

CONSOLIDATED VERSION

VERSION CONSOLIDÉE



In-cable control and protection device for mode 2 charging of electric road vehicles (IC-CPD)

Appareil de contrôle et de protection intégré au câble pour la charge en mode 2 des véhicules électriques (IC-CPD)





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IEC Central Office
3, rue de Varembé
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	10
INTRODUCTION.....	12
1 Scope.....	13
2 Normative references.....	14
3 Terms and definitions	16
3.1 Terms and definitions relating to plugs and socket-outlets.....	17
3.2 Terms and definitions relating to terminals.....	18
3.3 Terms and definitions relating to residual current functions	19
3.3.1 Terms and definitions relating to currents flowing from live parts to earth.....	19
3.3.2 Terms and definitions relating to the energization of the residual current function	20
3.3.3 Terms and definitions relating to the operation and to the functions of the IC-CPD	20
3.3.4 Terms and definitions relating to values and ranges of energizing quantities.....	22
3.3.5 Terms and definitions relating to values and ranges of influencing quantities.....	24
3.3.6 Conditions of operation	24
3.3.7 Terms and definitions relating to control functions between electric vehicle and IC-CPD.....	25
3.4 Terms and definitions relating to tests	25
3.5 Terms and definitions relating to construction	26
4 Classification.....	26
4.1 According to the supply	26
4.1.1 General	26
4.1.2 IC-CPD supplied from one phase and neutral (LNSE or LNE).....	26
4.1.3 IC-CPD supplied from two phases (LLSE or LLE).....	26
4.1.4 IC-CPD supplied from three phases and neutral (LLLNSE or LLLNE)	26
4.2 According to the construction	26
4.2.1 General	26
4.2.2 IC-CPD including the function box separated from the plug and connector.....	26
4.2.3 IC-CPD with the function box integrated together with the plug.....	26
4.2.4 Modular IC-CPD.....	27
4.3 According to the method of connecting the cable(s)	27
4.3.1 General	27
4.3.2 Non-rewirable IC-CPDs	27
4.3.3 IC-CPDs wired by the manufacturer.....	27
4.3.4 Pluggable IC-CPD	27
4.4 Classification according to the protective conductor path	27
4.4.1 General	27
4.4.2 IC-CPDs with switched protective conductor	27
4.4.3 IC-CPDs with non-switched protective conductor	28
4.5 Classification according to behaviour in case of open protective conductor	28
4.5.1 General	28

4.5.2	IC-CPD with verification of the availability of the upstream protective conductor.....	28
4.5.3	IC-CPD without verification of the availability of the upstream protective conductor.....	28
4.6	Classification according to the usage.....	28
4.6.1	IC-CPD for portable use	28
4.6.2	IC-CPD for wall mounting	28
4.6.3	IC-CPD for portable use and for wall mounting.....	28
5	Characteristics of IC-CPDs	28
5.1	Summary of characteristics	28
5.2	Rated quantities and other characteristics	29
5.2.1	Rated voltages.....	29
5.2.2	Rated current (I_n).....	29
5.2.3	Rated residual operating current ($I_{\Delta n}$)	29
5.2.4	Rated residual non-operating current ($I_{\Delta no}$).....	30
5.2.5	Rated frequency.....	30
5.2.6	Rated making and breaking capacity (I_m)	30
5.2.7	Rated residual making and breaking capacity ($I_{\Delta m}$)	30
5.2.8	Operating characteristics in case of residual currents comprising a d.c. component.....	30
5.2.9	Insulation coordination including creepage distances and clearances	30
5.2.10	Coordination with short-circuit protection devices (SCPDs)	30
5.3	Standard and preferred values	31
5.3.1	Preferred values of rated operational voltage (U_e)	31
5.3.2	Preferred values of rated current (I_n).....	31
5.3.3	Standard values of rated residual operating current ($I_{\Delta n}$)	31
5.3.4	Standard value of rated residual non-operating current ($I_{\Delta no}$)	31
5.3.5	Standard minimum value of the non-operating overcurrent through the IC-CPD	32
5.3.6	Preferred values of rated frequency	32
5.3.7	Minimum value of the rated making and breaking capacity (I_m)	32
5.3.8	Minimum value of the rated residual making and breaking capacity ($I_{\Delta m}$)	32
5.3.9	Standard value of the rated conditional short-circuit current (I_{nc})	32
5.3.10	Standard value of the rated conditional residual short-circuit current ($I_{\Delta c}$)	32
5.3.11	Limit values of break time.....	32
6	Marking and other product information	33
6.1	Data to be marked on the IC-CPD.....	33
6.2	Information to be provided to the end-user.....	35
7	Standard conditions for operation in service and for installation	36
7.1	Standard conditions	36
7.2	Conditions for installations	36
8	Requirements for construction and operation.....	36
8.1	Mechanical design	36
8.2	Pluggable electrical connections of pluggable IC-CPDs according to 4.3.4	38
8.2.1	General	38
8.2.2	Degree of protection of pluggable electrical connection against solid foreign objects and water for pluggable IC-CPD	38

