# Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear -- Part 2: Circuit-breakers

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear -- Part 2: **Circuit-breakers** 



## EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

#### NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 60947- 2:2006 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 60947-2:2006 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 60947- 2:2006 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 60947-2:2006.
Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 22.09.2006 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.	This document is endorsed on 22.09.2006 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

standardiorganisatsioonist.	standardisation organisation.
Käsitlusala:	Scope:
This standard applies to circuit-breakers,	This standard applies to circuit-breakers,
the main contacts of which are intended to	the main contacts of which are intended to
be connected to circuits, the rated voltage	be connected to circuits, the rated voltage
of which does not exceed 1 000 V a.c. or	of which does not exceed 1 000 V a.c. or
1 500 V d.c.; it also contains additional	1 500 V d.c.; it also contains additional
requirements for integrally fused circuit- breakers. It applies whatever the rated	requirements for integrally fused circuit- breakers. It applies whatever the rated
currents, the method of construction or	currents, the method of construction or
the proposed applications of the circuit-	the proposed applications of the circuit-
breakers may be.	breakers may be.
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<b>ICS</b> 29.130.20	$\circ$
Võtmesõnad:	
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## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

## EN 60947-2

August 2006

Supersedes EN 60947-2:2003

ICS 29.130.20

English version

## Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 2: Circuit-breakers (IEC 60947-2:2006)

Appareillage à basse tension Partie 2: Disjoncteurs (CEI 60947-2:2006) Niederspannungsschaltgeräte Teil 2: Leistungsschalter (IEC 60947-2:2006)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2006-07-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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# CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

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#### Foreword

The text of document 17B/1455/FDIS, future edition 4 of IEC 60947-2, prepared by SC 17B, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear, of IEC TC 17, Switchgear and controlgear, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60947-2 on 2006-07-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 60947-2:2003.

The main changes introduced in EN 60947-2:2006 are an amendment to the verification of dielectric properties, the improvement of EMC clauses in Annexes B, F, J and M, and the addition of a new Annex O regarding instantaneous trip circuit-breakers.

The following dates were fixed:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2007-04-01
_	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2009-07-01

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and covers essential requirements of EC Directive EMC (89/336/CEE). See Annex ZZ.

Annexes ZA and ZZ have been added by CENELEC.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 60947-2:2006 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60112	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60112:2003 (not modified).
IEC 60269-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60269-1:1998 (not modified), new edition at draft stage.
IEC 60269-2-1	NOTE Harmonized as HD 60269-2-1:2005 (not modified).
IEC 60269-3	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60269-3:1995 (not modified), new edition at draft stage.
IEC 60439	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60439 (Series) (not modified).
IEC 60947-3	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60947-3:1999 (not modified).
IEC 60947-5-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60947-5-1:2004 (not modified).

## Annex ZA

#### (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	Title	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC 60050-441 A1	1984 2000	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) Chapter 441: Switchgear, controlgear and fuses	-	-
IEC 60051	Series	Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories	EN 60051	Series
IEC 60068-2-14 + A1	1984 1986	Environmental testing Part 2: Tests - Test N: Change of temperature	EN 60068-2-14	1999
IEC 60068-2-30	2005	Environmental testing Part 2-30: Tests - Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)	EN 60068-2-30	2005
IEC 60364	Series	Low-voltage electrical installations	-	-
IEC 60364-4-41	2001	Electrical installations of buildings Part 4-41: Protection for safety - Protection against elctric shock	-	-
IEC 60695-2-10	2000	Fire hazard testing Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure	EN 60695-2-10	2001
IEC 60695-2-11	2000	Fire hazard testing Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products	EN 60695-2-11	2001
IEC 60695-2-12	2000	Fire hazard testing Part 2-12: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire flammability test method for materials	EN 60695-2-12	2001
IEC 60695-2-13	2000	Fire hazard testing Part 2-13: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire ignitability test method for materials	EN 60695-2-13	2001
IEC/TR 60755 A1 A2	1983 1988 1992	General requirements for residual current operated protective devices	-	

