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Ontion Ochonological Control of the Contr Digital terrestrial television receivers for the DVB-T system



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 62216:2011 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 62216:2011 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 62216:2011 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 62216:2011.
Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 29.07.2011 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.	This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 29.07.2011 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on 22.07.2011.	Date of Availability of the European standard text 22.07.2011.

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The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

ICS 33.160.25

Inglisekeelsed võtmesõnad: canals, frame structures, modulation, radiocommunications, receiver, receivers, satellite communications, sound transmission, telecommunication, telecommunications, television, television broadcasting, television systems, television transmission, vision signals,

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 62216

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2011

ICS 33.160.25

Supersedes EN 62216-1:2002

English version

Digital terrestrial television receivers for the DVB-T system (IEC 62216:2009)

Récepteur de télévision numérique terrestre pour le système DVB-T (CEI 62216:2009)

Fernsehempfänger für das digitale terrestrische DVB-T-System (IEC 62216:2009)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2011-01-02. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 100/1449/CDV, future edition 1 of IEC 62216, prepared by technical area 1, Terminals for audio, video and data services and contents of IEC TC 100, Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 62216 on 2011-01-02.

This European Standard supersedes EN 62216-1:2002.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2011-10-02

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2014-01-02

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62216:2009 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
-	3	Domestic and similar electronic equipment interconnection requirements: Peritelevision connector	EN 50049-1	-
-	-	Common interface specification for conditional access and other digital video broadcasting decoder applications	EN 50221	-
IEC 60958-1	-	Digital audio interface - Part 1: General	EN 60958-1	-
IEC 61169-2	-	Radio-frequency connectors - Part 2: Sectional specification - Radio frequency coaxial connectors of type 9,52	EN 61169-2	-
IEC 61937	Series	Digital audio - Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 6095	EN 61937 8	Series
ISO/IEC 6937	-	Information technology - Coded graphic character set for text communication - Latin alphabet	-	-
ISO/IEC 8859-9	-	Information technology - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 9: Latin alphabet No. 5	-	-
ISO/IEC 11172-2	-	Information technology - Coding of moving pictures and associated audio for digital storage media at up to about 1,5 Mbit/s - Part 2: Video	-	-
ISO/IEC 13818-1	-	Information technology - Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information: Systems) X	-
ISO/IEC 13818-2	-	Information technology - Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information - Part 2: Video		-
ISO/IEC 13818-3	-	Information technology - Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information - Part 3: Audio	- 7	-
ISO/IEC 14496-3	-	Information technology - Coding of audiovisual objects - Part 3: Audio	- 2	5
ISO/IEC 14496-10	-	Information technology - Coding of audiovisual objects - Part 10: Advanced Video Coding	-	-

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
ISO 639-2	-	Codes for the representation of names of languages - Part 2: Alpha-3 code	-	-
ETSI EN 300 744	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB): Framing structure, channel coding and modulation for digital terrestrial television	-	-
ETSI EN 300 468	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB): Specification for Service Information (SI) in DVB systems	-	-
ETS EN 300 743	}_	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) - Subtitling systems	-	-
ETSI EN 300 706		Enhanced teletext specification	-	-
ETSI EN 300 472	-3	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) - Specification for conveying ITU-R system B teletext in DVB bitstreams	-	-
ETSI EN 300 294	-	Television systems - 625 line television Wide Screen Signalling (WSS)	-	-
ETSI EN 301 775	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) - Specification for the carriage of Vertical Blanking Information (VBI) data in DVB bitstreams	-	-
ETSI EN 300 231	-	Television systems - Specification of the domestic video Programme Delivery Control system (PDC)	-	-
ETSI TS 101 154	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Specification for the use of Video and Audio Coding in Broadcasting Applications based on the MPEG-2 Transport Stream	-	-
ETSI TS 102 366	-	Digital Audio Compression (AC-3, Enhanced AC-3)	-	-
ETSI TS 101 699	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) - Extensions to the common interface specification	-	-
ETSI TR 101 211	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Guidelines on implementation and usage of Service Information (SI)	5 -	-
ETSI TS 102 006	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Specification for System Software Update in DVB Systems	Ö	-
ETR 289	-	Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) - Support for use of scrambling and Conditional Access (CA) within digital broadcasting systems		-
ETR 162	-	Digital broadcasting systems for television sound and data services - Allocation of Service Information (SI) codes for Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) systems	-	-
ITU-R BS.775-2	-	Multichannel stereophonic sound system with and without accompanying picture	۱ -	Ū,
ITU-R BT.470-7	-	Conventional analogue television systems	-	-

