Solid recovered fuels - Determination of moisture content using the oven dry method - Part 3: Moisture in general analysis sample (ISO 21660-3:2021)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 21660-3:2021 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 21660-3:2021 ingliskeelset teksti.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 21660-3:2021 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 21660-3:2021.

Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.

This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 17.03.2021.

Date of Availability of the European standard is 17.03.2021.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.

The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

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ICS 75.160.10

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 21660-3

March 2021

ICS 75.160.10

Supersedes EN 15414-3:2011

English Version

Solid recovered fuels - Determination of moisture content using the oven dry method - Part 3: Moisture in general analysis sample (ISO 21660-3:2021)

Combustibles solides de récupération - Détermination de l'humidité par la méthode de séchage à l'étuve - Partie 3: Humidité de l'échantillon pour analyse générale (ISO 21660-3:2021)

Feste Sekundärbrennstoffe - Bestimmung des Wassergehaltes unter Verwendung des Verfahrens der Ofentrocknung - Teil 3: Wassergehalt in gewöhnlichen Analysenproben (ISO 21660-3:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 6 March 2021.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 21660-3:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 300 "Solid recovered materials, including solid recovered fuels" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 343 "Solid Recovered Fuels" the secretariat of which is held by SFS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 21660-3:2021 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 21660-3:2021 without any modification.

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Foreword

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 300, *Solid recovered fuels*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 343, *Solid recovered fuels*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Solid recovered fuels — Determination of moisture content using the oven dry method —

Part 3:

Moisture in general analysis sample

1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the determination of moisture in a general analysis sample by drying the sample in an oven. This method is suitable for use for general analysis samples in accordance with CEN/TS 15414-1 $^{[3]1}$). It is applicable to all solid recovered fuels.

If solid recovered fuels contain large amounts of oil-fractions the Karl-Fischer-Method (for example ISO 760) is advisable. Otherwise, a lower temperature is recommended (e.g. 50 °C \pm 10 °C) and a longer drying time until constant mass is achieved.

NOTE The term moisture content, when used with recovered materials, can be misleading since solid recovered materials, e. g. biomass, frequently contain varying amounts of volatile compounds (extractives) which can evaporate when determining the moisture content of the general analyses sample by oven drying.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 21637, Solid recovered fuels — Vocabulary

ISO 21646²⁾, Solid recovered fuels — Sample preparation

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 21637 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Principle

The analysis sample of solid recovered fuels is dried at a temperature of $105\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ under air atmosphere or nitrogen atmosphere. The percentage of moisture is calculated from the loss in mass of the test sample. If the sample material is susceptible to oxidation (at $105\,^{\circ}\text{C}$), drying in nitrogen atmosphere is performed.

¹⁾ The adoption of the standard series EN 15414 as standard series ISO 21660 is planned. ISO 21660-3 is published in parallel at CEN level as EN 21660-3.

²⁾ Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/DIS 21646:2021.