

**Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus
specifications - Part 5-17: Application layer service
definition - Type 17 elements**

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EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 61158-5-17:2008 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61158-5-17:2008 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 28.04.2008 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

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This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61158-5-17:2008 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61158-5-17:2008.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 28.04.2008 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

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Võtmesõnad:

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Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, palun võtke ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega:
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English version

**Industrial communication networks -
Fieldbus specifications -
Part 5-17: Application layer service definition -
Type 17 elements
(IEC 61158-5-17:2007)**

Réseaux de communication industriels -
Spécifications des bus de terrain -
Partie 5-17: Définition des services
des couches d'application -
Éléments de type 17
(CEI 61158-5-17:2007)

Industrielle Kommunikationsnetze -
Feldbusse -
Teil 5-17: Dienstfestlegungen
des Application Layer
(Anwendungsschicht) -
Typ 17-Elemente
(IEC 61158-5-17:2007)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-02-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 65C/475/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61158-5-17, prepared by SC 65C, Industrial networks, of IEC TC 65, Industrial-process measurement, control and automation, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61158-5-17 on 2008-02-01.

This and the other parts of the EN 61158-5 series supersede EN 61158-5:2004.

With respect to EN 61158-5:2004 the following changes were made:

- deletion of Type 6 fieldbus for lack of market relevance;
- addition of new fieldbus types;
- partition into multiple parts numbered 5-2, 5-3, ..., 5-20.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented
at national level by publication of an identical
national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2008-11-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting
with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2011-02-01

NOTE Use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a particular data-link layer protocol type to be used with physical layer and application layer protocols in type combinations as specified explicitly in the EN 61784 series. Use of the various protocol types in other combinations may require permission from their respective intellectual-property-right holders.

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61158-5-17:2007 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61158-6-17	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61158-6-17:2008 (not modified).
IEC 61784-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61784-1:2008 (not modified).
IEC 61784-2	NOTE Harmonized as EN 61784-2:2008 (not modified).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC/TR 61158-1	2007	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 1: Overview and guidance for the IEC 61158 and IEC 61784 series	-	-
ISO/IEC 7498	Series	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic Reference Model	EN ISO/IEC 7498	Series
ISO/IEC 9545	- ¹⁾	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Application Layer structure	-	-
ISO/IEC 10731	- ¹⁾	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic reference model - Conventions for the definition of OSI services	-	-

¹⁾ Undated reference.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope.....	7
1.1 Overview.....	7
1.2 Specifications.....	8
1.3 Conformance.....	8
2 Normative references	8
3 Definitions	8
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	8
3.2 Abbreviations and symbols.....	14
3.3 Conventions	14
4 Concepts.....	18
4.1 General.....	18
4.2 Relationships between ASEs.....	18
4.3 FAL ASEs.....	18
4.4 Common FAL service parameters.....	19
5 ASEs.....	19
5.1 Variable ASE.....	19
5.2 Event ASE.....	23
5.3 Load region ASE	25
5.4 Function invocation ASE	28
5.5 Time ASE.....	30
5.6 Network management ASE	33
5.7 Application relationship ASE	37
6 ARs.....	46
6.1 General.....	46
6.2 Point-to-point user-triggered confirmed client/server AREP (PTC-AR)	46
6.3 Point-to-point user-triggered unconfirmed client/server AREP (PTU-AR)	48
6.4 Point-to-point network-scheduled unconfirmed publisher/subscriber AREP (PSU-AR)	49
6.5 Multipoint user-triggered unconfirmed publisher/subscriber AREP (MTU-AR)	50
6.6 Multipoint network-scheduled unconfirmed publisher/subscriber AREP (MSU-AR).....	51
7 Summary of FAL classes	53
8 Permitted FAL services by AREP role.....	53
Bibliography.....	55
Figure 1 – FAL ASEs	18
Figure 2 – The AR ASE conveys APDUs between APs	37
Table 1 – Read service parameters.....	21
Table 2 – Write service parameters.....	22
Table 3 – Information report service parameters	22

