## Telecontrol equipment and systems -Part 5-104: Transmission protocols -Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles

Telecontrol equipment and systems - Part 5-104: Transmission protocols - Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles



#### **EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA**

#### **NATIONAL FOREWORD**

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 60870-5-104:2006 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 60870-5-104:2006 ingliskeelset teksti.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 60870-5-104:2006 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 60870-5-104:2006.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 14.12.2006 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes. This document is endorsed on 14.12.2006 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

#### Käsitlusala:

#### This part of IEC 60870 applies to telecontrol equipment and systems with coded bit serial data transmission for monitoring and controlling geographically widespread processes. It defines a telecontrol companion standard that enables interoperability among compatible telecontrol equipment. The defined telecontrol companion standard utilizes standards of the IEC 60870-5 series. The specifications of this part present a combination of the application layer of IEC 60870-5-101 and the transport functions provided by a TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol). Within TCP/IP, various network types can be utilized, including X.25, FR (Frame Relay), ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) and ISDN (Integrated Service Data Network). Using the same definitions, alternative ASDUs (Application Service Data Unit) as specified in other IEC 60870-5 companion standards (for example, IEC 60870-5-102) may be combined with TCP/IP, but this is not

#### Scope:

This part of IEC 60870 applies to telecontrol equipment and systems with coded bit serial data transmission for monitoring and controlling geographically widespread processes. It defines a telecontrol companion standard that enables interoperability among compatible telecontrol equipment. The defined telecontrol companion standard utilizes standards of the IEC 60870-5 series. The specifications of this part present a combination of the application layer of IEC 60870-5-101 and the transport functions provided by a TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol). Within TCP/IP, various network types can be utilized, including X.25, FR (Frame Relay), ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) and ISDN (Integrated Service Data Network). Using the same definitions, alternative ASDUs (Application Service Data Unit) as specified in other IEC 60870-5 companion standards (for example, IEC 60870-5-102) may be combined with TCP/IP, but this is not described further in this part.

**ICS** 33.200

described further in this part.

**Võtmesõnad:** companion standard, data transmission protocol, interoperability, telecontrol

### EUROPEAN STANDARD

### EN 60870-5-104

## NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2006

ICS 33.200

Supersedes EN 60870-5-104:2001

English version

Telecontrol equipment and systems Part 5-104: Transmission protocols -Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles

(IEC 60870-5-104:2006)

Matériels et systèmes de téléconduite Partie 5-104: Protocoles de transmission -Accès aux réseaux utilisant des profils de transport normalisés pour la CEI 60870-5-101 (CEI 60870-5-104:2006) Fernwirkeinrichtungen und -systeme Teil 5-104: Übertragungsprotokolle -Zugriff für IEC 60870-5-101 auf Netze mit genormten Transportprofilen (IEC 60870-5-104:2006)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2006-09-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

### **CENELEC**

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

#### **Foreword**

The text of document 57/812/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60870-5-104, prepared by IEC TC 57, Power systems management and associated information exchange, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60870-5-104 on 2006-09-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 60870-5-104:2001.

The main changes with respect to EN 60870-5-104:2001 are as follows: improvement of the sequences and interoperability of the protocol and addition of new functions for the handling of redundant connections.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2007-06-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2009-09-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 60870-5-104:2006 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

## Annex ZA (normative)

## Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60870-5-3	1992	Telecontrol equipment and systems Part 5: Transmission protocols - Section 3: General structure of application data	EN 60870-5-3	1992
IEC 60870-5-4	1993	Telecontrol equipment and systems Part 5: Transmission protocols - Section 4: Definition and coding of application information elements	EN 60870-5-4	1993
IEC 60870-5-5	1995	Telecontrol equipment and systems Part 5: Transmission protocols - Section 5: Basic application functions	EN 60870-5-5	1995
IEC 60870-5-101	2003	Telecontrol equipment and systems Part 5-101: Transmission protocols - Companion standard for basic telecontrol tasks	EN 60870-5-101	2003
IEC 60870-5-102	1996	Telecontrol equipment and systems Part 5: Transmission protocols - Section 102: Companion standard for the transmission of integrated totals in electric power systems	EN 60870-5-102	1996
ITU-T Recommendation X.25	1996	Interface between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) for terminals operating in the packet mode and connected to public data networks by dedicated circuit	·	-
IEEE 802.3	1998	Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications		-
RFC 791	1981	Internet Protocol - DARPA Internet Program Protocol Specification	-	-
RFC 793	1981	Transmission Control Protocol - DARPA Internet Program Protocol Specification	-	S
RFC 894	_1)	Standard for the Transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet Networks	-	-

<sup>1)</sup> Undated reference.

