# **EESTI STANDARD**

17:5000

# Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Performance standard - Part 111-7: Sealed n, ry A to Booteniew Oromewalew O closures for category A - Aerial



## **FESTI STANDARDI FESSÕNA**

## NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 61753-111- 7:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61753- 111-7:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61753-111- 7:2010 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61753-111-7:2010.
Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 31.03.2010 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.	This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 31.03.2010 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on 19.02.2010.	Date of Availability of the European standard text 19.02.2010.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.
ICS 33.180.20	
	4
Standardite reprodutseerimis- ja levitamisõigus kuulub Eesti Sta	andardikeskusele
Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine e millisel teel on keelatud ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse poolt antud kirja	elektroonilisse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või

#### Standardite reprodutseerimis- ja levitamisõigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonilisse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel on keelatud ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse poolt antud kirjaliku loata.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, palun võtke ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega: Aru 10 Tallinn 10317 Eesti; <u>www.evs.ee</u>; Telefon: 605 5050; E-post: <u>info@evs.ee</u>

#### Right to reproduce and distribute Estonian Standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without permission in writing from Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

If you have any questions about standards copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation: Aru str 10 Tallinn 10317 Estonia; www.evs.ee; Phone: +372 605 5050; E-mail: info@evs.ee

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# EN 61753-111-7

February 2010

ICS 33.180.20

English version

# Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components performance standard -Part 111-7: Sealed closures for category A -

Aerial

(IEC 61753-111-7:2009)

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques norme de qualité de fonctionnement -Partie 111-7: Boîtiers scellés pour catégorie A -Aériens (CEI 61753-111-7:2009) Lichtwellenleiter -Verbindungselemente und passive Bauteile -Betriebsverhalten -Teil 111-7: Druckdichte Muffen für die Kategorie A oberirdische Verlegung (IEC 61753-111-7:2009)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2010-02-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

# CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

© 2010 CENELEC - All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC members.

## Foreword

The text of document 86B/2904/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61753-111-7, prepared by SC 86B, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC TC 86, Fibre optics, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61753-111-7 on 2010-02-01.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical		
		(dam)	2010 11 01
	national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2010-11-01
_	latest date by which the national standards conflicting		
	,	<i></i>	
	with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2013-02-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

## Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61753-111-7:2009 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60068-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60068-1.
IEC 60068-2	NOTE Harmonized in EN 60068-2 series (not modified).
IEC 60721-3-1	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60721-3-1.
IEC 60793-2	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60793-2.
IEC 60794-1-2	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60794-1-2.
IEC 60794-2	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60794-2.
IEC 60794-3	NOTE Harmonized as EN 60794-3.
IEC 61300	NOTE Harmonized in EN 61300 series (not modified).
IEC 62005	NOTE Harmonized in EN 62005 series (not modified).
	6.

# Annex ZA

## (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	Title	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC 60068-2-10	3	Environmental testing - Part 2-10: Tests - Test J and guidance: Mould growth	EN 60068-2-10	-
IEC 60721-3-2	-	Classification of environmental conditions - Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities - Section 2: Transportatio	EN 60721-3-2 n	-
IEC 60793-2-50	2008	Optical fibres - Part 2-50: Product specifications - Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres	EN 60793-2-50	2008
IEC 61300-1	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 1: General and guidance	EN 61300-1	-
IEC 61300-2-1	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-1: Tests - Vibration (sinusoidal)	EN 61300-2-1	-
IEC 61300-2-4	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-4: Tests - Fibre/cable retention	EN 61300-2-4	-
IEC 61300-2-5	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-5: Tests - Torsion	EN 61300-2-5	-
IEC 61300-2-9	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-9: Tests - Shock	EN 61300-2-9	-
IEC 61300-2-11	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-11: Tests - Axial compression	EN 61300-2-11	-
IEC 61300-2-12	2009	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-12: Tests - Impact	EN 61300-2-12	2009
IEC 61300-2-22	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-22: Tests - Change of temperature	EN 61300-2-22	-

Publication	Year	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC 61300-2-26	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-26: Tests - Salt mist	EN 61300-2-26	-
IEC 61300-2-33	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-33: Tests - Assembly and disassembly of fibre optic closures	EN 61300-2-33	-
IEC 61300-2-37	200	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-37: Tests - Cable bending for fibre opti- closures	EN 61300-2-37 c	-
IEC 61300-2-38	2006	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-38: Tests - Sealing for pressurized fibre optic closures	EN 61300-2-38	2006
IEC 61300-3-1	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 3-1: Examinations and measurements - Visual examination	EN 61300-3-1	-
IEC 61300-3-3	2009	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 3-3: Examinations and measurements - Active monitoring of changes in attenuation and return loss	EN 61300-3-3	2009
IEC 61300-3-28	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 3-28: Examinations and measurements - Transient loss	EN 61300-3-28	-
IEC 61753-1	2007	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components performance standard - Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards		2007
IEC 62134-1	-	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Fibre optic closures - Part 1: Generic specification	EN 62134-1	-
ISO 4892-3	2006	Plastics - Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources - Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps	EN ISO 4892-3	2006
				4
				0,

## CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION       4         1       Scope         2       Normative references         3       Terms, definitions and abbreviations
2 Normative references
3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations
3.1 Terms and definitions
3.2 Abbreviations
4 General requirements
4.1 Storage, transportation and packaging
4.2 Marking and identification
4.3 Materials
4.4 Closure overpressure safety10
4.5 Test report10
5 Test
5.1 General
5.2 Test specimen preparation
5.3 Test and measurement methods
5.4 Installation or intervention
5.5 Pass/fail criteria
6.1 Sample size
6.2 Sealing, optical and appearance performance criteria
<ul> <li>6.3 Mechanical sealing performance requirements</li></ul>
6.5 Mechanical optical performance requirements
6.6 Environmental optical performance requirements
Annex A (normative) Sample definition
Annex B (normative) Sample size
Annex C (normative) Intervention and reconfiguration/resplicing
Bibliography23
Figure A.1 – Track joint configuration sample
Figure A.2 – Distribution joint configuration sample
Table 1 – Tightness, optical and appearance performance criteria
Table 2 – Mechanical sealing performance requirements
Table 3 – Environmental sealing performance requirements       18
Table 4 – Mechanical optical performance requirements
Table 5 – Environmental optical performance requirements
Table A.1 – Fibre type for testing
Table B.1 – Sample size

## INTRODUCTION

Performance standards for sealed closures define the requirements for standard optical performance under a set of specified conditions. This part of IEC 61753 contains a series or a set of tests and measurements with clearly stated conditions, severities and pass/fail criteria. The set of tests is intended to be a basis to prove the product's ability to satisfy the requirements of a specific application, market sector or user group.

A product that has been shown to meet all the requirements of this performance standard may be declared as complying with this performance standard. Products having the same classification from one manufacturer that satisfy this performance standard will operate within the boundaries set by the performance standard. There is no guarantee that products from different manufacturers, having the same classification and which conform to the same performance standard, will provide an equivalent level of performance when they are used together.

Conformance with IEC environmental policy according to IEC Guide 109 and concerning the need to reduce the impact on the natural environment of fibre optic closures during all phases of their life – from acquiring materials to manufacturing, distribution, use, and end-of-life treatment (i.e. re-use, recycling (recovery and disposal)) are not part of this standard, but will be covered in the generic specification.

Conformance to a performance standard demonstrates that a product has passed a design verification test. It is not a guarantee of lifetime assured performance or reliability. Reliability testing must be the subject of a separate test schedule, where the tests and severities selected are such that they are truly representative of the requirements of this reliability test programme. Consistency of manufacture should be maintained using a recognised Quality Assurance programme whilst the reliability of the product should be evaluated using the procedures recommended in IEC 62005 series.

Tests and measurements are selected from the IEC 61300 series.

## FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

## Part 111-7: Sealed closures for category A – Aerial

## 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61753 contains the minimum test and measurement requirements and severities which a sealed fibre optic closure must satisfy in order to be categorised as meeting the IEC standard for category A – aerial, as defined in Annex A of IEC 61753-1. Free breathing closures are not covered in this standard.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-10, Environmental testing – Part 2-10: Tests – Test J and guidance: Mould growth

IEC 60721-3-2, Classification of environmental conditions – Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities – Section 2: Transportation

IEC 60793-2-50:2008, Optical fibres – Part 2-50: Product specifications – Sectional specification for class B single-mode fibres

IEC 61300-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 1: General and guidance

IEC 61300-2-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-1: Tests – Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 61300-2-4, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-4: Tests – Fibre/cable retention

IEC 61300-2-5, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion (available in English only)

IEC 61300-2-9, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-9: Tests – Shock

IEC 61300-2-11, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-11: Tests – Axial compression<sup>1</sup>

IEC 61300-2-12:2009, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-12: Tests – Impact

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This publication was withdrawn in 2002. A project is currently under consideration.

IEC 61300-2-22, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-22: Tests – Change of temperature

IEC 61300-2-26, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-26: Tests – Salt mist

IEC 61300-2-33, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-33: Tests – Assembly and disassembly of fibre optic closures

IEC 61300-2-37, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-37: Tests – Cable bending for fibre optic closures

IEC 61300-2-38:2006, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-38: Tests – Sealing for pressurized fibre optic closures

IEC 61300-3-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-1: Examinations and measurements – Visual examination

IEC 61300-3-3:2009, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-3: Examinations and measurements – Active monitoring of changes in attenuation and return loss (available in English only)

IEC 61300-3-28, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-28: Examinations and measurements – Transient loss

IEC 61753-1:2007, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components performance standard – Part 1: General and guidance for performance standards

IEC 62134-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic closures – Part 1: Generic specification

ISO 4892-3:2006, Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps

## 3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions and abbreviations apply.

## 3.1 Terms and definitions

3.1.1

#### distribution joint

splice closure that allows easy fibre access, maintenance, re-arrangement and addition of fibre circuits or passive optical components

NOTE Accessing fibre circuits must not cause any transmission degradation or disruption in other operational fibre circuits. Storage of continuous fibres and fibre cable elements is allowed, for example loose tubes passing through the closure. This closure is typically used in access and distribution networks.

## 3.1.2

## excursion loss

change in optical loss during slow variations of environmental parameters