Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems - Part 3: Software requirements

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EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 61508-3:2003 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61508-3:2001 ingliskeelset teksti.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 15.01.2003 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61508-3:2003 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61508-3:2001.

This document is endorsed on 15.01.2003 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala:

Applies to any software forming part of a safety-related system or used to develop a safety-related system within the scope of IEC 61508-1 and IEC 61508-2. Provides requirements: - for safety lifecycle phases and actvities; - for informatin relating to the software safety validation; - for the preparation of information and procedures concerning software; - to be met by the organisation carrying out modifications to safety-related software; - for supporting tools. Has the status of a basic safety publication in accordance with IEC Guide 104.

Scope:

Applies to any software forming part of a safety-related system or used to develop a safety-related system within the scope of IEC 61508-1 and IEC 61508-2. Provides requirements: - for safety lifecycle phases and actvities; - for informatin relating to the software safety validation; - for the preparation of information and procedures concerning software; - to be met by the organisation carrying out modifications to safety-related software; - for supporting tools. Has the status of a basic safety publication in accordance with IEC Guide 104

ICS 25.040.40

Võtmesõnad: computer programs, computers, pr, programming, reliability, safety, safety devices, safety engineering, safety measures, safety requirements, safety studies, safety systems, sample surveys, specification (approval), specifications, surveillance (approval), testing

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 61508-3

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2001

ICS 25.040.40

English version

Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems Part 3: Software requirements

(IEC 61508-3:1998 + corrigendum 1999)

Sécurité fonctionnelle des systèmes électriques/électroniques/electroniques programmables relatifs à la sécurité Partie 3: Prescriptions concernant les logiciels (CEI 61508-3:1998 + corrigendum 1999) Funktionale Sicherheit sicherheitsbezogener elektrischer/ elektronischer/programmierbarer elektronischer Systeme Teil 3: Anforderungen an Software (IEC 61508-3:1998 + Corrigendum 1999)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2001-07-03. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of the International Standard IEC 61508-3:1998 including its corrigendum April 1999, prepared by SC 65A, System aspects, of IEC TC 65, Industrial-process measurement and control, was submitted to the Unique Acceptance Procedure and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61508-3 on 2001-07-03 without any modification.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2002-08-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2004-08-01

Annexes designated "normative" are part of the body of the standard. Annexes designated "informative" are given for information only. In this standard, annexes A, B and ZA are normative and annex C is informative. Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

IEC 61508 is a basic safety publication covering the functional safety of electrical, electronic and programmable electronic safety-related systems. The scope states:

"This International Standard covers those aspects to be considered when electrical/electronic/ programmable electronic systems (E/E/PESs) are used to carry out safety functions. A major objective of this standard is to facilitate the development of application sector international standards by the technical committees responsible for the application sector. This will allow all the relevant factors associated with the application, to be fully taken into account and thereby meet the specific needs of the application sector. A dual objective of this standard is to enable the development of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic (E/E/PE) safety-related systems where application sector international standards may not exist".

The CENELEC Report R0BT-004, ratified by 103 BT (March 2000) accepts that some IEC standards, which today are either published or under development, are sector implementations of IEC 61508. For example:

- IEC 61511, Functional safety Safety instrumented systems for the process industry sector;
- IEC 62061, Safety of machinery Functional safety of electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems;
- IEC 61513, Nuclear power plants Instrumentation and control for systems important to safety General requirements for systems.

The railways sector has also developed a set of European Standards (EN 50126; EN 50128 and prEN 50129).

NOTE EN 50126 and EN 50128 were based on earlier drafts of IEC 61508. prEN 50129 is based on the principles of the latest version of IEC 61508.

