

PUBLICLY
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SPECIFICATION

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28007

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**Ships and marine technology —
Guidelines for Private Maritime
Security Companies (PMSC) providing
privately contracted armed security
personnel (PCASP) on board ships
(and pro forma contract)**

*Navires et technologie maritime — Guide destiné aux sociétés privées
de sécurité maritime (PMSC) fournissant des agents de protection
armés embarqués sous contrat privé (PCASP) à bord de navires (et
contrat pro forma)*



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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of normative document:

- an ISO Publicly Available Specification (ISO/PAS) represents an agreement between technical experts in an ISO working group and is accepted for publication if it is approved by more than 50 % of the members of the parent committee casting a vote;
- an ISO Technical Specification (ISO/TS) represents an agreement between the members of a technical committee and is accepted for publication if it is approved by 2/3 of the members of the committee casting a vote.

An ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is reviewed after three years in order to decide whether it will be confirmed for a further three years, revised to become an International Standard, or withdrawn. If the ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is confirmed, it is reviewed again after a further three years, at which time it must either be transformed into an International Standard or be withdrawn.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/PAS 28007 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8, *Ships and marine technology*.

Introduction

ISO 28000 is the certifiable security management system for organizations which has been developed from other quality management systems (ISO 9001 and ISO 14001) with the same management system requirements.

In effect ISO 28000 is a risk based quality management system for the security of operations and activities conducted by organizations. ISO 28007 sets out the guidance for applying ISO 28000 to Private Maritime Security Companies (PMSC)

Ships and marine technology — Guidelines for Private Maritime Security Companies (PMSC) providing privately contracted armed security personnel (PCASP) on board ships (and pro forma contract)

1 Scope

This Publicly Available Specification gives guidelines containing additional sector-specific recommendations, which companies (organizations) who comply with ISO 28000 can implement to demonstrate that they provide Privately Contracted Armed Security Personnel (PCASP) on board ships. To claim compliance with these guidelines, all recommendations (“shoulds”) should be complied with.

Compliance with this Publicly Available Specification can be by first, second and third party (certification). Where certification is used, it is recommended the certificate contains the words: “This certification has been prepared using the full guidelines of ISO PAS 28007 as a Private Maritime Security Company providing Privately Contracted Armed Security Personnel”.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 28000, *Specification for security management systems for the supply chain*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

Private Maritime Security Company

PMSC

organization which provides security personnel, either armed or unarmed or both, on board for protection against piracy

Note 1 to entry: Henceforth throughout this document, the word “organization” refers to the PMSC.

3.2

Privately Contracted Armed Security Personnel

PCASP

armed employee or subcontractor of the PMSC

3.3

area of high risk of piracy

area identified as having an increased likelihood of piracy

3.4

guidance on the Rules for the Use of Force (RuF)

clear policy drawn up by the PMSC for each individual transit operation which sets out the circumstances in which lethal force in the delivery of maritime security services may be used in taking account of international law and the law of the flag state