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Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1 000 V AC and 1 500 V DC. – Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures –

Part 12: Power metering and monitoring devices (PMD)

Sécurité électrique dans les réseaux de distribution basse tension jusqu'à 1 000 V c.a. et 1 500 V c.c. – Dispositifs de contrôle, de mesure ou de surveillance de mesures de protection –

Partie 12: Dispositifs de comptage et de surveillance du réseau électrique (PMD)





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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	7
INTRODUCTION.....	9
1 Scope.....	10
2 Normative references.....	11
3 Terms, definitions and notations.....	11
3.1 General definitions	11
3.2 Definitions related to uncertainty and performance.....	13
3.3 Definitions related to electric phenomena	17
3.4 Definitions related to measurement techniques	20
3.5 Notations	21
3.5.1 Functions.....	21
3.5.2 Symbols and abbreviations.....	21
3.5.3 Indices.....	22
4 Requirements	22
4.1 General requirements.....	22
4.2 PMD general architecture	22
4.3 Classification of PMD	23
4.4 Structure of PMD.....	24
4.4.1 Structure of PMD related to sensors	24
4.4.2 Requirements for self-powered PMD	24
4.5 List of applicable performance classes.....	25
4.6 Operating and reference conditions for PMD.....	25
4.6.1 Reference conditions	25
4.6.2 Rated operating conditions.....	26
4.7 Start-up conditions	28
4.8 Requirements for PMD functions	28
4.8.1 General requirements.....	28
4.8.2 Active power (P) and active energy (E_A) measurements	29
4.8.3 Reactive power (Q_A , Q_V) and reactive energy (E_{rA} , E_{rV}) measurements	35
4.8.4 Apparent power (S_A , S_V) and apparent energy (E_{apA} , E_{apV}) measurements	38
4.8.5 Frequency (f) measurements	40
4.8.6 RMS phase current (I) and neutral current (I_N , I_{Nc}) measurements	41
4.8.7 RMS voltage (U) measurements	45
4.8.8 Power factor (PF_A , PF_V) measurements	47
4.8.9 Short term flicker (P_{st}) and long term flicker (P_{lt}) measurements	47
4.8.10 Voltage dip (U_{dip}) and voltage swell (U_{swl}) measurements	48
4.8.11 Voltage interruption (U_{int}) measurements	53
4.8.12 Transient overvoltage (U_{tr}) measurements	54
4.8.13 Voltage unbalance (U_{nb} , U_{nba}) measurements	54
4.8.14 Voltage harmonics (U_h) and voltage THD (THD_U and $THD-R_U$) measurements	55
4.8.15 Current unbalance (I_{nb} , I_{nba}) measurements	56
4.8.16 Current harmonics (I_h) and current THD (THD_i and $THD-R_i$) measurements	57

4.8.17	Minimum, maximum, peak, three-phases average and demand measurements	58
4.9	General mechanical requirements.....	58
4.9.1	Vibration requirements	58
4.9.2	IP requirements	58
4.10	Safety requirements	59
4.10.1	Protection against electrical hazards	59
4.10.2	Protection against mechanical hazards.....	60
4.10.3	Protection against other hazards	60
4.11	EMC requirements	60
4.11.1	Immunity.....	60
4.11.2	Emission.....	60
4.12	Inputs and/or outputs	60
4.12.1	General	60
4.12.2	Analog outputs.....	60
4.12.3	Pulse outputs.....	61
4.12.4	Control outputs	61
4.12.5	Analog inputs.....	61
4.12.6	Pulse and control inputs.....	61
5	Marking and operating instructions.....	61
5.1	General.....	61
5.2	Marking.....	61
5.3	Operating, installation and maintenance instructions.....	62
5.3.1	General	62
5.3.2	General characteristics	62
5.3.3	Essential characteristics.....	62
6	Tests.....	64
6.1	General.....	64
6.2	Type tests of PMD.....	65
6.2.1	General	65
6.2.2	Tests of intrinsic uncertainty.....	65
6.2.3	Tests of variation of uncertainty with influence quantities	65
6.2.4	Test of temperature influence	65
6.2.5	Active power	66
6.2.6	Apparent power.....	68
6.2.7	Power factor	69
6.2.8	Common mode voltage rejection test	69
6.2.9	Frequency.....	69
6.2.10	Measurement of voltage harmonics and THD_u	70
6.2.11	Measurement of current harmonics and THD_i	70
6.2.12	Dips and swells.....	71
6.2.13	Voltage interruptions	71
6.2.14	Outputs tests	71
6.2.15	Climatic tests	72
6.2.16	EMC tests.....	73
6.2.17	Start-up tests	73
6.2.18	Gapless measurement test.....	73
6.2.19	Safety tests.....	73
6.3	Routine tests.....	73

