

Passive RF and microwave devices, intermodulation level measurement - Part 6: Measurement of passive intermodulation in antennas (IEC 62037-6:2013)

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**Passive RF and microwave devices, intermodulation level measurement -
Part 6: Measurement of passive intermodulation in antennas
(IEC 62037-6:2013)**

Dispositifs RF et à micro-ondes passifs,
mesure du niveau d'intermodulation -
Partie 6: Mesure de l'intermodulation
passive dans les antennes
(CEI 62037-6:2013)

Passive HF- und Mikrowellenbauteile,
Messung des Intermodulationspegels -
Teil 6: Messung der passiven
Intermodulation in Antennen
(IEC 62037-6:2013)

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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Foreword

The text of document 46/410/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62037-6, prepared by IEC TC 46 "Cables, wires, waveguides, R.F. connectors, R.F. and microwave passive components and accessories" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 62037-6:2013.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2013-11-20
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2016-02-20

This document partially supersedes EN 62037:1999.

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Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62037-6:2013 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 62037-1	2012	Passive RF and microwave devices, intermodulation level measurement - Part 1: General requirements and measuring methods	EN 62037-1	2012
IEC 62037-3	-	Passive RF and microwave devices, intermodulation level measurement - Part 3: Measurement of passive intermodulation in coaxial connectors	EN 62037-3	-

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PASSIVE RF AND MICROWAVE DEVICES, INTERMODULATION LEVEL MEASUREMENT –

Part 6: Measurement of passive intermodulation in antennas

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62037 defines test fixtures and procedures recommended for measuring levels of passive intermodulation generated by antennas, typically used in wireless communication systems. The purpose is to define qualification and acceptance test methods for antennas for use in low intermodulation (low IM) applications.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62037-1:2012, *Passive r.f. and microwave devices, intermodulation level measurement – Part 1: General requirements and measuring methods*

IEC 62037-3, *Passive r.f. and microwave devices, intermodulation level measurement – Part 3: Measurement of passive intermodulation in coaxial connectors*

3 Abbreviations

AIM	Active intermodulation
AUT	Antenna under test
ESD	Electrostatic discharge
HPA	High power amplifier
IM	Intermodulation
LNA	Low noise amplifier
PIM	Passive intermodulation
RF	Radio frequency

4 Antenna definitions as it pertains to PIM

4.1 Antenna

An antenna is that part of a radio transmitting or receiving system which is designed to provide the required coupling between a transmitter or a receiver and the medium in which the radio wave propagates.

The antenna consists of a number of parts or components. These components include, but are not limited to, one or many radiating elements, one or many RF interfaces, a distribution or combining feed network, internal support structures, devices which control or adjust the amplitude/phase response and distribution to the radiating element(s), filters, diplexers, orthomode transducers, polarizers, waveguides, coaxial cables or printed circuits. In addition, peripheral components could also influence the PIM performance of the antenna. These