8.2.3	Breaking capacity of pluggable electrical connection for pluggable IC-CPD	38
8.2.4	Additional requirements.....	39
8.3	Construction	39
8.3.1	General	39
8.3.2	Terminations of IC-CPDs.....	40
8.3.3	Enclosure of IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3	40
8.3.4	Terminal screws or nuts of IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3.....	40
8.3.5	Strain on the conductors of IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3	40
8.3.6	Additional requirements for IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3	41
8.3.7	Insulating parts which keep the live parts in position	41
8.3.8	Screws for IC-CPD according to 4.3.3.....	41
8.3.9	Means for suspension from a wall or other mounting surfaces	41
8.3.10	Plug as an integral part of plug-in equipment	41
8.3.11	Flexible cables and cords and their connection	42
8.4	Electrical performance.....	43
8.4.1	Protective conductor path.....	43
8.4.2	Contact mechanism.....	43
8.4.3	Clearances and creepage distances (see Annex C)	43
8.5	Protection against electric shock	46
8.5.1	General	46
8.5.2	Requirements relating to plugs, whether incorporated or not in integral items	47
8.5.3	Degree of protection of the function box	47
8.5.4	Requirements relating to vehicle connectors	47
8.6	Dielectric properties	47
8.7	Temperature rise.....	48
8.8	Operating characteristics.....	48
8.8.1	General	48
8.8.2	Safe connection operating characteristics	48
8.8.3	Operating characteristics with a.c. residual currents and residual currents having a d.c. component	48
8.8.4	Operating characteristics with smooth d.c. residual current	49
8.8.5	Behaviour of the IC-CPD after a residual current operation	49
8.8.6	Residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two phases	49
8.8.7	Residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from three phases.....	49
8.9	Mechanical and electrical endurance	49
8.10	Performance at short-circuit currents	50
8.11	Resistance to mechanical shock and impact	50
8.12	Resistance to heat	50
8.13	Resistance to abnormal heat and to fire	50
8.14	Performance of the test function	50
8.15	Behaviour in case of loss of the supply voltage	51
8.16	Resistance of IC-CPDs against unwanted tripping due to surge currents to earth resulting from impulse voltages.....	51
8.17	Control pilot function controller	51
8.18	Reliability.....	51
8.19	Resistance to tracking	51