6.3.1	Protective bonding test.....	73
6.3.2	Dielectric strength test	74
6.3.3	Uncertainty test.....	74
Annex A (informative)	Metering, measuring and monitoring applications.....	75
A.1	Applications on demand side and supply side	75
A.2	Link between applications, devices and standards	75
Annex B (informative)	Definitions of electrical parameters.....	77
B.1	General.....	77
B.2	Definitions in the presence of a neutral	77
B.3	Power measurement in three-phase three-wire systems using the two-wattmeter method	81
B.3.1	General	81
B.3.2	Total active power.....	82
B.3.3	Total vector reactive power using quadrature phase shift definition	82
B.3.4	Total vector reactive power using Budeanu's definition	83
B.4	Additional relationships in case of sinusoidal voltage	83
Annex C (informative)	Convention about the sign of the power factor	84
C.1	General.....	84
C.2	Convention for power factor (consumer perspective)	84
C.3	Convention for power factor (producer reference frame).....	85
Annex D (normative)	Definitions of minimum, maximum, peak and demand values	87
D.1	Demand quantities	87
D.1.1	General	87
D.1.2	Power demand.....	87
D.1.3	Current demand	87
D.1.4	Thermal current demand (or bi-metal current demand)	87
D.1.5	Specified intervals for demand calculation	87
D.2	Peak demand quantities	88
D.3	Three-phase average quantities	88
D.4	Maximum and minimum quantities	88
Annex E (informative)	Intrinsic uncertainty and operating uncertainty	89
E.1	General.....	89
E.2	Operating uncertainty calculation.....	89
Annex F (informative)	Recommended sensor classes for the different kinds of PMD	91
F.1	General considerations.....	91
F.2	Specific case of an active power and energy measurement, achieved by a PMD associated with an external current sensor or/and a voltage sensor	91
F.3	List of functions affected by uncertainty of external sensors	91
Annex G (informative)	Notion of measurement uncertainty	93
G.1	General considerations.....	93
G.2	Computing the expanded uncertainty	93
G.2.1	General	93
G.2.2	Estimated standard deviation	93
G.2.3	Expanded uncertainty.....	94
G.3	Determining the measurement uncertainty	95
G.3.1	Systematic error.....	95
G.3.2	Measurement uncertainty	95
G.4	Using the measurement uncertainty as a pass/fail criterion	96

G.4.1	Intrinsic uncertainty tests	96
G.4.2	Tests with influence quantities.....	96
G.4.3	Overall pass/fail criterion.....	96
Bibliography	98	
Figure 1 – PMD generic measurement chain	23	
Figure 2 – Description of different types of PMD	24	
Figure 3 – Relationship between ambient air temperature and relative humidity	28	
Figure 4 – Waveform for odd harmonics influence test on active power measurement	66	
Figure 5 – Spectral content for odd harmonics influence test on active power measurement.....	67	
Figure 6 – Waveform for sub-harmonics influence test on active power measurement	68	
Figure 7 – Spectral content for sub-harmonics influence test on active power measurement.....	68	
Figure 8 – Common mode voltage influence testing	69	
Figure 9 – Waveform for harmonics influence test on frequency measurement	70	
Figure A.1 – Simplified overview of measurement applications on supply side and demand side.....	75	
Figure B.1 – Arithmetic and vector apparent powers in sinusoidal situation	81	
Figure B.2 – Three-phase circuit without neutral	82	
Figure C.1 – Formatting of power factor with a consumer perspective	84	
Figure C.2 – Convention for power factor with a producer perspective.....	85	
Figure D.1 – Thermal current demand	87	
Figure D.2 – Fixed block interval	88	
Figure D.3 – Sliding block interval	88	
Figure E.1 – Different kinds of uncertainties	89	
Figure E.2 – Flowchart for the determination of the operating uncertainty.....	90	
Figure G.1 – Illustration of the notion of measurement uncertainty	95	
Figure G.2 – Overview of the uncertainty test procedure	97	
Table 1 – Functional classification of PMD with minimal required functions	23	
Table 2 – Structure of PMD.....	24	
Table 3 – List of applicable performance classes.....	25	
Table 4 – Reference conditions for testing.....	26	
Table 5 – Rated operating temperatures for portable equipment	26	
Table 6 – Rated operating temperatures for fixed installed equipment.....	27	
Table 7 – Humidity and altitude operating conditions	27	
Table 8 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for active power and active energy measurement	30	
Table 9 – Influence quantities for active power and active energy measurement (1 of 3).....	31	
Table 10 – Minimum test period	34	
Table 11 – Starting current for active power and active energy measurement.....	35	
Table 12 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for reactive power and reactive energy measurement.....	35	
Table 13 – Influence quantities for reactive power and reactive energy measurement.....	36	
Table 14 – Minimum test period	37	

