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# Wind turbines -- Part 25-2: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants -Information models

Wind turbines -- Part 25-2: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants - Information models



# EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

# NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 61400- 25-2:2007 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61400-25-2:2007 ingliskeelset teksti. Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 27.04.2007 ja selle kohta on avaldatud	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61400- 25-2:2007 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61400-25- 2:2007. This document is endorsed on 27.04.2007 with the notification being published in the
teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.	official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.
Käsitlusala: The focus of the IEC 61400-25 series is on the communications between wind power plant components such as wind turbines and actors such as SCADA systems. Internal communication within wind power plant components is outside the scope of the IEC 61400-25 series.	Scope: The focus of the IEC 61400-25 series is on the communications between wind power plant components such as wind turbines and actors such as SCADA systems. Internal communication within wind power plant components is outside the scope of the IEC 61400-25 series.
<b>ICS</b> 27.180	C C C C
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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# EN 61400-25-2

February 2007

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English version

# Wind turbines -Part 25-2: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants -Information models (IEC 61400-25-2:2006)

Eoliennes -Partie 25-2: Communications pour la surveillance et la commande des centrales éoliennes -Modèles d'information (CEI 61400-25-2:2006) Windenergieanlagen -Teil 25-2: Kommunikation für die Überwachung und Steuerung von Windenergieanlagen -Informationsmodelle (IEC 61400-25-2:2006)

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# Foreword

The text of document 88/275/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61400-25-2, prepared by IEC TC 88, Wind turbines, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61400-25-2 on 2007-02-01.

The following dates were fixed:

_	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2007-11-01
-	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2010-02-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

# **Endorsement notice**

μα 100-25-2. The text of the International Standard IEC 61400-25-2:2006 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

# EN 61400-25-2:2007

# Annex ZA

# (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	Title	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC 61400-25	Series	Wind turbines - Part 25: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants	EN 61400-25	Series
IEC 61850-5	_1)	Communication networks and systems in substations - Part 5: Communication requirements for functions and device models	EN 61850-5	2003 <sup>2)</sup>
IEC 61850-7-1	2003	Communication networks and systems in substations - Part 7-1: Basic communication structure for substation and feeder equipment - Principles and models	EN 61850-7-1	2003
IEC 61850-7-2	2003	Communication networks and systems in substations - Part 7-2: Basic communication structure for substation and feeder equipment - Abstract communication service interface (ACSI)	EN 61850-7-2	2003
IEC 61850-7-3	_1)	Communication networks and systems in substations - Part 7-3: Basic communication structure for substation and feeder equipment - Common data classes	EN 61850-7-3	2003 <sup>2)</sup>
IEC 61850-7-4	_1)	Communication networks and systems in substations - Part 7-4: Basic communication structure for substation and feeder equipment - Compatible logical node classes and data classes	EN 61850-7-4	2003 <sup>2)</sup>
ISO 639	Series	Codes for the representation of names of languages	· 2	-
ISO 1000	_1)	SI units and recommendations for the use of their multiples and of certain other units	-	
ISO 3166	Series	Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions	EN ISO 3166	Series

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Undated reference.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Valid edition at date of issue.

Publication RFC 2445	<u>Year</u> - <sup>1)</sup>	<u>Title</u> Internet Calendaring and Scheduling Core Object Specification (iCalendar)	<u>EN/HD</u> -	<u>Year</u> -
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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 2006-12

Wind turbines -

Part 25-2: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants – Information models



Reference number IEC 61400-25-2:2006(E)

## **Publication numbering**

As from 1 January 1997 all IEC publications are issued with a designation in the 60000 series. For example, IEC 34-1 is now referred to as IEC 60034-1.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# IEC 61400-25-2

First edition 2006-12

# Wind turbines -

Part 25-2: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants – Information models

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# CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	7
	. /
1 Scope	.8
2 Normative references	9
3 Terms and definitions1	0
4 Abbreviated terms1	0
5 General1	3
5.1 Overview of logical node classes1	3
5.2 Use of logical node classes1	5
5.3 Extensions of the information model	5
6 Wind power plant logical node classes1	6
6.1 System specific logical nodes1	6
6.2 Wind power plant specific logical nodes1	8
7 Common data classes	)4 15
7 1 Basic concents for common data classes (CDC)	15
7.1 Dasic concepts for common data classes (CDC)4 7.2 Common data class attributes	18
7.3 Wind power plant specific common data classes (CDC)	53
7.4 Common data classes inherited from IEC 61850-7-3	51
7.5 Common data class attribute semantics	63
Annex A (normative) Information model for statistical data and historical statistical	
data	58
Annex B (normative) Value range for units and multiplier	3
Annex C (informative) Wind Power Plant Controller	6
Annex D (informative) List of mandatory logical nodes and data	32
Figure 1 – Conceptual communication model of the IEC 61400-25 series	9
Figure 2 – Relationship of logical nodes $1$	13
Figure 3 – Lise of instances of logical nodes $1$	15
Figure $A = Concentual model of statistical and historical statistical data (1)$	30
Figure A $2 - Conceptual model of statistical and historical statistical data (2)$	70
Figure C.1. Conceptual structure of the wind nower plant control functions	0 76
Figure C.1 – Conceptual structure of the active power plant control functions	77
Figure C.2 – Schematic illustration of the active power initiation control function	70
Figure C.3 – Schematic illustration of the dalta newsr control function	0 70
Figure C.4 – Schematic illustration of the delta power control function	Ø
and active power limitation control	'9
Figure C.6 – Schematic illustration of the apparent power control function7	'9
Figure C.7 – Schematic illustration of the reactive power control function8	30
Figure C.8 – Schematic illustration of the power factor control function	31
Figure C.9 – Schematic illustration of the voltage control function using reactive power control	31

