Specifications for individual materials – Section 9: Standard specification for sintered soft magnetic materials*

IEC 62044-3, *Cores made of soft magnetic materials – Measuring methods – Part 3: Magnetic properties at high excitation level*

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, *Uncertainty of measurement – Part 3: Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60050-121 and IEC 60050-221 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 General principles of measurement

4.1 Principle of the ring method

The measurements are made on a closed magnetic circuit in the form of a ring test specimen wound with two windings.

4.2 Test specimen

The test specimen shall be in the form of a ring of rectangular cross-section which may be formed by

- a) winding thin strip or wire to produce a clock-spring wound toroidal core; or
- b) a stack of punched, laser cut, wire cut or photochemically etched ring laminations; or
- c) pressing and sintering of powders, metal injection moulding, 3D printing or casting.

In the case of powder materials, the production of a ring test specimen by metal injection moulding or by pressing (with heating if applicable) shall be carried out in accordance with the material manufacturer's recommendations to achieve the optimum magnetic performance of the powder material.

For all types of test specimen, burrs and sharp edges should be removed prior to heat treatment. It is preferable to enclose the test specimen in a two-part non-magnetic annular case. The case dimensions shall be such that it closely fits without introducing stress into the material of the test specimen.

The ring shall have dimensions such that the ratio of the outer to inner diameter shall be no greater than 1,4 and preferably less than 1,25 to achieve a sufficiently homogenous magnetization of the test specimen.

For solid and pressed powder materials, the dimensions of the test specimen, that is the outer and inner diameters and the height of the ring, shall be measured with suitable calibrated instruments. The respective dimensions shall be measured at several locations on a test specimen and averaged. The cross-sectional area of the test specimen shall be calculated from Formula (1).