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8.20	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).....	52
8.21	Behaviour of the IC-CPD at low ambient air temperature	52
8.22	Operation with supply failure and hazardous live protective conductor conditions	52
8.23	Verification of a standing current in the protective conductor in normal service	52
8.24	Behaviour at specific environmental conditions	52
8.25	Resistance to vibration and shock	52
9	Tests.....	53
9.1	General.....	53
9.1.1	Opening and closing of contacts	53
9.1.2	Type tests.....	53
9.1.3	Test sequences.....	54
9.1.4	Routine tests.....	55
9.2	Test conditions.....	55
9.3	Test of indelibility of marking	55
9.4	Verification of protection against electric shock.....	56
9.5	Test of dielectric properties	56
9.5.1	Resistance to humidity	56
9.5.2	Insulation resistance of the main circuit	57
9.5.3	Dielectric strength of the main circuit.....	58
9.5.4	Secondary circuit of detection transformers	58
9.5.5	Verification of impulse withstand voltages (across clearances and across solid insulation) and of leakage current across open contacts	58
9.6	Temperature-rise test.....	61
9.6.1	Test conditions	61
9.6.2	Test procedure.....	61
9.6.3	Measurement of the temperature rise of different parts	62
9.6.4	Temperature rise of a part.....	62
9.7	Verification of the operating characteristic	62
9.7.1	General	62
9.7.2	Test circuit.....	62
9.7.3	Residual sinusoidal alternating currents tests	63
9.7.4	Verification of the correct operation with residual currents having a d.c. component.....	65
9.7.5	Verification of behaviour in case of composite residual current.....	66
9.7.6	Verification of the correct operation in case of smooth d.c. residual current.....	68
9.7.7	Miswiring and supply failure tests	68
9.7.8	Verification of protective conductor contact behaviour.....	72
9.7.9	Verification that the protective conductor is connected to the electric vehicle	73
9.7.10	Verification of standing current in the protective conductor connection in normal service	73
9.7.11	Verification of the correct operation in case of residual direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two phases	73
9.7.12	Verification of the correct operation in case of residual direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from three phases	74
9.8	Verification of mechanical and electrical endurance	74
9.8.1	Endurance of plug and vehicle connector part.....	74
9.8.2	Endurance of the residual current function of the IC-CPD.....	74

9.9	Verification of the behaviour of the IC-CPD under overcurrent conditions	76
9.9.1	List of the overcurrent tests	76
9.9.2	Short-circuit tests	76
9.9.3	Verification of the making and breaking capacity of the plug of the IC-CPD	82
9.10	Verification of resistance to mechanical shock and impact.....	82
9.10.1	General	82
9.10.2	Drop test.....	82
9.10.3	Test for screwed glands of IC-CPDs	83
9.10.4	Mechanical strength test on IC-CPDs provided with cords	83
9.10.5	Verification requirements for IC-CPD according to 4.6.2 and 4.6.3	83
9.11	Test of resistance to heat	83
9.11.1	General	83
9.11.2	Temperature test in heating cabinet.....	84
9.11.3	Ball pressure test for insulating material necessary to retain in position current-carrying parts.....	84
9.11.4	Ball pressure test for insulating material not necessary to retain in position current-carrying parts	85
9.12	Resistance of insulating material to abnormal heat and to fire	85
9.13	Verification of the self test	86
9.14	Verification of the behaviour of IC-CPDs in case of loss of the supply voltage.....	86
9.14.1	Verification of correct operation at the minimum operating voltage (U_X)	86
9.14.2	Verification of the automatic opening in case of loss of the supply voltage	86
9.14.3	Verification of the reclosing function	87
9.15	Verification of the limiting values of the non-operating current under overcurrent conditions	87
9.16	Verification of resistance against unwanted tripping due to surge currents to earth resulting from impulse voltages.....	87
9.17	Verification of reliability	88
9.17.1	Climatic test.....	88
9.17.2	Test at a temperature of 45 °C	89
9.18	Resistance to ageing	90
9.19	Resistance to tracking	91
9.20	Test on pins provided with insulating sleeves.....	91
9.21	Test of mechanical strength of non-solid pins of plugs.....	91
9.22	Verification of the effects of strain on the conductors	91
9.23	Checking of the torque exerted by IC-CPDs on fixed socket-outlets	91
9.24	Tests of the cord anchorage	92
9.25	Flexing test of non-rewirable IC-CPDs	92
9.26	Verification of the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	93
9.27	Tests replacing verifications of creepage distances and clearances	94
9.27.1	General	94
9.27.2	Abnormal conditions.....	94
9.27.3	Temperature rise resulting from fault conditions	94
9.28	Verifications for single electronic components used in IC-CPDs	95
9.28.1	General	95
9.28.2	Capacitors	95
9.28.3	Resistors and inductors.....	96
9.29	Chemical loads	98

