

---

---

**Acoustics — Hearing protectors —**  
**Part 1:**  
**Subjective method for the**  
**measurement of sound attenuation**

*Acoustique — Protecteurs individuels contre le bruit —*

*Partie 1: Méthode subjective de mesurage de l'affaiblissement  
acoustique*



This document is a preview generated by EMS



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2018

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva  
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11  
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47  
Email: [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
Website: [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

Published in Switzerland

# Contents

	Page
<b>Foreword</b> .....	<b>iv</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>v</b>
<b>1 Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms and definitions</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>4 Measurement of the sound attenuation of hearing protectors</b> .....	<b>3</b>
4.1 Test signals.....	3
4.2 Test site.....	3
4.2.1 General.....	3
4.2.2 Sound pressure level and sound pressure level variation.....	3
4.2.3 Reverberation time.....	4
4.2.4 Ambient noise level.....	4
4.3 Test equipment.....	5
4.4 Test subjects.....	6
4.5 General test procedure and instruction of the test subject.....	6
4.6 Determination of hearing protector attenuation.....	7
<b>5 Application force</b> .....	<b>8</b>
5.1 Earmuffs.....	8
5.2 Semi-aural earplugs.....	8
<b>6 Test report</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Annex A (normative) Uncertainty of hearing protector attenuation measurements</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>Annex B (informative) Evaluation of two hearing protector attenuation measurements</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>Annex C (informative) Minimum and maximum sound pressure levels for test signals</b> .....	<b>17</b>
<b>Bibliography</b> .....	<b>18</b>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Noise*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 4869-1:1990), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

The revision includes changes mainly of the sound field requirements, specification of test equipment, test procedures and instructions to the test subjects, and uncertainty of the measurements. The sound field requirements are based on published and unpublished laboratory experience, especially [10] and [11] in the Bibliography.

A list of all parts in the ISO 4869 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

Hearing protectors are commonly used to reduce the noise to which the ear is exposed. Hearing protectors are manufactured as earplugs, earmuffs or helmets. A standardized method of sound attenuation measurement allows comparison of performance data obtained in different locations under similar conditions.



# Acoustics — Hearing protectors —

## Part 1:

# Subjective method for the measurement of sound attenuation

## 1 Scope

This document specifies a subjective method for measuring sound attenuation of hearing protectors at the threshold of hearing. The method is a laboratory method designed to yield reproducible values under controlled measurement conditions. The values reflect the attenuating characteristics of the hearing protector only to the extent that users wear the device in the same manner as did the test subjects.

For a more representative indication of field performance the methods of ISO/TS 4869-5 can be used.

This test method yields data which are collected at low sound pressure levels (close to the threshold of hearing) but which are also representative of the attenuation values of hearing protectors at higher sound pressure levels. An exception occurs in the case of amplitude-sensitive hearing protectors for sound pressure levels above the point at which their level-dependent characteristics become effective. At those sound pressure levels the method specified in this document is inapplicable, as it will usually underestimate sound attenuation for these devices.

NOTE Due to masking from physiological noise in the occluded ear tests, sound attenuations below 500 Hz can be overestimated by a few decibels.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 8253-2, *Acoustics — Audiometric test methods — Part 2: Sound field audiometry with pure-tone and narrow-band test signals*

IEC 60263, *Scales and sizes for plotting frequency characteristics and polar diagrams*

IEC 61260-1, *Electroacoustics — Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters — Part 1: Specifications*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>