Publication IEC 60898 (mod)	<u>Year</u> Series	<u>Title</u> Electrical accessories - Circuit-breakers for overcurrent protection for household and similar installations	<u>EN/HD</u> EN 60898	<u>Year</u> Series
IEC 60934	_1)	Circuit-breakers for equipment (CBE)	EN 60934	2001 <sup>2)</sup>
IEC 60947-1	2004	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 1: General rules	EN 60947-1 + corr. November	2004 2004
IEC 60947-4-1 A1	2000 2002	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 4-1: Contactors and motor-starters - Electromechanical contactors and motor- starters	EN 60947-4-1 A1	2001 2002
IEC 61000-3-2 (mod) A1 + A2	2000 2001 2004	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 3-2: Limits - Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current up to and including 16 A per phase)	EN 61000-3-2 <sup>3)</sup> A2	2000 2005
IEC 61000-3-3	1994	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	EN 61000-3-3	1995
A1	2001	Part 3-3: Limits - Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current $\leq$ 16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection	+ corr. July A1	1997 2001
IEC 61000-4-2 A1 A2	1995 1998 2000	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test	EN 61000-4-2 A1 A2	1995 1998 2001
IEC 61000-4-3 A1	2002 2002	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test	EN 61000-4-3 <sup>4)</sup> A1	2002 2002
IEC 61000-4-4 A1 A2	1995 2000 2001	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test	EN 61000-4-4 <sup>5)</sup> A1 A2	1995 2001 2001
IEC 61000-4-5 A1	1995 2000	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test	EN 61000-4-5 A1	1995 2001
IEC 61000-4-6 A1	2003 2004	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques - Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	00	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Undated reference.

<sup>2)</sup> Valid edition at date of issue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> EN 61000-3-2 + A2 are superseded by EN 61000-3-2:2006, which is based on IEC 61000-3-2:2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> EN 61000-4-3 + A1 are superseded by EN 61000-4-3:2006, which is based on IEC 61000-4-3:2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> EN 61000-4-4 + A1 + A2 are superseded by EN 61000-4-4:2004, which is based on IEC 61000-4-4:2004.

<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	EN 61000-4-11	2004
Part 4-11: Testing and measurement		

IEC 61000-4-11	2004	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques - Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests	EN 61000-4-11	2004
IEC 61000-4-13	2002	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-13: Testing and measurement techniques - Harmonics and interharmonics including mains signalling at a.c. power port, low frequency immunity tests	EN 61000-4-13	2002
IEC 61000-5-2	1997	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 5: Installation and mitigation guidelines - Section 2: Earthing and cabling	-	-
IEC 61008-1 (mod) + A1 (mod)	1996 2002	Residual current operated circuit-breakers without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses (RCCB's) Part 1: General rules	EN 61008-1	2004
IEC 61009-1 + corr. May + A1 (mod)	1996 2003 2002	Residual current operated circuit-breakers with integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses (RCBO's) Part 1: General rules	EN 61009-1 + corr. July	2004 2006
CISPR 11 (mod) +A1 (mod)	2003 2004	Industrial scientific and medical (ISM) radio- frequency equipment - Electromagnetic disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	- EN 55011	- 200X <sup>6)</sup>
CISPR 22 (mod) A1	2005 2005	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	EN 55022 -	200X <sup>6)</sup> -
			52	
			.2	5
<sup>6)</sup> To be published.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6)</sup> To be published.

**Publication** 

IEC 61000-4-11

Year

2004

## Annex ZZ

#### (informative)

#### **Coverage of Essential Requirements of EC Directives**

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and within its scope the standard covers all relevant essential requirements as given in Article 4 of the EC Directive 89/336/EEC.

Compliance with this standard provides one means of conformity with the specified essential requirements of the Directive concerned.

WARNING: Other requirements and other EC Directives may be applicable to the products falling within the scope of this standard.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Fourth edition 2006-05

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear -

Part 2: Circuit-breakers

This **English-language** version is derived from the original **bilingual** publication by leaving out all French-language pages. Missing page numbers correspond to the French-language pages.



