

English Version

**Intelligent transport systems - eSafety - eCall High level
application Protocols (HLAP) using IMS packet switched
networks**

Intelligente Verkehrssysteme - eSicherheit -
Allgemeines eCall Anwendungsprotokoll (HLAP) unter
Verwendung von IMS paketvermittelnden Netzwerken

This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 16 March 2018 for provisional application.

The period of validity of this CEN/TS is limited initially to three years. After two years the members of CEN will be requested to submit their comments, particularly on the question whether the CEN/TS can be converted into a European Standard.

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European foreword

This document (CEN/TS 17184:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 278 “Intelligent transport systems”, the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to announce this Technical Specification: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

An *eCall* is an emergency call generated either automatically via activation of in-vehicle sensors or manually by the vehicle occupants; when activated, to provide notification and relevant location information to the most appropriate Public Safety Answering Points (PSAP), by means of mobile wireless communications networks and carries a defined standardized minimum set of data, notifying that there has been an incident that requires response from the emergency services and establishes an audio channel between the occupants of the vehicle and the most appropriate PSAP.

EN 15722 specifies a standardized MSD for *eCall*, and EN 16072 specifies pan-European *eCall* operating requirements (for third party systems, EN 16102 specifies third party services supporting *eCall* operating requirements; see EC Communication on *eCall* Implementation 2009 [COM(2009) 434 final] and Official Journal *eCall* Recommendation C_2011_6269, for more information) and EN 16062 specifies High Level Application Protocols for *eCall* using GSM/UMTS.

The operating requirements for pan-European *eCall* are made using Public Land Mobile Networks (PLMN) (such as GSM and 3G, and latterly LTE/4G/E-UTRAN), as specified in a number of ETSI standards and technical specifications.

In order to provide the *eCall* service across a wireless network, high level application protocols are required as an important essential element to affect this service provision.

NOTE The term PSAP, which is most widely used in the *eCall* documentation, European Commission documents, etc., is used throughout this document and equates to the term emergency call response centre used in the ITS Implementation Directive.

Subsequent to the publication of the suite of *eCall* standards which support the *eCall* Regulations, EN 16072, EN 16062 and EN 16454, new communications technologies have become available. Over the course of time, these networks (such as LTE/4G and in turn their successors) are expected to complement and eventually replace the circuit switched GSM/UMTS networks. These technologies use so called 'packet switched' technologies using Internet protocols (IP). Particularly, 3GPP have evolved a communication management system called IMS (Internet protocol Multimedia System) which is suitable to operate over a number of bearer technologies, including LTE/ 4G/E-UTRAN.

In circuit switched networks the *eCall* is identified as an emergency call and specifically an *eCall* in the telecircuit switching (TS) process. The long number is not dialled as the TS identifiers inform the MNO that the call is an emergency call/*eCall* and the MNO has procedures to direct these calls to "the most appropriate" PSAP. Having established a voice channel, GSM/UMTS *eCall* then mutes microphones and speakers and uses a modem to transfer the Minimum Set of Data (MSD) to the PSAP before opening up the line to enable conversation between the PSAP operator and the occupants of the vehicle.

In a 'packet switched' network, packets of data (including voice) are sent through an internet protocol (IP) communication system, using SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) which is managed, most popularly using IMS.

This document provides High Level Application Protocols (HLAP) for *eCall* using IMS. It therefore provides the LTE/4G E-UTRAN equivalent of EN 16062 for GSM/UMTS and should be suitable for all/any packet switched networks that support IMS and LTE/ 4G/E-UTRAN wireless access.

This document specifies the protocols to put into effect the pan-European *eCall* operating requirements, and also identifies common elements that can be used in the link between third party services supporting *eCall* and PSAPs.

The European Committee for Standardization (CEN) draws attention to the fact that, while no direct patents are known in express regard to the content of these specifications, the underlying ETSI communications Standards may involve patents and the reader is directed to the referenced ETSI standards in these respects. Similarly, there is a default option to circuit switched *eCall* in the

specifications below which may involve the use of patents specified in EN 16062, and the reader is directed to EN 16062 in respect of these aspects.

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1 Scope

In respect of 112-eCall (pan-European *eCall*) (operating requirements defined in EN 16072), this document defines the high level application protocols, procedures and processes required to provide the *eCall service* via a packet switched wireless communications network using IMS (Internet protocol Multimedia System) and LTE/ 4G/E-UTRAN wireless access.

NOTE 1 The objective of implementing the pan-European in-vehicle emergency call system (*eCall*) is to automate the notification of a traffic accident, wherever in Europe, with the same technical standards and the same quality of services objectives by using a PLMN (such as ETSI prime medium) which supports the European harmonized 112/E112 emergency number (TS12 ETSI TS 122 003 or IMS packet switched network) and to provide a means of manually triggering the notification of an emergency incident.

NOTE 2 HLAP requirements for third party services supporting *eCall* can be found in EN 16102, and have been developed in conjunction with the development of this work item, and are consistent in respect of the interface to the PSAP. This document makes reference to those provisions but does not duplicate them.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 15722:2015, *Intelligent transport systems – ESafety - eCall minimum set of data*

EN 16062, *Intelligent transport systems – ESafety - eCall high level application requirements (HLAP) using GSM/UMTS circuit switched networks*

EN 16072:2015, *Intelligent transport systems – ESafety - Pan-European eCall operating requirements*

EN 16102, *Intelligent transport systems – eCall - Operating requirements for third party support*

EN 16454, *Intelligent transport systems – ESafety - eCall end to end conformance testing*

CEN/TS 17240¹, *Intelligent transport systems – ESafety - eCall end to end conformance testing for IMS packet switched based systems*

ETSI TS 122 003, *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Circuit Teleservices supported by a Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) (3GPP TS 22.003)* [version 8.0.0, Release 8, and Release 14]

ETSI TS 122 011, *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Service accessibility (3GPP TS 22.011)* [Release 14 or later]

ETSI TS 122 071, *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Location Services (LCS); Service description; Stage 1 (3GPP TS 22.071)* [Release 14 or later]

ETSI TS 122 101, *Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Service aspects; Service principles (3GPP TS 22.101)* [Release 14 or later]

¹ Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: FprCEN/TS 17240.

ETSI TS 123 122 V14.4.0 (2017-10), *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) functions related to Mobile Station (MS) in idle mode (3GPP TS 23.122 version 14.4.0 Release 14)*

ETSI TS 123 167 V14.5.0 (2017-10), *Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) emergency sessions (3GPP TS 23.167 version 14.5.0 Release 14)*

ETSI TS 123 216, *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Single Radio Voice Call Continuity (SRVCC); Stage 2 (3GPP TS 23.216) [Release 14]*

ETSI TS 123 401 V14.7.0 (2018-04), *LTE; General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access (3GPP TS 23.401 version 14.7.0 Release 14)*

ETSI TS 124 229 Rel-14 (2018-04), *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3 (3GPP TS 24.229 version 14.7.0 Release 14)*

ETSI TS 124 301, *Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 3 (3GPP TS 24.301) [Release 14]*

ETSI TS 131 102, *Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Characteristics of the Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) application (3GPP TS 31.102) [Release 14]*

ETSI TS 133 203, *Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; 3G security; Access security for IP-based services (3GPP TS 33.203) [Version 8.8.0, Release 8, and Release 14]*

ETSI TS 136 331, *LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification (3GPP TS 36.331) [Release 14]*

IETF RFC 8147, *Next-Generation Pan-European eCall*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

112

single European emergency call number supporting Teleservice 12

Note 1 to entry: See ETSI TS 122 003.