\_

Publication RFC 1661	<u>Year</u> _ <sup>1)</sup>	<u>Title</u> Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)	EN/HD -	<u>Year</u> -
RFC 1662	_1)	PPP in HDLC Framing	-	-
RFC 1700	1994	Assigned Numbers	-	-
RFC 2200	1997	Internet Official Protocol Standards	-	-

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# IEC 60870-5-104

Second edition 2006-06

Telecontrol equipment and systems -

Part 5-104: Transmission protocols – Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles

This **English-language** version is derived from the original **bilingual** publication by leaving out all French-language pages. Missing page numbers correspond to the French-language pages.



#### **Publication numbering**

As from 1 January 1997 all IEC publications are issued with a designation in the 60000 series. For example, IEC 34-1 is now referred to as IEC 60034-1.

#### **Consolidated editions**

The IEC is now publishing consolidated versions of its publications. For example, edition numbers 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 refer, respectively, to the base publication, the base publication incorporating amendment 1 and the base publication incorporating amendments 1 and 2.

#### Further information on IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC, thus ensuring that the content reflects current technology. Information relating to this publication, including its validity, is available in the IEC Catalogue of publications (see below) in addition to new editions, amendments and corrigenda. Information on the subjects under consideration and work in progress undertaken by the technical committee which has prepared this publication, as well as the list of publications issued, is also available from the following:

#### IEC Web Site (www.iec.ch)

#### Catalogue of IEC publications

The on-line catalogue on the IEC web site (www.iec.ch/searchpub) enables you to search by a variety of criteria including text searches, technical committees and date of publication. On-line information is also available on recently issued publications, withdrawn and replaced publications, as well as corrigenda.

#### **IEC Just Published**

This summary of recently issued publications (www.iec.ch/online\_news/ justpub) is also available by email. Please contact the Customer Service Centre (see below) for further information.

#### **Customer Service Centre**

If you have any questions regarding this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre:

Email: custserv@iec.ch Tel: +41 22 919 02 11 Fax: +41 22 919 03 00

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# IEC 60870-5-104

Second edition 2006-06

Telecontrol equipment and systems -

Part 5-104: Transmission protocols – Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles

#### © IEC 2006 Copyright - all rights reserved

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Electrotechnical Commission, 3, rue de Varembé, PO Box 131, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Telephone: +41 22 919 02 11 Telefax: +41 22 919 03 00 E-mail: inmail@iec.ch Web: www.iec.ch

Commission Electrotechnique Internationale



PRICE CODE



### CONTENTS

FΟ	REWO	)RD	9
IN	rodu	JCTION	13
1	Scop	e and object	15
2		ative references	
3		ral architecture	
4		col structure	
5 Definition of Application Protocol Control Information (APCI)			
J	5.1	Protection against loss and duplication of messages	
	5.2	Test procedures	
	5.3	Transmission control using Start/Stop	
	5.4	Portnumber	
	5.5	Maximum number of outstanding I format APDUs (k)	
6	Selec	ction of ASDUs defined in IEC 60870-5-101 and additional ASDUs	
7	Mapp	oing of selected application data units and functions to the TCP services	53
	7.1	Station initialization (6.1.5 to 6.1.7 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
	7.2	Data acquisition by polling (6.2 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
	7.3	Cyclic data transmission (6.3 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
	7.4	Acquisition of events (6.4 of IEC 60870-5-5)	63
	7.5	General interrogation (6.6 of IEC 60870-5-5)	63
	7.6	Clock synchronization (6.7 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
	7.7	Command transmission (6.8 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
	7.8	Transmission of integrated totals (6.9 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
	7.9	Parameter loading (6.10 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
	7.10	Test procedure (6.11 of IEC 60870-5-5)	
_		File transfer (6.12 of IEC 60870-5-5) Control and monitor direction	
8		Js for process information in control direction with time tag	
	8.1	TYPE IDENT 58: C_SC_TA_1 Single command with time tag CP56Time2a	
	8.2	TYPE IDENT 59: C_DC_TA_1 Double command with time tag CP56Time2a	77
	8.3	TYPE IDENT 60: C_RC_TA_1 Regulating step command with time tag CP56Time2a	
	8.4	TYPE IDENT 61: C_SE_TA_1 Set-point command with time tag CP56Time2a,	, 0
	• • •	normalized value	81
	8.5	TYPE IDENT 62: C_SE_TB_1 Set-point command with time tag CP56Time2a, scaled value	83
	8.6	TYPE IDENT 63: C_SE_TC_1 Set-point command with time tag CP56Time2a, short floating point number	85
	8.7	TYPE IDENT 64: C_BO_TA_1 Bitstring of 32 bit with time tag CP56Time2a	
	8.8	TYPE IDENT 107: C_TS_TA_1 Test command with time tag CP56Time2a	
	8.9	TYPE IDENT 127: F_SC_NB_1 QueryLog – Request archive file	91