9.30 Heat test under solar radiation.....	98
9.31 Resistance to ultra-violet (UV) radiation.....	98
9.32 Damp and salt mist test for marine and coastal environments.....	99
9.32.1 Test for internal metallic parts	99
9.32.2 Test for external metallic parts only	99
9.32.3 Test criteria	99
9.33 Hot damp test for tropical environments.....	99
9.34 Vehicle drive-over	99
9.34.1 General	99
9.34.2 Test at crushing force 5 000 N.....	100
9.34.3 Test at crushing force 11 000 N.....	100
9.34.4 Performance after the tests	100
9.35 Low storage temperature test	100
9.36 Vibration and shock test.....	101
Annex A (normative) Test sequences and number of samples to be submitted for verification of conformity to this standard.....	143
A.1 Verification of conformity	143
A.2 Test sequences.....	143
A.3 Number of samples to be submitted for full test procedure	146
A.4 Number of samples to be submitted for simplified test procedures in case of submitting simultaneously a range of IC-CPDs of the same fundamental design.....	148
Annex B (normative) Routine tests	150
Annex C (normative) Determination of clearances and creepage distances	151
C.1 Overview.....	151
C.2 Orientation and location of a creepage distance	151
C.3 Creepage distances where more than one material is used	151
C.4 Creepage distances split by a floating conductive part	151
C.5 Measurement of creepage distances and clearances.....	151
Annex D (informative) Switched-protective conductor application	156
D.1 Explanation of switched-protective conductor (SPE) function and application.....	156
D.2 Examples of incorrect supply wiring	157
Annex E (informative) Example of IC-CPD for mode 2 charging	160
Annex F (informative) Types of IC-CPD according to construction and assembly	161
Annex G (informative) Methods for determination of short-circuit power factor.....	162
G.1 Overview.....	162
G.2 Method I – Determination from d.c. components.....	162
G.3 Method II – Determination with pilot generator	162
Bibliography	164
Figure 1 – Desired characteristics for maintaining the same level of protection over the frequency range.....	62
Figure 2 – Test circuit for the verification of operating characteristic (9.7.3), endurance test (9.8.2) and reduced supply voltage (9.14.1)	103
Figure 3 – Test circuit for the verification when plugged in incompatible supply systems (9.7.7.4)	106
Figure 4 – Verification of correct operation for hazardous live PE (see Table 14 and Table 15).....	109
Figure 5 – Verification of temperature rise of the protective conductor.....	110

Figure 6 – Verification of open neutral for LNSE types, and open line for LLSE types	111
Figure 7 – Verification of a standing current in the protective conductor in normal service	112
Figure 8 – Test circuit for the verification of the making and breaking capacity and the short-circuit coordination with an SCPD (see 9.9.2)	116
Figure 9 – Standard test wire 1,0 mm	116
Figure 10 – Test circuit for the verification of the correct operation in the case of residual pulsating direct currents (see 9.7.4)	118
Figure 11 – Test circuit for the verification of the correct operation in the case of residual pulsating direct currents superimposed by a smooth direct current (see 9.7.4.3).....	120
Figure 12 – Verification of open protective conductor (see 9.7.7.5)	122
Figure 13 – Arrangement for compression test for verification of protection against electric shock	123
Figure 14 – Ball-pressure test apparatus	124
Figure 15 – Test circuit for IC-CPD according to 4.1.3 to verify the correct operation in case of residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two phases.....	125
Figure 16 – Tests circuit for IC-CPD according to 4.1.4 to verify the correct operation in case of residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from three phases	126
Figure 17 – Apparatus for testing the cord retention.....	127
Figure 18 – Apparatus for flexing test.....	128
Figure 19 – Arrangement for mechanical strength test on IC-CPDs provided with cords (9.10.4)	129
Figure 20 – Stabilizing period for reliability test (9.17.1.4).....	129
Figure 21 – Reliability test cycle (9.17.1.4)	130
Figure 22 – Example for test circuit for verification of ageing of electronic components (9.18)	131
Figure 23 – Current ring wave 0,5 µs/100 kHz	131
Figure 24 – Example of test circuit for the verification of resistance to unwanted tripping	132
Figure 25 – Minimum creepage distances and clearances as a function of peak value of voltage (see 9.27.3 a))	133
Figure 26 – Minimum creepage distances and clearances as a function of peak value of operating voltage (see 9.27.3 a)).....	134
Figure 27 – Test cycle for low temperature test	134
Figure 28 – Test circuit for verification of connection of protective conductor to the EV, according to 9.7.9	135
Figure 29 – Verification of correct operation in case of smooth d.c. leakage current, according to 9.7.6	137
Figure 30 – Example of a test circuit for the verification of correct operation in case of residual sinusoidal alternating currents composed of multi-frequency components	138
Figure 31 – Test circuit for endurance test according to 9.8	139
Figure 32 – The use of the IC-CPD	140
Figure 33 – Informative wave shape of inrush current for tests according to 9.8.2.....	141
Figure 34 – Test finger.....	142
Figure D.1 – Examples of incorrect supply wirings for LLSE types.....	158
Figure D.2 – Examples of incorrect supply wirings for LNSE types	159

