INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 28319

Second edition 2018-04

Dentistry — Laser welding and filler materials

Médecine bucco-dentaire — Soudage par laser et matériaux d'apport



Reference number ISO 28319:2018(E)



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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Prosthodontic materials*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 28319:2010), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- a) reference to the corrosion standard ISO 10271:2011, for corrosion test methods and measurements has been added;
- b) a corrosion limit for the static corrosion test has been specified;
- c) Annex A has been revised in order to describe the laser welding process.

Dentistry — Laser welding and filler materials

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements and test methods for laser welding and the filler materials thereto used in the dental laboratory for welding of metallic restorations and appliances.

For filler materials used in laser welding, this document also specifies the information given in the instructions for use, marking and labelling.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1942, Dentistry — Vocabulary

ISO 6344-1, Coated abrasives — Grain size analysis — Part 1: Grain size distribution test

ISO 10271:2011, Dentistry — Corrosion test methods for metallic materials

ISO 15223-1:2016, Medical devices — Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labelling and information to be supplied — Part 1: General requirements

ISO 22674:2016, Dentistry — Metallic materials for fixed and removable restorations and appliances

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1942, ISO 22674 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

laser welding

method for joining similar or dissimilar metallic materials, using a laser beam as the heat source, with or without a metallic filler material (welding rod), which produces coalescence by melting abutting zones of metallic material components thereby creating a common fusion zone

3.2

filler material

(3.1)