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
ITU-R BT.1119-2	-	Wide-screen signalling for broadcasting (Signalling for wide-screen and other enhanced television parameters)	-	-
ITU-R BT.1359-1	-	Relative timing of sound and vision for broadcasting	-	-
R 206-001	-	Guidelines for implementation and use of the common interface for DVB decoder applications	-	-
CEA 770.3	-	High definition TV analog component video interface	-	-
CEA 861		interface A DTV Profile for Uncompressed High Speed Digital Interfaces		

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INTRODUCTION

Television has evolved over the last half century from an up-market entertainment medium to becoming the major information tool around the world. Television is available to virtually all people around the globe, be it individually or in a community setting.

The advent of the "personal computer", enabling global reach and instant interaction has escalated the demand for more and more information and the ability to respond to it instantly. It is thus that the broadcasters and content providers set out to seek new means of delivering higher levels of content, be it in volume or quality using existing or new transport mechanisms available.

Digitalisation, taken from the world of information technology was the obvious choice. It further brought the added benefits of efficient use of spectrum and energy. Terrestrial television has to migrate from analogue to digital in order to survive in the new information society.

Governments are keen to switch off the inefficient analogue broadcasts for a number of obvious reasons, but only will be able to do so when consumers are confident that the new proposition is attractive and affordable.

Due to the multitude of communities, sometimes single operators, often on a country by country basis dealing with the parameters and standards options of launching Digital Terrestrial services based on DVB, there is a natural tendency to create a variety of incompatible platforms tied to particular TV operators, and this in turn does not allow for economy of scale for all parties concerned, be it content providers, broadcasters, network providers or equipment manufacturers.

In 2000, after over two years of requirement capture in DigiTAG (Digital Television Action Group) EACEM (European Association of Consumer Electronics Manufacturers), which has evolved into EICTA (European Information, Communications and Consumer Electronics Technology Industry Associations), decided to address this situation by developing a basic specification as a minimum platform, providing secure reception of broadcast content and associated services. This resulted in the first revision of this standard. It has been used as a basis in many countries to deploy Digital Terrestrial TV (DTT) with great success.

In 2007, with a new wave of High Definition services being considered to be launched due to the availability of MPEG4 components, EICTA and the French "Forum HD" decided to collaborate to create an update for High Definition, and make some minor adjustments that were due after 7 years of practice with Standard Definition terrestrial TV in the market. The new standard improvements are taking into account contributions and comments from a.o. UK DTG (draft HD D-Book), Nordig and DGTVi. This standard does not yet address new generations of channel coding (DVB-T2) now being considered by DVB. Extensions of this standard in this domain may be foreseen in the future.

DIGITAL TERRESTRIAL TELEVISION RECEIVERS FOR THE DVB-T SYSTEM

1 Scope and object

This International Standard specifies both Standard Definition and High Definition receivers for the DVB-T system.

It concerns:

- · broadcasters, and
- receiver manufacturers.

The objective is to define:

- how to provide broadcasts that are understood by all receivers and enable receivers to provide good facilities to their users;
- the behaviour required from receivers to work well with these broadcasts and to be attractive to consumers.

To avoid doubt, the words "shall", "should", etc. are used in the traditional way to distinguish issues that are mandatory versus those that are optional A baseline receiver will support the mandatory features but not all the optional features in this standard. Inclusion of optional features is part of the marketing strategy of the manufacturer.

Subtitling and teletext are considered to be components of TV services. Standalone teletext services (without associated video content) are not part of this standard.

This standard primarily addresses terrestrial delivery of digital transmissions.