Figure E.1 – Example for IC-CPD showing the different parts and functions	160
Figure F.1 – Example of IC-CPD including function box, cables, plug and connector according to 4.2.2	161
Figure F.2 – Example of plug integrated function box according to 4.2.3	161
Figure F.3 – Example of modular IC-CPD according to 4.2.4a).....	161
Figure F.4 – Example of modular IC-CPD according to 4.2.4b).....	161
Table 1 – Preferred values of rated current and corresponding preferred values of rated voltages	31
Table 2 – Limit values of break time for a.c. residual currents at rated frequency	32
Table 3 – Limit values of break time for smooth d.c. residual currents	33
Table 4 – Limit values of break time for residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two or three phases	33
Table 5 – Standard conditions for operation in service	36
Table 6 – Minimum cross-sectional area of flexible cable or cord	42
Table 7 – Minimum clearances and creepage distances (rated voltage 230 V, 230/400 V).....	45
Table 8 – Temperature-rise values	48
Table 9 – List of type tests	54
Table 10 – Test voltage for verification of impulse withstand voltage	60
Table 11 – Tripping current ranges for IC-CPDs in case of pulsating d.c. current.....	66
Table 12 – Different frequency component values of test currents and starting current values (I/Δ) for verifying the operating in case of steady increased residual current	67
Table 13 – Operating current ranges for composite residual current.....	67
Table 14 – Supply failure and hazardous live protective conductor (PE) connections for test with reference to correct supply connections for LNSE / LNE and LLSE / LLE types.....	69
Table 15 – Supply failure and hazardous live protective conductor (PE) connections for test with reference to correct supply connections for LLNSE / LLNE types	70
Table 16 – Tests to verify the behaviour of IC-CPDs under overcurrent conditions	76
Table 17 – Minimum values of I^2t and I_p	77
Table 18 – List of tests of resistance to mechanical shock and impact.....	82
Table 19 – Torque applied to the spanner for the test	83
Table 20 – Tests already covered for EMC by this standard	94
Table 21 – Maximum permissible temperatures under abnormal conditions	97
Table 22 – PSD value depending on frequency for vibration testing	101
Table A.1 – Test sequences	144
Table A.2 – Number of samples to be submitted for full test procedure.....	147
Table A.3 – Reduction of number of samples	149

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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DISCLAIMER

This Consolidated version is not an official IEC Standard and has been prepared for user convenience. Only the current versions of the standard and its amendment(s) are to be considered the official documents.

This Consolidated version of IEC 62752 bears the edition number 1.1. It consists of the first edition (2016-03) [documents 23E/919/FDIS and 23E/938/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2018-09) [documents 23E/1055/FDIS and 23E/1072/RVD]. The technical content is identical to the base edition and its amendment.

In this Redline version, a vertical line in the margin shows where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text. A separate Final version with all changes accepted is available in this publication.

International Standard IEC 62752 has been prepared by subcommittee 23E: Circuit-breakers and similar equipment for household use, of IEC technical committee 23: Electrical accessories, in co-operation with ISO TC 22/SC 37 Electrically propelled vehicles.

It is published as a double logo standard.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- Requirements proper, in roman type;
- *Test specifications, in italic type;*
- NOTES, in smaller roman type.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

~~NOTE The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.~~

~~New specific requirements for IC CPD are provided in comparison to IEC 61851-1:2010, Clause 11, which was applied to IC CPD before the availability of this standard.~~

~~It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of 5.1, 6.1 and 8.8.4, as indicated, of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally at the end of the transitional period, which is 2017-12-31.~~

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

The essential purpose of this standard is safe and reliable access of electric vehicles to a supply system. The definition for mode 2 charging of electric vehicle is described in IEC 61851-1.