Reference number IEC 60947-2:2006(E)

#### **Publication numbering**

As from 1 January 1997 all IEC publications are issued with a designation in the 60000 series. For example, IEC 34-1 is now referred to as IEC 60034-1.

#### **Consolidated editions**

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Part 2: Circuit-breakers

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

#### Part 2: Circuit-breakers

#### FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60947-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 17B: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear, of IEC technical committee 17: Switchgear and controlgear.

This fourth edition of IEC 60947-2 cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2003.

The main changes introduced in this new edition are an amendment to the verification of dielectric properties, the improvement of EMC clauses in Annexes B, F, J and M, and the addition of a new Annex O regarding instantaneous trip circuit-breakers.

The text of this standard is based on the third edition and the following documents:

F	DIS	Report on voting
17B/1	455/FDIS	17B/1463/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The IEC 60947 series comprises the following parts under the general title *Low-voltage switchgear* and *controlgear*:

- Part 1: General rules
- Part 2: Circuit-breakers
- Part 3: Switches, disconnectors, switch-disconnectors and fuse-combination units
- Part 4: Contactors and motor-starters
- Part 5: Control circuit devices and switching elements
- Part 6: Multiple function equipment
- Part 7: Ancillary equipment
- Part 8: Control units for built-in thermal protection (PTC) for rotating electrical machines

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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#### LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

#### Part 2: Circuit-breakers

1 General

The provisions of the general rules dealt with in IEC 60947-1 are applicable to this standard, where specifically called for. Clauses and subclauses, tables, figures and annexes of the general rules thus applicable are identified by reference to IEC 60947-1, for example, 1.2.3 of IEC 60947-1, Table 4 of IEC 60947-1, or Annex A of IEC 60947-1.

#### 1.1 Scope and object

This standard applies to circuit-breakers, the main contacts of which are intended to be connected to circuits, the rated voltage of which does not exceed 1 000 V a.c. or 1 500 V d.c.; it also contains additional requirements for integrally fused circuit-breakers.

It applies whatever the rated currents, the method of construction or the proposed applications of the circuit-breakers may be.

The requirements for circuit-breakers which are also intended to provide earth-leakage protection are contained in Annex B.

The additional requirements for circuit-breakers with electronic over-current protection are contained in Annex F.

The additional requirements for circuit-breakers for IT systems are contained in Annex H.

The requirements and test methods for electromagnetic compatibility of circuit-breakers are contained in Annex J.

The requirements for circuit-breakers not fulfilling the requirements for over-current protection are contained in Annex L.

The requirements for modular residual current devices (without integral current breaking device) are contained in Annex M.

The requirements and test methods for electromagnetic compatibility of circuit-breaker auxiliaries are contained in Annex N.

Supplementary requirements for circuit-breakers used as direct-on-line starters are given in IEC 60947-4-1, applicable to low-voltage contactors and starters.

The requirements for circuit-breakers for the protection of wiring installations in buildings and similar applications, and designed for use by uninstructed persons, are contained in IEC 60898.

The requirements for circuit-breakers for equipment (for example electrical appliances) are contained in IEC 60934.

For certain specific applications (for example traction, rolling mills, marine service) particular or additional requirements may be necessary.

NOTE Circuit-breakers which are dealt with in this standard may be provided with devices for automatic opening under predetermined conditions other than those of over-current and undervoltage as, for example, reversal of power or current. This standard does not deal with the verification of operation under such pre-determined conditions.

The object of this standard is to state:

- a) the characteristics of circuit-breakers;
- b) the conditions with which circuit-breakers shall comply with reference to:
  - 1) operation and behaviour in normal service;
  - 2) operation and behaviour in case of overload and operation and behaviour in case of short-circuit, including co-ordination in service (discrimination and back-up protection);
  - 3) dielectric properties;
- c) tests intended for confirming that these conditions have been met and the methods to be adopted for these tests;
- d) information to be marked on or given with the apparatus.