9	Inter	operability	93
	9.1	System or device	93
	9.2	Network configuration	93
	9.3	Physical layer	95
	9.4	Link layer	95
	9.5	Application layer	97
	9.6	Basic application functions	107
10	Redu	ındant connections	115
	10.1	General	115
	10.2	General requirements	115
	10.3	Initialisation of controlling station	
		Initialisation of controlled station	
		User data from controlling station	
		User data from controlled station	
	10.7	State transition diagrams	135
Fia	ure 1	– General architecture (example)	19
		Selected standard provisions of the defined telecontrol companion standard	
_		<ul> <li>Selected standard provisions of the TCP/IP protocol suite RFC 2200</li> </ul>	∠ 1
		- Selected standard provisions of the TGF/IF protocol suite KFG 2200	23
	-	,  – APDU of the defined telecontrol companion standard	
_		– APCI of the defined telecontrol companion standard	
_		Control field of type Information transfer format (I format)	
_		Control field of type numbered supervisory functions (S format)	
_		Control field of type unnumbered control functions (U format)	
_			
_		Undisturbed sequences of numbered I format APDUs	29
		) – Undisturbed sequences of numbered I format APDUs acknowledged by an APDU	31
		Disturbed sequence of numbered I format APDUs	
		2 – Time-out in case of a not acknowledged last I format APDU	
_		B – Undisturbed test procedure	
I IY	uro 17	- Unconfirmed test procedure	25
		5 – Start data transfer procedure	
		S – Stop data transfer procedure	
		<ul><li>State transition diagram for Start/Stop procedure (controlled station)</li></ul>	
		B – State transition diagram for Start/Stop procedure (controlling station)	
_		9 – TCP connection establishment and close	
Fig	ure 20	) – Initialization of the controlling station	<i>.</i> 57
		- Local initialization of the controlled station	
Fig	ure 22	2 – Remote initialization of the controlled station	61
		B – ASDU: C_SC_TA_1 Single command with time tag CP56Time2a	
_		I – ASDU: C_DC_TA_1 Double command with time tag CP56Time2a	
		5 – ASDU: C RC TA 1 Regulating step command with time tag CP56Time2a	

Figure 26 – ASDU: C_SE_TA_1 Set-point command with time tag CP56Time2a, normalized value	81
Figure 27 – ASDU: C_SE_TB_1 Set-point command with time tag CP56Time2a, scaled value	83
Figure 28 – ASDU: C_SE_TC_1 Set-point command with time tag CP56Time2a, short floating point number	85
Figure 29 - ASDU: C_BO_TA_1 Bitstring of 32 bit with time tag CP56Time2a	87
Figure 30 - ASDU: C_TS_TA_1 Test command with time tag CP56Time2a	89
Figure 31 – ASDU: F_SC_NB_1 QueryLog – Request archive file	91
Figure 32 – Initialisation of controlling station with redundant connections	121
Figure 33 – Initialisation of controlled station with redundant connections	125
Figure 34 – Redundant connections – User data from controlling station	129
Figure 35 – Redundant connections – User data from controlled station	133
Figure 36 – State transition diagram for redundant connections (controlled station)	137
Figure 37 – State transition diagram for redundant connections (controlling station)	139
7,	
Table 1 – Process information in monitor direction	
Table 2 – Process information in control direction	
Table 3 – System information in monitor direction	
Table 4 – System information in control direction	
Table 5 – Parameter in control direction	51
Table 6 – File transfer	51
$\mathcal{O}_{j}$	
	0
	U'

#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### TELECONTROL EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS -

#### Part 5-104: Transmission protocols – Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles

#### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60870-5-104 Ed.2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 57: Power systems management and associated information exchange.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2000 and constitutes a technical revision. The main changes of this second edition with respect to the previous edition are as follows: improvement of the sequences and interoperability of the protocol and addition of new functions for the handling of redundant connections.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
57/812/FDIS	57/819/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC directives, Part 2.

