INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Specification and approval of welding procedures for metallic materials —

Part 4:

Welding procedure tests for the arc welding of aluminium and its alloys

Descriptif et qualification d'un mode opératoire de soudage pour les matériaux métalliques —

Partie 4: Épreuve de qualification d'un mode opératoire de soudage à l'arc sur l'aluminium et ses alliages



ISO 9956-4:1995(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 9956-4 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, Welding and allied processes, Subcommittee SC 10, Unification of requirements in the field of metal welding.

This part of ISO 9956 is the equivalent of European Standard EN 288-4.

ISO 9956 consists of the following parts, under the general title Specification and approval of welding procedures for metallic materials:

- Part 1: General rules for fusion welding
- Part 2: Welding procedure specification for arc welding
- Part 3: Welding procedure tests for the arc welding of steels
- Part 4: Welding procedure tests for the arc welding of aluminium and its alloys
- Part 5: Approval by using approved welding consumables for arc welding
- Part 6: Approval related to previous experience
- Part 7: Approval by a standard welding procedure for arc welding
- Part 8: Approval by a pre-production welding test
- Part 10: Welding procedure specification for electron beam welding
- Part 11: Welding procedure specification for laser beam welding
- Part 12: Welding procedure test for arc welding of cast steels

Annexes A and B of this part of ISO 9956 are for information only.

Introduction

This part of ISO 9956 does not invalidate previous welding procedure approvals made to former national standards or specifications providing the intent of the technical requirements is satisfied and the previous procedure approvals are relevant to the application and production work on which they are to be employed.

Also, where additional tests have to be carried out to make the approval technically equivalent, it is only necessary to do the additional tests on a test piece which should be made in accordance with this part of ISO 9956.

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Specification and approval of welding procedures for metallic materials —

Part 4:

Welding procedure tests for the arc welding of aluminium and its alloys

1 Scope

This part of ISO 9956 specifies how a welding procedure specification is approved by welding procedure tests.

It defines the conditions for the execution of welding procedure approval tests and the limits of validity of an approved welding procedure for all practical welding operations within the range of variables listed in clause 8.

It is intended that tests be carried out in accordance with this part of ISO 9956 unless more severe tests are specified by the relevant application standard or contract.

This part of ISO 9956 applies to the arc welding of wrought aluminium and its weldable alloys according to ISO 2092 and ISO 2107. In this part of ISO 9956 the term aluminium stands for aluminium and its alloys. The principles of this part of ISO 9956 may be applied to other fusion welding processes subject to agreement between the contracting parties.

NOTE 1 Specific service, material or manufacturing conditions may require more comprehensive testing than is specified by this standard in order to gain more information and to avoid repeating the welding procedure test at a later date just to obtain additional test data.

Such tests may include:

longitudinal weld tensile test;

- weld bend test or special bend test to measure elongation;
- Charpy V-notch impact test;
- 0,2 % proof stress;
- elongation;
- chemical analysis.

Arc welding is covered by the following processes in accordance with ISO 4063:

- 131 metal-arc inert gas welding (MIG welding);
- 141 tungsten inert gas arc welding (TIG welding);
- 15 plasma arc welding;

other fusion welding processes by agreement.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 9956. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 9956 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

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ISO 2092:1981, Light metals and their alloys — Code of designation based on chemical symbols.

ISO 2107:1983, Aluminium, magnesium and their alloys — Temper designations.

ISO 2437:1972, Recommended practice for the X-ray inspection of fusion welded butt joints for aluminium and its alloys and magnesium and its alloys 5 to 50 mm thick.

ISO 3452:1984, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant inspection — General principles.

ISO 4063:1990, Welding, brazing, soldering and braze welding of metals — Nomenclature of processes and reference numbers for symbolic representation on drawings.

ISO 4136:—1), Welding — Welded butt joints in metallic materials — Transverse tensile tests.

ISO 5173:—2), Welding — Welded butt joints in metallic materials — Bend tests.

ISO 6520:1982, Classification of imperfections in metallic fusion welds, with explanations.

ISO 6947:1990, Welds — Working positions — Definitions of angles of slope and rotation.

ISO 9606-2:1994, Approval testing of welders — Fusion welding — Part 2: Aluminium and aluminium alloys.

ISO 9956-1:1995, Specification and approval of welding procedures for metallic materials — Part 1: General rules for fusion welding.

ISO 9956-2:1995, Specification and approval of welding procedures for metallic materials — Part 2: Welding procedure specification for arc welding.

ISO 10042:1992, Arc-welded joints in aluminium and its weldable alloys — Guidance on quality levels for imperfections.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 9956, the definitions given in ISO 9956-1 apply.

4 Preliminary welding procedure specification (pWPS)

The preliminary welding procedure specification shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 9956-2. It shall specify the range for all the relevant parameters.

5 Welding procedure test

The making and testing of test pieces representing the type of welding used in production shall be in accordance with clauses 6 and 7.

The welder who undertakes the welding procedure test satisfactorily in accordance with this part of ISO 9956 is approved for the appropriate range of approval given in the relevant part of ISO 9606.

6 Test piece

6.1 General

The welded assembly to which the welding procedure will relate in production shall be represented by making a standardized test piece or pieces, as specified in 6.2.

6.2 Shape and dimensions of test pieces

The test pieces shall be of a sufficient size to ensure a reasonable heat distribution.

Additional test pieces, or longer test pieces than the minimum size, may be prepared in order to allow for extra and or for re-testing specimens (see 7.5).

If required by the application standard, the direction of working, e.g. extrusion, should be marked on the test piece.

The thickness and/or pipe outside diameter of the test pieces shall be selected in accordance with 8.3.2.1 to 8.3.2.4.

Unless otherwise specified, the shape and minimum dimensions of the test piece shall be as follows.

NOTE 2 In figures 1 to 4, t is the thickness of the thicker component part.

6.2.1 Butt weld in plate

The test piece shall be in accordance with figure 1. The length of the test piece shall be such as to pro-

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 4136:1989)

²⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 5173:1981)