For all charging modes, protection against electric shock in case of failure of basic protection and/or fault protection is provided, at least by a type A RCD (see IEC 60364-7-722 and IEC 61851-1).

For mode 2 charging including the situation where it cannot be guaranteed that the installation is equipped with RCDs, for example charging the electric vehicle at an unknown installation, a dedicated protection is used for the connected electric vehicle. The intention of this standard is to describe the relevant requirements for an in-cable control and protection device (IC-CPD) to be used for mode 2 charging.

~~The IC-CPD is not a protection device for use in fixed installations.~~

IN-CABLE CONTROL AND PROTECTION DEVICE FOR MODE 2 CHARGING OF ELECTRIC ROAD VEHICLES (IC-CPD)

1 Scope

This International Standard applies to in-cable control and protection devices (IC-CPDs) for mode 2 charging of electric road vehicles, hereafter referred to as IC-CPD including control and safety functions.

This standard applies to portable devices performing simultaneously the functions of detection of the residual current, of comparison of the value of this current with the residual operating value and of opening of the protected circuit when the residual current exceeds this value.

The IC-CPD according to this standard

- has a control pilot function controller in accordance with ~~IEC TS 62763~~ IEC 61851-1:2017, Annex A;
- checks supply conditions and prevents charging in case of supply faults under specified conditions;
- may have a switched protective conductor.

These IC-CPDs are intended for use in TN-, and TT-systems.

The use of IC-CPDs in IT systems may be limited.

Residual currents with frequencies different from the rated frequency, d.c. residual currents and specific environmental situation are considered.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs performing the safety and control functions as required in IEC 61851-1 for mode 2 charging of electric vehicles.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs for single-phase circuits not exceeding 250 V or multi-phase circuits not exceeding 480 V, their maximum rated current being 32 A.

NOTE 1 In Denmark, the following additional requirement applies: for IC-CPDs supplied with a plug for household and similar use the maximum charging current is 8 A, if the charging cycle can exceed 2 h.

NOTE 2 In Finland, the following additional requirement applies: for IC-CPDs supplied with a plug for household and similar use the maximum charging current is 8 A for long lasting charging.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs to be used in a.c. circuits only, with preferred values of rated frequency 50 Hz, 60 Hz or 50/60 Hz. IC-CPDs according to this standard are not intended to be used to supply electric energy towards the connected grid.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs having a rated residual operating current not exceeding 30 mA and are intended to provide additional protection for the circuit downstream of the IC-CPD in situations where it cannot be guaranteed that the installation is equipped with an RCD with $I_{\Delta h} \leq 30$ mA.

The IC-CPD consists of:

- a plug for connection to a socket-outlet in the fixed installation;
- one or more subassemblies containing the control and protection features;
- a cable between the plug and the subassemblies (optional);

- a cable between the subassemblies and the vehicle connector (optional);
- a vehicle connector for connection to the electric vehicle.

For plugs for household and similar use the respective requirements of the national standard and specific requirements defined by the national committee of the country where the product is placed on the market apply. If no national requirements exist, IEC 60884-1 may be used. For industrial plugs IEC 60309-2 applies. For specific applications and areas non interchangeable industrial plugs may be used. In this case IEC 60309-1 applies

NOTE 3 In Denmark: the requirements in this standard cannot replace or change any part of the Danish National requirements for plugs for household and similar use according to DS 60884-2-D1.

Plugs, connectors and cables which are part of the IC-CPD are not tested according to this standard. These parts are tested separately according to their specific product standard.

NOTE 4 In the following countries, requirements for EV (mode 2) Cord Sets are covered by NMX-J 677-ANCE-2013/ CSA C22.2 No. 280-13/ UL 2594: Standard for Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment: US, CA, MX.

The switching contacts of the IC-CPD are not required to provide isolation, as isolation can be ensured by disconnecting the plug.

The IC-CPD may have a non-replaceable integral fuse in the phase(s) and/or neutral current path.