This list does not preclude other sector implementations of IEC 61508 which could be currently under development or published within IEC or CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61508-3:1998 including its corrigendum April 1999 was

Internative of Documents of Doc approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	Year	Title	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61508-1 + corr. May	1998 1999	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems Part 1: General requirements	EN 61508-1	2001
IEC 61508-2	2000	Part 2: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems	EN 61508-2	2001
IEC 61508-4 + corr. April	1998 1999	Part 4: Definitions and abbreviations	EN 61508-4	2001
IEC 61508-5 + corr. April	1998 1999	Part 5: Examples of methods for the determination of safety integrity levels	EN 61508-5	2001
IEC 61508-6	2000	Part 6: Guidelines on the application of IEC 61508-2 and IEC 61508-3	EN 61508-6	2001
IEC 61508-7	2000	Part 7: Overview of techniques and measures	EN 61508-7	2001
ISO/IEC Guide 51	1990	Guidelines for the inclusion of safety aspects in standards	O _x	-
IEC Guide 104	1997	The preparation of safety publications and the use of basic safety publications and group safety publications		-
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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 61508-3

First edition 1998-12

BASIC SAFETY PUBLICATION

Functional safety of electrical/electronic/ programmable electronic safety-related systems –

Part 3: Software requirements

This **English-language** version is derived from the original **bilingual** publication by leaving out all French-language pages. Missing page numbers correspond to the French-language pages.



Publication numbering

As from 1 January 1997 all IEC publications are issued with a designation in the 60000 series. For example, IEC 34-1 is now referred to as IEC 60034-1.

Consolidated editions

The IEC is now publishing consolidated versions of its publications. For example, edition numbers 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 refer, respectively, to the base publication, the base publication incorporating amendment 1 and the base publication incorporating amendments 1 and 2.

Further information on IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC, thus ensuring that the content reflects current technology. Information relating to this publication, including its validity, is available in the IEC Catalogue of publications (see below) in addition to new editions, amendments and corrigenda. Information on the subjects under consideration and work in progress undertaken by the technical committee which has prepared this publication, as well as the list of publications issued, is also available from the following:

IEC Web Site (<u>www.iec.ch</u>)

· Catalogue of IEC publications

The on-line catalogue on the IEC web site (www.iec.ch/searchpub) enables you to search by a variety of criteria including text searches, technical committees and date of publication. On-line information is also available on recently issued publications, withdrawn and replaced publications, as well as corrigenda.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 61508-3

> First edition 1998-12

BASIC SAFETY PUBLICATION

Functional safety of electrical/electronic/ programmable electronic safety-related systems –

Part 3: Software requirements

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For price, see current catalogue

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FUNCTIONAL SAFETY OF ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONIC/PROGRAMMABLE ELECTRONIC SAFETY-RELATED SYSTEMS –

Part 3: Software requirements

FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
- 3) The documents produced have the form of recommendations for international use and are published in the form of standards, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) The IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with one of its standards.
- 6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. The IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61508-3 has been prepared by subcommittee 65A: System aspects, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement and control.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting		
65A/269/FDIS	65A/277/RVD		

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the voting report indicated in the above table.

Annexes A and B form an integral part of this standard. Annex C is for information only.

IEC 61508 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems*:

- Part 1: General requirements
- Part 2: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems
- Part 3: Software requirements
- Part 4: Definitions and abbreviations
- Part 5: Examples of methods for the determination of safety integrity levels
- Part 6: Guidelines on the application of IEC 61508-2 and IEC 61508-3
- Part 7: Overview of techniques and measures

The contents of the corrigendum of April 1999 have been included in this copy.

INTRODUCTION

Systems comprised of electrical and/or electronic components have been used for many years to perform safety functions in most application sectors. Computer-based systems (generically referred to as programmable electronic systems (PESs)) are being used in all application sectors to perform non-safety functions and, increasingly, to perform safety functions. If computer system technology is to be effectively and safely exploited, it is essential that those responsible for making decisions have sufficient guidance on the safety aspects on which to make those decisions.

This International Standard sets out a generic approach for all safety lifecycle activities for systems comprised of electrical and/or electronic and/or programmable electronic components (electrical/electronic/ programmable electronic systems (E/E/PESs)) that are used to perform safety functions. This unified approach has been adopted in order that a rational and consistent technical policy be developed for all electrically-based safety-related systems. A major objective is to facilitate the development of application sector standards.

In most situations, safety is achieved by a number of protective systems which rely on many technologies (for example mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, electrical, electronic, programmable electronic). Any safety strategy must therefore consider not only all the elements within an individual system (for example sensors, controlling devices and actuators), but also all the safety-related systems making up the total combination of safety-related systems. Therefore, while this International Standard is concerned with electrical/electronic/programmable electronic (E/E/PE) safety-related systems, it may also provide a framework within which safety-related systems based on other technologies may be considered.