#### **1.2 Normative references**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050(441):1984, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 441: Switchgear, controlgear and fuses Amendment 1 (2000)

IEC 60051 (all parts) Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories

IEC 60068-2-14:1984, Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests. Test N: Change of temperature Amendment 1 (1986)

IEC 60068-2-30:2005, Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)

IEC 60364 (all parts), *Electric installations of buildings* 

IEC 60364-4-41:2001, *Electrical installations of buildings – Part 4-41: Protection for safety – Protection against shock* 

IEC 60695-2-10:2000, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure

IEC 60695-2-11:2000, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products

IEC 60695-2-12:2000, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-12: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for materials

IEC 60695-2-13:2000, Fire hazard testing – Part 2-13: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire ignitability test method for materials

IEC 60755:1983, *General requirements for residual current operated protective devices* Amendment 1 (1988) Amendment 2 (1992) IEC 60898, Circuit-breakers for over-current protection for household and similar installations

IEC 60934, Circuit-breakers for equipment (CBE)

IEC 60947-1:2004, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: General rules

IEC 60947-4-1:2000, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 4-1: Contactors and motor-starters – Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters Amendment 1 (2002)

IEC 61000-3-2:2000, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 3-2: Limits – Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤16 A per phase) Amendment 1 (2001) Amendment 2 (2004)

IEC 61000-3-3:1994, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 3: Limits – Section 3: Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current  $\leq$ 16 A Amendment 1 (2001)

IEC 61000-4-2:1995, *Electromagnetic compatibility(EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 2: Electrostatic discharge immunity test* Amendment 1 (1998) Amendment 2 (2000)

IEC 61000-4-3:2002, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated radio-frequency electromagnetic field immunity test Amendment 1 (2002)

IEC 61000-4-4:1995, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 4: Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test Amendment 1 (2000) Amendment 2 (2001)

IEC 61000-4-5:1995, Electromagnetic compatibility(EMC) – Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 5: Surge immunity test Amendment 1 (2000)

IEC 61000-4-6:2003, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radiofrequency fields Amendment 1 (2004)

IEC 61000-4-11:2004, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests

IEC 61000-4-13:2002, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-13: Testing and measurement techniques – Harmonics and interharmonics including mains signalling at a.c. power port, low frequency immunity tests

IEC 61000-5-2:1997, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 5: Installation and mitigation guidelines – Section 2: Earthing and cabling

IEC 61008-1:1996, Residual current operated circuit-breakers without integral over-current protection for household and similar uses (RCCBs) – Part 1: General rules Amendment 1 (2002)

IEC 61009-1:1996, Residual current operated circuit-breakers with integral over-current protection for household and similar uses (RCBOs) – Part 1: General rules Amendment 1 (2002)

CISPR 11:2003, Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment – *Electromagnetic disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement* Amendment 1 (2004)

CISPR 22:2005, Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement Amendment 1 (2005)

Amendment (2005)

#### 2 Definitions

For the majority of the definitions required in connection with this standard, see Clause 2 of IEC 60947-1.

For the purpose of this standard, the following additional definitions shall apply:

NOTE Where these definitions are taken unchanged from the *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV)*, IEC 60050(441), the IEV reference is given in brackets.

#### 2.1

#### circuit-breaker

a mechanical switching device, capable of making, carrying and breaking currents under normal circuit conditions and also making, carrying for a specified time and breaking currents under specified abnormal circuit conditions such as those of short-circuit

[IEV 441-14-20]

#### 2.1.1

#### frame size

a term designating a group of circuit-breakers, the external physical dimensions of which are common to a range of current ratings. Frame size is expressed in amperes corresponding to the highest current rating of the group. Within a frame size, the width may vary according to the number of poles

NOTE This definition does not imply dimensional standardization.

#### 2.1.2

#### construction break

a significant difference in construction between circuit-breakers of a given frame size, requiring additional type testing (see 7.1.5)

#### 2.2

#### integrally fused circuit-breaker

a combination, in a single device, of a circuit-breaker and fuses, one fuse being placed in series with each pole of the circuit-breaker intended to be connected to a phase conductor

[IEV 441-14-22]

#### 2.3

#### current-limiting circuit-breaker

a circuit-breaker with a break-time short enough to prevent the short-circuit current reaching its otherwise attainable peak value

[IEV 441-14-21]