Table 4 – Event notification service parameters	24
Table 5 – Event notification recovery service parameters.....	25
Table 6 – Download service parameters	27
Table 7 – Upload service parameters	27
Table 8 – Start service parameters	29
Table 9 – Stop service parameters.....	29
Table 10 – Resume service parameters	30
Table 11 – Get network time service parameters	31
Table 12 – Set network time service parameters.....	32
Table 13 – Tick notification service parameters.....	32
Table 14 – Get network status service parameters.....	34
Table 15 – Get station status service parameters.....	35
Table 16 – Network status change report service parameters	36
Table 17 – Station status change report service parameters	36
Table 18 – Conveyance of service primitives by AREP role.....	38
Table 19 – Valid combinations of AREP roles involved in an AR	38
Table 20 – AR-Unconfirmed Send	42
Table 21 – AR-confirmed send.....	43
Table 22 – AR-establish service.....	44
Table 23 – AR-abort	45
Table 24 – FAL class summary	53
Table 25 – FAL services by AR type	54

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the “three-layer” fieldbus reference model described in IEC/TR 61158-1.

The application service is provided by the application protocol making use of the services available from the data-link or other immediately lower layer. This standard defines the application service characteristics that fieldbus applications and/or system management may exploit.

Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term “service” refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the application layer service defined in this standard is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 5-17: Application layer service definition – Type 17 elements

1 Scope

1.1 Overview

The fieldbus Application Layer (FAL) provides user programs with a means to access the fieldbus communication environment. In this respect, the FAL can be viewed as a “window between corresponding application programs.”

This standard provides common elements for basic time-critical and non-time-critical messaging communications between application programs in an automation environment and material specific to Type 17 fieldbus. The term “time-critical” is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This standard defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the different Types of the fieldbus Application Layer in terms of

- a) an abstract model for defining application resources (objects) capable of being manipulated by users via the use of the FAL service,
- b) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- c) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- d) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this standard is to define the services provided to

- 1) the FAL user at the boundary between the user and the Application Layer of the Fieldbus Reference Model, and
- 2) Systems Management at the boundary between the Application Layer and Systems Management of the Fieldbus Reference Model.

This standard specifies the structure and services of the IEC fieldbus Application Layer, in conformance with the OSI Basic Reference Model (ISO/IEC 7498) and the OSI Application Layer Structure (ISO/IEC 9545).

FAL services and protocols are provided by FAL application-entities (AE) contained within the application processes. The FAL AE is composed of a set of object-oriented Application Service Elements (ASEs) and a Layer Management Entity (LME) that manages the AE. The ASEs provide communication services that operate on a set of related application process object (APO) classes. One of the FAL ASEs is a management ASE that provides a common set of services for the management of the instances of FAL classes.

Although these services specify, from the perspective of applications, how request and responses are issued and delivered, they do not include a specification of what the requesting and responding applications are to do with them. That is, the behavioral aspects of the applications are not specified; only a definition of what requests and responses they can send/receive is specified. This permits greater flexibility to the FAL users in standardizing such object behavior. In addition to these services, some supporting services are also defined in this standard to provide access to the FAL to control certain aspects of its operation.

1.2 Specifications

The principal objective of this standard is to specify the characteristics of conceptual application layer services suitable for time-critical communications, and thus supplement the OSI Basic Reference Model in guiding the development of application layer protocols for time-critical communications.

A secondary objective is to provide migration paths from previously-existing industrial communications protocols. It is this latter objective which gives rise to the diversity of services standardized as the various types of IEC 61158.

This specification may be used as the basis for formal Application Programming-Interfaces. Nevertheless, it is not a formal programming interface, and any such interface will need to address implementation issues not covered by this specification, including

- a) the sizes and octet ordering of various multi-octet service parameters, and
- b) the correlation of paired request and confirm, or indication and response, primitives.

1.3 Conformance

This standard does not specify individual implementations or products, nor do they constrain the implementations of application layer entities within industrial automation systems.

There is no conformance of equipment to this application layer service definition standard. Instead, conformance is achieved through implementation of conforming application layer protocols that fulfill the Type 17 application layer services as defined in this standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For all other undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC/TR 61158-1 (Ed.2.0), *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 1: Overview and guidance for the IEC 61158 and IEC 61784 series*

ISO/IEC 7498 (all parts), *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model*

ISO/IEC 9545, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Application Layer structure*

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 Terms and definitions

3.1.1 ISO/IEC 7498-1 terms

For the purposes of this document, the following terms as defined in ISO/IEC 7498-1 apply:

- a) application entity
- b) application protocol data unit