Table 15 – Starting current for reactive energy measurement.....	38
Table 16 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for apparent power and apparent energy measurement.....	38
Table 17 – Influence quantities for apparent power and apparent energy measurement.....	39
Table 18 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for frequency measurement	40
Table 19 – Influence quantities for frequency measurement.....	41
Table 20 – Rated range of operation for phase current measurement.....	41
Table 21 – Rated range of operation for neutral current (calculated or measured)	42
Table 22 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for phase current	42
Table 23 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for neutral current measurement	42
Table 24 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for neutral current calculation	43
Table 25 – Influence quantities for phase current and neutral current measurement	44
Table 26 – Rated range of operation for RMS voltage measurement	45
Table 27 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for RMS voltage measurement.....	45
Table 28 – Influence quantities for RMS voltage measurement	46
Table 29 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for power factor measurement	47
Table 30 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for flicker measurement	48
Table 31 – Rated range of operation for voltage dips and swells measurement	50
Table 32 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for voltage dips and swells measurement.....	51
Table 33 – Influence quantities for dips and swells measurement.....	52
Table 34 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for voltage interruption measurement	54
Table 35 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for transient overvoltage measurement	54
Table 36 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for voltage unbalance measurement.....	55
Table 37 – Rated range of operation for voltage harmonics measurement.....	55
Table 38 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for voltage harmonics measurement.....	55
Table 39 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for voltage THD_U or $THD-R_U$ measurement.....	56
Table 40 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for current unbalance measurement	56
Table 41 – Rated range of operation for current harmonics measurement	57
Table 42 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for current harmonics measurement	57
Table 43 – Intrinsic uncertainty table for current THD_I and $THD-R_I$ measurement.....	57
Table 44 – Minimum IP requirements for PMD	58
Table 45 – PMD specification form	63
Table 46 – Characteristics specification template	64
Table A.1 – Main measurement applications.....	76
Table B.1 – Definition of symbols	77
Table B.2 – Calculation definitions for electrical parameters	78
Table C.1 – Conventions for the sign of Power factor with a Consumer perspective.....	85
Table C.2 – Conventions for the sign of power factor with a producer perspective	86
Table F.1 – PMD SD associated with current sensor or PMD DS associated with voltage sensor or PMD SS associated with voltage and current sensors.....	91
Table F.2 – List of functions affected by uncertainty of external sensors	92
Table G.1 – Correction factor $C(N)$ for sample size N	94

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ELECTRICAL SAFETY IN LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION
SYSTEMS UP TO 1 000 V AC AND 1 500 V DC. –
EQUIPMENT FOR TESTING, MEASURING OR
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International Standard IEC 61557-12 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 85: Measuring equipment for electrical and electromagnetic quantities.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) PMD-A has been withdrawn due the fact these devices are now mainly covered by the IEC 62586 series of standards.
- b) Three categories of PMD have been created with a list of minimum required functions for each category.

- c) Added a new Annex A explaining the different applications linked to the relevant standards and devices, and another new Annex C about the power factor conventions.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
85/644/FDIS	85/649/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61557 series, published under the general title *Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1 000 V AC and 1 500 V DC – Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

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INTRODUCTION

Energy distribution systems need to guarantee energy efficiency, availability and network performances in order to address the following challenges:

- sustainable development requirements where energy measurement, for instance, is recognised as an essential element of energy management, part of the overall drive to reduce carbon emissions and to improve the commercial efficiency of manufacturing, commercial organizations and public services;
- technological evolutions (electronic loads, electronic measuring methods, etc.);
- end-users needs (cost saving, compliance with aspects of building regulations, etc.) regarding electrical energy management as well as other energies, or fluids. Other functionalities involving several non electrical parameters are often needed in parallel;
- safety and continuity of service;
- evolution of installation standards, for instance over-current detection is now a new requirement for the neutral conductor due to harmonic content.

