

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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11091

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Construction drawings — Landscape drawing practice

Dessins de construction — Pratique en matière de dessins de paysages



Reference number
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 11091 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 10, *Technical drawings, product definition and related documentation*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Construction documentation*.

Annexes A and B of this International Standard are for information only.

Construction drawings — Landscape drawing practice

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes general rules and specifies graphical symbols and simplified representations for landscape drawing practice.

The graphical symbols and simplified representation are jointly referred to as conventions. The conventions given in International Standards which are applicable to landscape drawings are presented in annex A.

2 General rules

The extent of information shown on landscape drawings will depend on the degree of accuracy required by the type of work.

Production drawings shall be adequately dimensioned to allow for accurate setting out.

In certain circumstances it is desirable to make final adjustments on site (e.g. tree positions). In such cases drawings shall be suitably annotated.

Existing and proposed levels shall be shown, either as spot levels or as contours or both where appropriate. The vertical interval of contours and the spacing of grid levels depend on the character of the site and the nature of the project.

Similar areas shown on different drawings should be appropriately cross-referenced.

3 Conventions

If necessary, the convention (graphical symbol or simplified representation) can be completed by

- text;
- designations or abbreviations explained on the drawing or associated documents;
- complementary additions to conventions in order to communicate further information.

Nonstandardized conventions shall be explained on the drawing.