It is recognized that there is a great variety of E/E/PES applications in a variety of application sectors and covering a wide range of complexity, hazard and risk potentials. In any particular application, the required safety measures will be dependent on many factors specific to the application. This International Standard, by being generic, will enable such measures to be formulated in future application sector international standards.

This International Standard

- considers all relevant overall, E/E/PES and software safety lifecycle phases (for example, from initial concept, through design, implementation, operation and maintenance to decommissioning) when E/E/PESs are used to perform safety functions;
- has been conceived with a rapidly developing technology in mind; the framework is sufficiently robust and comprehensive to cater for future developments;
- enables application sector international standards, dealing with safety-related E/E/PESs, to be developed; the development of application sector international standards, within the framework of this International Standard, should lead to a high level of consistency (for example, of underlying principles, terminology etc.) both within application sectors and across application sectors; this will have both safety and economic benefits;
- provides a method for the development of the safety requirements specification necessary to achieve the required functional safety for E/E/PE safety-related systems;
- uses safety integrity levels for specifying the target level of safety integrity for the safety functions to be implemented by the E/E/PE safety-related systems;

- adopts a risk-based approach for the determination of the safety integrity level requirements;
- sets numerical target failure measures for E/E/PE safety-related systems which are linked to the safety integrity levels;
- sets a lower limit on the target failure measures, in a dangerous mode of failure, that can be claimed for a single E/E/PE safety-related system; for E/E/PE safety-related systems operating in
 - a low demand mode of operation, the lower limit is set at an average probability of failure of 10^{-5} to perform its design function on demand,
 - a high demand or continuous mode of operation, the lower limit is set at a probability of a dangerous failure of 10⁻⁹ per hour;

NOTE – A single E/E/PE safety-related system does not necessarily mean a single-channel architecture.

adopts a broad range of principles, techniques and measures to achieve functional safety for E/E/PE safety-related systems, but does not use the concept of fail safe, which may be of value when the failure modes are well defined and the level of complexity is relatively low. The concept of fail safe was considered inappropriate because of the full range of complexity of E/E/PE safety-related systems that are within the scope of the standard. TO DIETICA SENERALE A SELECTION SE

FUNCTIONAL SAFETY OF ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONIC/PROGRAMMABLE ELECTRONIC SAFETY-RELATED SYSTEMS –

Part 3: Software requirements

1 Scope

1.1 This part of IEC 61508

- a) is intended to be utilised only after a thorough understanding of IEC 61508-1 and IEC 61508-2;
- b) applies to any software forming part of a safety-related system or used to develop a safety-related system within the scope of IEC 61508-1 and IEC 61508-2. Such software is termed safety-related software.
 - Safety-related software includes operating systems, system software, software in communication networks, human-computer interface functions, support tools and firmware as well as application programs.
 - Application programs include high level programs, low level programs and special purpose programs in limited variability languages (see 3.2.7 of IEC 61508-4).
- c) requires that the software safety functions and software safety integrity levels are specified.
 - NOTE 1 If this has already been done as part of the specification of the E/E/PE safety-related systems (see 7.2 of IEC 61508-2), then it does not have to be repeated in this part.
 - NOTE 2 Specifying the software safety functions and software safety integrity levels is an iterative procedure; see figures 2 and 6.
 - NOTE 3 See clause 5 and annex A of IEC 61508-1 for documentation structure. The documentation structure may take account of company procedures, and of the working practices of specific application sectors.
- d) establishes requirements for safety lifecycle phases and activities which shall be applied during the design and development of the safety-related software (the software safety lifecycle model). These requirements include the application of measures and techniques, which are graded against the safety integrity level, for the avoidance of and control of faults and failures in the software.
- e) provides requirements for information relating to the software safety validation to be passed to the organisation carrying out the E/E/PES integration.
- f) provides requirements for the preparation of information and procedures concerning software needed by the user for the operation and maintenance of the E/E/PE safety-related system.
- g) provides requirements to be met by the organisation carrying out modifications to safetyrelated software.
- h) provides, in conjunction with IEC 61508-1 and IEC 61508-2, requirements for support tools such as development and design tools, language translators, testing and debugging tools, configuration management tools.
 - NOTE 4 Figures 4 and 6 show the relationship between IEC 61508-2 and IEC 61508-3.