Monitoring electrical quantities in internal networks allows to address these challenges.

The devices on the current market have different characteristics, which need a common system of references. Therefore there is a need for this document in order to facilitate the choices of the end-users in terms of performance, safety, interpretation of the indications, etc. This document provides a basis by which such devices can be specified and described, and their performance evaluated.

In order to fulfil the requirements of the energy efficiency project, many PMD measuring electrical parameters can also collect data (water, air, gas, temperature...) coming from other sensors or meters inside building or plant areas. In order to be able to transmit all these data to a supervision software it will be relevant to equip the PMD with a communication bus. The supervision software will then manage all the collected data in order to monitor them and produce useful reports for energy usage and consumption analysis.

**ELECTRICAL SAFETY IN LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION
SYSTEMS UP TO 1 000 V AC AND 1 500 V DC. –
EQUIPMENT FOR TESTING, MEASURING OR
MONITORING OF PROTECTIVE MEASURES –**

Part 12: Power metering and monitoring devices (PMD)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61557 specifies requirements for power metering and monitoring devices (PMD) that measure and monitor the electrical quantities within electrical distribution systems, and optionally other external signals. These requirements also define the performance in single- and three-phase AC or DC systems having rated voltages up to 1 000 V AC or up to 1 500 V DC.

These devices are fixed or portable. They are intended to be used indoors and/or outdoors.

Power metering and monitoring devices (PMD), as defined in this document, give additional safety information, which aids the verification of the installation and enhances the performance of the distribution systems.

The power metering and monitoring devices (PMD) for electrical parameters described in this document are used for general industrial and commercial applications.

This document does not address functional safety and cyber security aspects.

This document is not applicable for:

- electricity metering equipment that complies with IEC 62053-21, IEC 62053-22, IEC 62053-23 and IEC 62053-24. Nevertheless, uncertainties defined in this document for active and reactive energy measurement are derived from those defined in IEC 62053 (all parts);
- the measurement and monitoring of electrical parameters defined in IEC 61557-2 to IEC 61557-9 and IEC 61557-13 or in IEC 62020;
- power quality instrument (PQI) according IEC 62586 (all parts);
- devices covered by IEC 60051 (all parts) (direct acting analogue electrical measuring instrument).

NOTE 1 Generally such types of devices are used in the following applications or for the following general needs:

- energy management inside the installation, such as facilitating the implementation of documents such as ISO 50001 and IEC 60364-8-1;
- monitoring and/or measurement of electrical parameters;
- measurement and/or monitoring of the quality of energy inside commercial/industrial installations.

NOTE 2 A measuring and monitoring device of electrical parameters usually consists of several functional modules. All or some of the functional modules are combined in one device. Examples of functional modules are:

- measurement and monitoring of several electrical parameters simultaneously;
- energy measurement and/or monitoring, as well as sometimes compliance with aspects of building regulations;
- alarms functions;
- demand side quality (current and voltage harmonics, over/under voltages, voltage dips and swells, etc.).

NOTE 3 PMD are historically called power meter, power monitor, power monitor device, power energy monitoring device, power analyser, multifunction meter, measuring multifunction equipment, energy meters.

NOTE 4 Metering, measuring and monitoring applications are explained in Annex A.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-1, *Environmental testing – Part 2-1: Tests – Test A: Cold*

IEC 60068-2-2, *Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Tests B: Dry heat*

IEC 60068-2-30, *Environmental testing – Part 2-30 – Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)*

IEC 60529, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)*

IEC 61000-4-30:2015, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-30: Testing and measurement techniques – Power quality measurement methods*

IEC 61010-1:2010, *Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 61010-1:2010/AMD1:2016

IEC 61010-2-030:2017, *Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 2-030: Particular requirements for testing and measuring circuits*

IEC 61326-1:2012, *Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 62053-31:1998, *Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) – Particular requirements – Part 31: Pulse output devices for electromechanical and electronic meters (two wires only)*

3 Terms, definitions and notations

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions and notations apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1 General definitions

3.1.1

power metering and monitoring device

PMD

combination in one or more devices of several functional modules dedicated to metering and monitoring electrical parameters in energy distribution systems or electrical installations, used for applications such as energy efficiency, power monitoring and network performance

Note 1 to entry: Under the generic term “monitoring” are also included functions of recording, alarm management, etc.