

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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## **Dried milk and dried milk products — Determination of bulk density**

*Lait sec et produits laitiers en poudre — Détermination de la masse  
volumique*



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## Foreword

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International Standard ISO 8967 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Agricultural food products*, Sub-Committee SC 5, *Milk and milk products*, in collaboration with the International Dairy Federation (IDF) and the Association of Official Analytical Chemists (AOAC), and will also be published by these organizations.

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## Introduction

Different steps during production can influence the volume taken up by a certain mass of milk powder. The most important parameters affecting the volume of milk powder and hence its bulk density (see the definitions in clause 2) are the dry matter content, the viscosity and the temperature of the concentrate. Also, homogenization of the concentrate and the spray-drying conditions, such as the inlet and outlet temperatures of the air and the peripheral velocity of the atomizer wheel or the pressure during nozzle atomization, are important steps. Special spray-drying conditions, such as recirculation of the fines to the wet zone in the spray drier (straight-through atomization), two-stage drying or rewetting for the production of instant milk powder, also have an influence on the volume.

In an inter-laboratory study involving seven laboratories and nine samples, two methods for the determination of bulk density were tested. In one method the cylinder was dropped manually and in the other a mechanical apparatus was used for the tapping. The aim of this work was not only to establish the repeatability and reproducibility of the methods but also to determine the number of tappings needed to achieve reasonably constant volume. From this work it was clear that the mechanical operation gives far better results than the manual operation. For the mechanical test the same apparatus as that specified in ISO 787-11 was used.

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# Dried milk and dried milk products — Determination of bulk density

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the bulk density of dried whole milk, dried partly skimmed milk and dried skimmed milk (as defined in FAO/WHO Standard A-5<sup>1)</sup>), whether non-instant or instant.

The method is also applicable to dried whey, dried buttermilk and dried milk-based infant food, as well as to any of the dried products indicated above in which milk fat has been replaced by another fat or which has been roller-dried instead of spray-dried.

## 2 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definitions apply.

**2.1 poured bulk density:** Quotient of the mass and volume of a powder after transferring it to a specific cylinder.

For dried milk and dried milk products it is expressed in grams per millilitre.

**2.2 loose bulk density:** Quotient of the mass and volume of a powder after 100 tappings under the conditions specified in this International Standard.

For dried milk and dried milk products it is expressed in grams per millilitre.

**2.3 bulk density:** Quotient of the mass and volume of a powder after 625 tappings under the conditions specified in this International Standard.

For dried milk and dried milk products it is expressed in grams per millilitre.

**NOTE 1** In the *Système international d'unités* the concepts of density as defined above are expressed in kilograms per cubic metre. In commercial practice, however, these densities of dried milk and dried milk products are traditionally expressed in grams per millilitre.

## 3 Principle

Tapping of a test portion of the dried product in a measuring cylinder. After a specified number of taps, recording of the volume of the product and calculation of its bulk density.

## 4 Apparatus

Usual laboratory equipment and, in particular, the following.

**4.1 Balance,** accurate to the nearest 0,1 g.

**4.2 Measuring cylinder,** of 250 ml capacity, graduated from 0 ml to 250 ml, of scale length  $245 \text{ mm} \pm 4 \text{ mm}$ , of mass  $190 \text{ g} \pm 15 \text{ g}$ , and capable of being fixed on the apparatus (4.3).

**4.3 Bulk density apparatus** (see figure 1), having the components specified in 4.3.1 to 4.3.3.

**4.3.1 Screwing device,** to fasten the measuring cylinder on the apparatus, of  $450 \text{ g} \pm 10 \text{ g}$  mass.

**4.3.2 Tapping device,** capable of lifting up the screwing device (4.3.1) and the measuring cylinder (4.2) to a height of  $3 \text{ mm} \pm 0,1 \text{ mm}$ , and capable of tapping at a frequency of  $250 \pm 15$  per minute.

**4.3.3 Interval-counting device,** capable of recording from 0 to 625 taps, fitted with an automatic stop, capable of being regulated to stop after a previously defined number of taps.

1) FAO/WHO Standard A-5 for whole milk powder, partly skimmed milk powder and skimmed milk powder, elaborated under the *Code of principles concerning milk and milk products*, 8th edition (1984), Rome: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations/World Health Organization.