The IC-CPD is not considered to be a protective device for use in fixed installations.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60065, *Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus – Safety requirements*

IEC 60068-2-1, *Environmental testing – Part 2-1: Tests – Test A: Cold*

IEC 60068-2-5, *Environmental testing – Part 2-5: Tests – Test Sa: Simulated solar radiation at ground level and guidance for solar radiation testing*

IEC 60068-2-11, *Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2-11: Tests – Test Ka: Salt mist*

IEC 60068-2-27, *Environmental testing – Part 2-27: Tests – Test Ea and guidance: Shock*

IEC 60068-2-30, *Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)*

IEC 60068-2-31, *Environmental testing – Part 2-31: Tests – Test Ec: Rough handling shocks, primarily for equipment-type specimens*

IEC 60068-2-64, *Environmental testing – Part 2-64: Tests – Test Fh: Vibration, broadband random and guidance*

IEC 60068-3-4, *Environmental testing – Part 2-34: Supporting documentation and guidance – Damp heat tests*

IEC 60112, *Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials*

IEC 60227 (all parts), *Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V*

IEC 60245 (all parts), *Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750V*

IEC 60309 (all parts), *Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes*

IEC 60309-1:1999, *Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 60309-1:1999/AMD1:2005

IEC 60309-1:1999/AMD2:2012

IEC 60309-2, *Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes – Part 2: Dimensional interchangeability requirements for pin and contact-tube accessories*

IEC 60364-4-44:2007, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-44: Protection for safety – Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances*

IEC 60384-14 (all parts), *Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 14: Sectional specification – Fixed capacitors for electromagnetic interference suppression and connection to the supply mains*

IEC 60417, *Graphical symbols for use on equipment* (available at: <<http://www.graphical-symbols.info/equipment>>)

IEC 60529:1989, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)*

IEC 60664-1:2007, *Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests*

IEC 60664-3, *Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 3: Use of coating, potting or moulding for protection against pollution*

IEC 60695-2-10, *Fire hazard testing – Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure*

IEC 60695-2-11, *Fire hazard testing – Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products (GWEPT)*

IEC 60884-1:2002, *Plugs and socket-outlets for household and similar purposes – Part 1: General requirements¹*

IEC 60884-1:2002/AMD1:2006

IEC 60884-1:2002/AMD2:2013

IEC 61249-2 (all parts), *Materials for printed boards and other interconnecting structures*

IEC TS 61439-7:2014, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies – Part 7: Assemblies for specific applications such as marinas, camping sites, market squares, electric vehicles charging stations*

¹ A consolidated edition (3.2) exists including IEC 60884-1 (2002) and its Amendment 1 (2006) and Amendment 2 (2013).

IEC 61540, *Electrical accessories – Portable residual current devices without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar use (PRCDs)*

IEC 61543:1995, *Residual current-operated protective devices (RCDs) for household and similar use – Electromagnetic compatibility*

IEC 61543:1995/AMD1:2004

IEC 61543:1995/AMD2:2005

IEC 61851-1:~~2010~~ 2017, *Electric vehicle conductive charging system – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 62196 (all parts), *Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets – Conductive charging of electric vehicles*

IEC 62196-1, *Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets – Conductive charging of electric vehicles – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 62196-2, *Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets – Conductive charging of electric vehicles – Part 2: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for a.c. pin and contact-tube accessories*

~~IEC TS 62763:2013, Pilot function through a control pilot circuit using PWM (pulse width modulation) and a control pilot wire~~

CISPR 14 (all parts), *Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus*

CISPR 14-1, *Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus – Part 1: Emission*

ISO 178, *Plastics – Determination of flexural properties*

ISO 179 (all parts), *Plastics – Determination of Charpy impact properties*

ISO 179-1, *Plastics – Determination of Charpy impact properties – Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test*

ISO 2409, *Paints and varnishes – Cross-cut test*

ISO 4628-3, *Paints and varnishes – Evaluation of degradation of coatings – Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance – Part 3: Assessment of degree of rusting*

ISO 4892-2:2013, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*

ISO 16750-5:2010, *Road vehicles – Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment – Part 5: Chemical loads*

ISO 17409:2015, *Electrically propelled road vehicles – Connection to an external electric power supply – Safety requirements*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.