This standard primarily addresses deployment in countries that use European Latin script based languages.

Two types of systems are considered:

- standard systems where services are all SD and use well-established codecs. Standard receivers which can decode standard services are suitable for these systems;
- advanced systems where some services may use advanced codecs, for example to provide HD video. Advanced receivers which can decode advanced services are suitable for these systems.

Where the term "receiver" or "broadcast" is used without a qualifier, the statement is applicable equally to both types of systems.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61169-2, Radio-frequency connectors – Part 2: Sectional specification – Radio frequency coaxial connectors of type 9,52

IEC 60958-1, Digital audio interface – Part 1: General

IEC 61937 (all parts), Digital audio – Interface for non-linear PCM encoded audio bitstreams applying IEC 60958

ISO/IEC 6937, Information technology – Coded graphic character set for text communication – Latin alphabet

ISO/IEC 8859-9, Information technology — 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets — Part 9: Latin alphabet No. 5

ISO/IEC 11172-2, Information technology – Coding of moving pictures and associated audio for digital storage media at up to about 1,5 Mbit/s – Part 2: Video

ISO/IEC 13818-1, Information technology – Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information: Systems

ISO/IEC 13818-2, Information technology – Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information: Video

ISO/IEC 13818-3, Information technology – Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information: Audio

ISO/IEC 14496-3, Information Technology - Coding of audio-visual objects -Part 3: Audio

ISO/IEC 14496-10, Information technology – Coding of audio-visual objects – Part 10: Advanced Video Coding

ISO 639-2, Codes for the representation of names of languages – Part 2: Alpha-3 code

ITU-R BS.775-2, Multichannel stereophonic sound system with and without accompanying picture

ITU-R BT.470-7 Conventional television systems

ITU-R BT.1119-2, Wide-screen signalling for broadcasting (Signalling for wide-screen and other enhanced television parameters)

ITU-R BT.1359-1, Relative timing of sound and vision for broadcasting

EN 50049-1, Domestic and similar electronic equipment interconnection requirements: Peritelevision connector

EN 50221, Common Interface Specification for Conditional Access and Other Digital Video Broadcasting Decoder Applications

EN 300 294, Television Systems – 625-line television Wide Screen Signalling (WSS)

EN 300 468, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) – Specification for Service Information (SI) in DVB systems

EN 300 472, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) – Specification for conveying ITU-R System B Teletext in DVB bitstreams

EN 300 743, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) – Subtitling systems

EN 300 744, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) – Framing structure, channel coding and modulation for digital terrestrial television

EN 301 775, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) – Specification for the carriage of Vertical Blanking Information (VBI) data in DVB bitstreams

ETR 162, Digital broadcasting systems for television sound and data services; Allocation of Service Information (SI) codes for Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) systems

Note that the allocation of identifiers is handled by DVB; up-to-date information on DVB identifiers can be obtained from <www.dvb.org>.

ETR 289, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) – Support for use of scrambling and Conditional Access (CA) within digital broadcasting systems

ETS 300 231, Television systems; Specification of the domestic video Programme Delivery Control system (PDC)

ETS 300 706, Enhanced Teletext specification

R206-001, Guidelines for Implementation and Use of the Common Interface for DVB Decoder Applications

TS 101 154, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Implementation guidelines for the use of Video and Audio Coding in Broadcasting Applications based on the MPEG-2 Transport Stream

TR 101 211, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Guidelines on implementation and usage of Service Information (SI)

TS 101 699, Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Extensions to the Common Interface Specification

TS 102 006, Digital Video Broadcast (DVB); Specification for System Software Update in DVB systems

TS 102 366, Digital Audio Compression (AC-3, Enhanced AC-3) Standard

CEA 770.3, High Definition TV Analog Component Video Interface

CEA 861, A DTV Profile for Uncompressed High Speed Digital Interfaces

3 Abbreviations and symbols

AD Audio Description

AFD Active Format Description

API Application Programming Interface

AU Access Unit

BAT Bouquet Association Table

bslbf Bit string, left bit first CA Conditional Access

CCO Centre Cut-Out

DDS Display Definition Segment