1.2 Parts 1, 2, 3 and 4 of this standard are basic safety publications, although this status does not apply in the context of low complexity E/E/PE safety-related systems (see 3.4.4 of part 4). As basic safety publications, they are intended for use by technical committees in the preparation of standards in accordance with the principles contained in *IEC Guide 104* and *ISO/IEC Guide 51*. Parts 1, 2, 3, and 4 are also intended for use as stand-alone publications.

One of the responsibilities of a technical committee is, wherever applicable, to make use of basic safety publications in the preparation of its publications. In this context, the requirements, test methods or test conditions of this basic safety publication will not apply unless specifically referred to or included in the publications prepared by those technical committees.

NOTE – In the USA and Canada, until the proposed process sector implementation of IEC 61508 (i.e. IEC 61511) is published as an international standard in the USA and Canada, existing national process safety standards based on IEC 61508 (i.e. ANSI/ISA S84.01-1996) can be applied to the process sector instead of IEC 61508.

1.3 Figure 1 shows the overall framework of parts 1 to 7 IEC 61508, and indicates the role that IEC 61508-3 plays in the achievement of functional safety for E/E/PE safety-related systems. Annex A of IEC 61508-6 describes the application of IEC 61508-2 and IEC 61508-3. C. IS BORELIEN SERVEN S

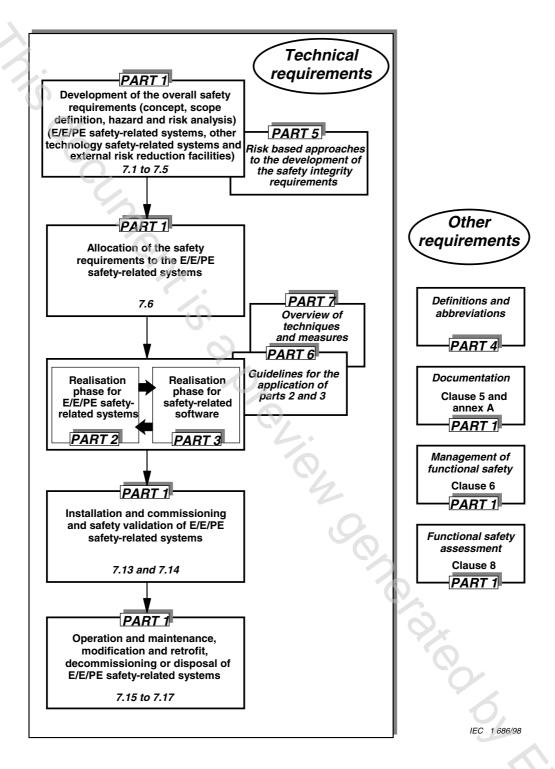


Figure 1 - Overall framework of this standard

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of IEC 61508. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All normative documents are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of IEC 61508 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

IEC 61508-1:1998, Functional safety of electrical/electronical/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61508-2, — Functional safety of electrical/electronical/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 2: Requirements for electrical/electronical/programmable electronic safety-related systems 1)

IEC 61508-4:1998, Functional safety of electrical/electronical/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 4: Definitions and abbreviations of terms

IEC 61508-5:1998, Functional safety of electrical/electronical/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 5: Examples of methods for the determination of safety integrity levels

IEC 61508-6: —, Functional safety of electrical/electronical/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 6: Guidelines on the application of parts 2 and 3 1)

IEC 61508-7: —, Functional safety of electrical/electronical/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 7: Overview of techniques and measures 1)

ISO/IEC Guide 51:1990, Guidelines for the inclusion of safety aspects in standards

IEC Guide 104:1997, Guide to the drafting of safety standards, and the role of Committees with safety pilot functions and safety group functions

3 Definitions and abbreviations

For the purposes of this standard, the definitions and abbreviations given in IEC 61508-4 apply.

4 Conformance to this standard

The requirements for conformance to this standard are given in clause 4 of IEC 61508-1.

5 Documentation

The objectives and requirements for documentation are given in clause 5 of IEC 61508-1.

¹⁾ To be published.