INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 15504-1

First edition 2004-11-01

Information technology — Process assessment —

Part 1: Concepts and vocabulary

Technologies de l'information — Évaluation des procédés — Partie 1: Concepts et vocabulaire



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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Jaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are draged in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 15504-1 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Software and system engineeing*.

This edition cancels and replaces ISO/IEC TR 15504-1:1998 and ISO/IEC TR 15504-9:1998, which have been technically revised.

ISO/IEC 15504 consists of the following parts, under the eneral title *Information technology — Process assessment*:

- Part 1: Concepts and vocabulary
- Part 2: Performing an assessment
- Part 3: Guidance on performing an assessment
- Part 4: Guidance on use for process improvement and process capability determination

The following part is in preparation:

Part 5: An exemplar Process Assessment Model

The complete series will replace ISO/IEC TR 15504-1 to ISO/IEC TR 15504-9.

Introduction

This part of ISO/IEC 15504 provides a general introduction to the concepts of process assessment and a glossary for assessment related terms.

ISO/IEC 15504-2 sets out the minimum requirements for performing an assessment that ensure consistency and repeatability of the ratings. The requirements help to ensure that the assessment output is self-consistent and provides evidence to substantiate the ratings and to verify compliance with the requirements.

ISO/IEC 15504-3 provides guidance for interpreting the requirements for performing an assessment.

ISO/IEC 15504-4 identifies process assessment as an activity that can be performed either as part of a process improvement initiative or as part of a capability determination approach. The purpose of process improvement is to continually improve the organization's effectiveness and efficiency. The purpose of process capability determination is to identify the strengths, weaknesses and risks of selected processes with respect to a particular specified requirement through the processes used and their alignment with the business need.

ISO/IEC 15504-5 contains an exemplar Process Assessment Model that is based upon the Process Reference Model defined in ISO/IEC 12-07 Amd 1 Annex F and Amd 2. An assessment is carried out utilizing conformant Process Assessment Models related to one or more conformant or compliant Process Reference Models.

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Information technology — Process assessment —

Part 1:

Concepts and vocabulary

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 1550 provides overall information on the concepts of process assessment and its use in the two contexts of process upprovement and process capability determination. It describes how the parts of the suite fit together, and provides guidance for their selection and use. It explains the requirements contained within ISO/IEC 15504, and their applicability to performing assessments.

Readers of this guide should familiar to themselves with the terminology and structure of the document suite, and then reference the appropriate parts of the suite for the context in which they propose to conduct an assessment. A more detailed description of the use of ISO/IEC 15504 is given in clause 4.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9000:2000, Quality management systems — Fundamentals and vocabulary

ISO/IEC 2382-1:1993, Information technology — Vocabulary Part 1: Fundamental terms

ISO/IEC 2382-20:1990, Information technology — Vocabulary — Fart 20: System development

ISO/IEC 12207:1995, Amd 1:2002, Amd 2:2004. Information technology — Software life cycle processes

ISO/IEC 15288:2002, Systems engineering — System life cycle processes

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 2382-1, ISO/IEC 2382-20, ISO/IEC 12207 and ISO/IEC 15288 and the following apply.

3.1

acquirer

the stakeholder that acquires or procures a product or service from a supplier

[ISO/IEC 15288]

NOTE Other terms commonly used for an acquirer are buyer, customer, purchaser. The acquirer may at the same time be the owner, user or operating organization.