IEC 60870-5 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5: Transmission protocols* 

Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section One: Transmission frame formats

Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 2: Link transmission procedures

Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 3: General structure of application data

Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 4: Definition and coding of application

information elements

Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 5: Basic application functions

Part 5-6: Guidelines for conformance testing for the IEC 60870-5 companion standards

Part 5-101: Transmission protocols – Companion standard for basic telecontrol tasks

Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 102: Companion standard for the

transmission of integrated totals in electric power systems

Part 5-103: Transmission protocols – Companion standard for the informative interface of

protection equipment

Part 5-104: Transmission protocols – Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard

transport profiles

Part 5-601: Conformance test cases for the IEC 60870-5-101 companion standard

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed;
- · withdrawn;
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

#### INTRODUCTION

IEC 60870-5-101 provides a communication profile for sending basic telecontrol messages between a central telecontrol station and telecontrol outstations, which uses permanent directly connected data circuits between the central station and individual outstations.

In some applications, it may be required to send the same types of application messages between telecontrol stations using a data network containing relay stations which store and forward the messages and provide only a virtual circuit between the telecontrol stations. This type of network delays messages by varying amounts of time depending on the network traffic load.

In general, the variable message delay times mean that it is not possible to use the link layer as defined in IEC 60870-5-101 between telecontrol stations. However, in some cases it is possible to connect telecontrol stations having all three layers of the companion standard IEC 60870-5-101 to suitable data networks using Packet Assembler Disassembler (PAD) type stations to provide access for balanced communication.

S. ovide In all other cases this companion standard, which does not use the link functions of IEC 60870-5-101, may be used to provide balanced access via a suitable transport profile.

#### TELECONTROL EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS -

#### Part 5-104: Transmission protocols – Network access for IEC 60870-5-101 using standard transport profiles

#### 1 Scope and object

This part of IEC 60870 applies to telecontrol equipment and systems with coded bit serial data transmission for monitoring and controlling geographically widespread processes. It defines a telecontrol companion standard that enables interoperability among compatible telecontrol equipment. The defined telecontrol companion standard utilizes standards of the IEC 60870-5 series. The specifications of this part present a combination of the application layer of IEC 60870-5-101 and the transport functions provided by a TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol). Within TCP/IP, various network types can be utilized, including X.25, FR (Frame Relay), ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) and ISDN (Integrated Service Data Network). Using the same definitions, alternative ASDUs (Application Service Data Unit) as specified in other IEC 60870-5 companion standards (for example, IEC 60870-5-102) may be combined with TCP/IP, but this is not described further in this part.

NOTE Security mechanisms are outside the scope of this standard.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60870-5-3:1992, Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 3: General structure of application data

IEC 60870-5-4:1993, Telecontrol equipment and systems — Part 5: Transmission protocols — Section 4: Definition and coding of application information elements

IEC 60870-5-5:1995, Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 5: Basic application functions

IEC 60870-5-101:2003, Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5-101: Transmission protocols – Companion standard for basic telecontrol tasks

IEC 60870-5-102:1996, Telecontrol equipment and systems – Part 5: Transmission protocols – Section 102: Companion standard for the transmission of integrated totals in electric power systems

ITU-T Recommendation X.25:1996, Interface between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) for terminals operating in the packet mode and connected to public data networks by dedicated circuit

IEEE 802.3:1998, Information technology – Telecommunications and information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications

RFC 791, Internet Protocol, Request for Comments 791 (MILSTD 1777) (September, 1981)

RFC 793, Transmission Control Protocol, Request for Comments 793 (MILSTD 1778) (September, 1981)

RFC 894. Internet Protocol on Ethernet Networks

RFC 1661, Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

RFC 1662, PPP in HDLC Framing

RFC 1700, Assigned Numbers, Request for Comments 1700 (STD 2) (October, 1994)

RFC 2200, Internet Official Protocol Standards, Request for Comments 2200 (June, 1997)

#### 3 General architecture

This standard defines the use of an open TCP/IP-interface to a network, containing for example a LAN for telecontrol equipment, which transports IEC 60870-5-101 ASDUs. Routers which include the different WAN-types (for example, X.25, Frame Relay, ISDN, etc.) may be connected via a common TCP/IP-LAN-interface (see figure 1). Figure 1 shows a redundant configuration in the central station in addition to a non-redundant system.

#### Motivations:

The use of separate routers offers the following advantages.

- There is no need for network-specific software in end systems.
- There is no need for routing functionality in end systems.
- There is no need for network management in end systems.
- It facilitates obtaining end systems from manufacturers that specialize in telecontrol equipment.
- It facilitates obtaining individual separate routers, to suit a variety of networks from manufacturers specializing in this non-telecontrol specific field.
- It is possible to change the network type by replacing only the router type, without affecting the end systems.
- It is particularly suitable for converting existing end systems that conform to IEC 60870-5-101.
- It is suitable for present and future implementations.