Table 1 – System specific logical nodes	13
Table 2 – Wind power plant specific logical nodes	14
Table 3 – Wind turbine specific logical nodes	14
Table 4 – Wind power plant common logical node class	16
Table 5 – Logical node zero class	17
Table 6 – Physical device information class	17
Table 7 – LN: Wind turbine general information (WTUR)	18
Table 8 – LN: Wind turbine rotor information (WROT)	19
Table 9 – LN: Wind turbine transmission information (WTRM)	20
Table 10 – LN: Wind turbine generator information (WGEN)	21
Table 11 – LN: Wind turbine converter information (WCNV)	22
Table 12 – LN: Wind turbine transformer information (WTRF)	23
Table 13 – LN: Wind turbine nacelle information (WNAC)	24
Table 14 – LN: Wind turbine yawing information (WYAW)	25
Table 15 – LN: Wind turbine tower information (WTOW)	25
Table 16 – LN: Wind power plant meteorological information (WMET)	26
Table 17 – LN: Wind power plant alarm information (WALM)	27
Table 18 – LN: Wind turbine state log information (WSLG)	27
Table 19 – LN: Wind turbine analogue log information (WALG)	29
Table 20 – LN: Wind turbine report information (WREP)	32
Table 21 – LN: Wind power plant active power control information (WAPC)	33
Table 22 – LN: Wind power plant reactive power control information (WRPC)	34
Table 23 – Data name semantic	35
Table 24 – General table structure of a common data class (CDC)	46
Table 25 – Common data class attributes	47
Table 26 – Conditions for the presence of an attribute	47
Table 27 – CDC: Attribute basic types	48
Table 28 – Analogue value	48
Table 29 – TimeStamp type	49
Table 30 – TimeQuality definition	50
Table 31 – TimeAccuracy	50
Table 32 – Quality	51
Table 33 – Unit	51
Table 36 – Wind power plant specific common data classes	53
Table 37 – CDC: Setpoint value (SPV)	54
Table 38 – CDC: Status Value (STV)	55
Table 39 – CDC: Alarm (ALM).	56
Table 40 – CDC: Command (CMD)	57
Table 41 – CDC: Event counting (CTE)	58
Table 42 – CDC: State timing (TMS)	60
Table 43 – CDC: Alarm Set Status (ASS)	61
Table 44 – Specialized common data classes	62

Table 45 – Device name plate common data class specification WDPL	62
Table 46 – Common data class attribute semantic	63
Table A.1 – Description of Data	71
Table A.2 – Object reference setting group common data class specification	72
Table B 1 – SI units: base units	73
Table B.2 – SI units: derived units	73
Table B.3 – SI units: extended units	74
Table B.4 – SI units: industry specific units	74
Table B.5 – Multiplier	75
Table D.1 – Mandatory system specific logical nodes	82
Table D.2 – Mandatory wind power plant specific logical nodes	82
Table D.3 – Mandatory wind turbine specific logical nodes	82
Table D.4 – Mandatory wind power plant specific common data classes (CDC)	82
Table D.5 – Mandatory common data classes inherited from IEC 61850-7-3	83
Table D.6 – Mandatory common data classes inherited from IEC 61850-7-3 and	
specialised	83
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# INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## WIND TURBINES -

# Part 25-2: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants – Information models

# FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61400-25-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 88: Wind turbines.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
88/275/FDIS	88/281/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61400 series, under the general title *Wind turbines* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- 6 -

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

of this the there is a second se A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

## INTRODUCTION

The IEC 61400-25 series defines communication for monitoring and control of wind power plants. The modeling approach of the IEC 61400-25 series has been selected to provide abstract definitions of classes and services such that the specifications are independent of specific protocol stacks, implementations, and operating systems. The mapping of these abstract classes and services to a specific communication profile is not within the scope of this part of the IEC 61400-25 series but within the scope of future IEC 61400-25-4<sup>1</sup>.

To reach interoperability, all data in the information model need a strong definition with regard to syntax and semantics. The semantics of the data is mainly provided by names assigned to logical nodes and data they contain, as defined in this part of the IEC 61400-25 series. Interoperability is easiest if as much as possible of the data are defined as mandatory.

It should be noted that data with full semantics is only one of the elements required to achieve interoperability. Since data and services are hosted by devices (IED), a proper device model is needed along with compatible domain specific services (see IEC 61400-25-3).

This part is used to specify the abstract definitions of a logical device class, logical node classes, data classes, and abstract common data classes. These abstract definitions are mapped into concrete object definitions that are to be used for a particular protocol.

The compatible logical node name and data name definitions found in this part and the associated semantics are fixed.

NOTE Performance of the IEC 61400-25 series implementations are application specific. The IEC 61400-25 series does not guarantee a certain level of performance. This is beyond the scope of the IEC 61400-25 series. However, there is no underlying limitation in the communications technology to prevent high speed application (millisecond level responses).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To be published.

# WIND TURBINES -

# Part 25-2: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants – Information models

# 1 Scope

The focus of the IEC 61400-25 series is on the communications between wind power plant components such as wind turbines and actors such as SCADA systems. Internal communication within wind power plant components is outside the scope of the IEC 61400-25 series.

The IEC 61400-25 series is designed for a communication environment supported by a clientserver model. Three areas are defined, that are modelled separately to ensure the scalability of implementations:

- 1) wind power plant information models,
- 2) information exchange model, and
- 3) mapping of these two models to a standard communication profile.

The wind power plant information model and the information exchange model, viewed together, constitute an interface between client and server. In this conjunction, the wind power plant information model serves as an interpretation frame for accessible wind power plant data. The wind power plant information model is used by the server to offer the client a uniform, component-oriented view of the wind power plant data. The information exchange model reflects the whole active functionality of the server. The IEC 61400-25 series enables connectivity between a heterogeneous combination of client and servers from different manufacturers and suppliers.

As depicted in Figure 1, the IEC 61400-25 series defines a server with the following aspects:

- information provided by a wind power plant component, for example "wind turbine rotor speed" or "total power production of a certain time interval", is modelled and made available for access.
- services to exchange values of the modelled information defined in IEC 61400-25-3.
- mapping to a communication profile, providing a protocol stack, to carry the exchanged values from the modelled information (IEC 61400-25-4).

The IEC 61400-25 series only defines how to model the information, information exchange and mapping to specific communication protocols. The standard excludes a definition of how and where to implement the communication interface, the application program interface and implementation recommendations. However, the objective of the standard is that the information associated with a single wind power plant component (such as a wind turbine) is accessible through a corresponding logical device.

IEC 61400-25-2 specifies the information model of devices and functions related to wind power plant applications. In particular, it specifies the compatible logical node names, and data names for communication between wind power plant components. This includes the relationship between logical devices, logical nodes and data. The names defined in the IEC 61400-25 series are used to build the hierarchical object references applied for communicating with components in wind power plants.

This part of IEC 61400-25 specifies common attribute types and common data classes related to wind turbine applications. In particular it specifies common data classes for:

- setpoint value,
- status value,
- alarm,
- command,
- event counting,
- state timing,
- alarm set status.



IEC 2172/06

# Figure 1 – Conceptual communication model of the IEC 61400-25 series

Devices implementing the information model of this part shall choose one or more logical nodes as required by the application.

NOTE 1 The IEC 61400-25 series focuses on the common, non-vendor-specific information. Those information items that tend to vary greatly between vendor-specific implementations can for example be specified in bilateral agreements or by user groups.

NOTE 2 This part does not provide tutorial material.

# 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61400-25 (all parts), Wind turbines - Part 25: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants

IEC 61850-5, Communication networks and systems in substations – Part 5: Communication requirements for functions and device models

IEC 61850-7-1:2003, Communication networks and systems in substations – Part 7-1: Basic communication structure for substations and feeder equipment – Principles and models

IEC 61850-7-2:2003, Communication networks and systems in substations – Part 7-2: Basic communication structure for substations and feeder equipment – Abstract communication service interface (ACSI)

IEC 61850-7-3, Communication networks and systems in substations – Part 7-3: Basic communication structure for substations and feeder equipment – Common data classes

IEC 61850-7-4, Communication networks and systems in substations – Part 7-4: Basic communication structure for substations and feeder equipment – Compatible logical node classes and data classes

ISO 639 (all parts), Codes for the representation of names of languages

ISO 1000, SI units and recommendations for the use of their multiples and of certain other units

ISO 3166 (all parts), Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions

RFC 2445, Internet Calendaring and Scheduling Core Object Specification (iCalendar)

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 61400-25-1 as well as the following apply.

## 3.1

#### conditional

attribute of a common data class provided by an implementation of the IEC 61400-25 series if a certain condition corresponding with the attribute is true

## 3.2

# mandatory

defined content shall be provided in compliance with the IEC 61400-25 series

## 3.3

optional

defined content can be optionally provided in compliance with the IEC 61400-25 series

## 4 Abbreviated terms

CDC	Common Data Class
DC	Data Class
IED	Intelligent Electronic Device
LCB	Log Control Block
LD	Logical Device
LN	Logical Node
LPHD	Logical node Physical Device Information
RCB	Report Control Block
SBO	Select Before Operate
WPP	Wind Power Plant
WT	Wind Turbine
XML	Extensible Markup Language

Abbreviated terms used to build names of data classes found in LNs shall be as listed below.

EXAMPLE RotPos is constructed by using two names "Rot" which stands for Rotor and "Pos" which stands for "Position". Thus the concatenated name represents a "Rotor Position".