EESTI STANDARD

17:500 CUM

Pidevtoimega teisaldusseadmed ja süsteemid. Ohutusnõuded puistematerjalide pneumaatilise teisaldamise süsteemidele ja nende komponentidele

Continuous handling equipment and systems - Safety requirements for systems and their components for pneumatic handling of bulk materials



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN	
741:2000+A1:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 741:2000+A1:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 741:2000+A1:2010 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 741:2000+A1:2010.
Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 31.12.2010 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.	This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 31.12.2010 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on 15.12.2010.	Date of Availability of the European standard text 15.12.2010.
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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

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English Version

Continuous handling equipment and systems - Safety requirements for systems and their components for pneumatic handling of bulk materials

Equipements et systèmes de manutention continue -Prescriptions de sécurité pour les systèmes et leurs composants pour la manutention pneumatique des produits en vrac

Stetigförderer und Systeme - Sicherheitsanforderungen an Systeme und ihre Komponenten zur pneumatischen Förderung von Schüttgut

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1 July 1999 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 16 November 2010.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 741:2000+A1:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 148 "Continuous handling equipment and systems - Safety", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2010-11-16.

This document supersedes EN 741:2000.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags \mathbb{A} \mathbb{A} .

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this standard.

This standard forms part of a series of five standards the titles of which are given below:

EN 617, A Continuous handling equipment and systems — Safety and EMC requirements for the equipment for the storage of bulk materials in silos, bunkers, bins and hoppers (A)

EN 618, A Continuous handling equipment and systems — Safety and EMC requirements for equipment for mechanical handling of bulk materials except fixed belt conveyors (A

EN 619, M Continuous handling equipment and systems — Safety and EMC requirements for equipment for mechanical handling of unit loads (A)

EN 620, M Continuous handling equipment and systems — Safety and EMC requirements for fixed belt conveyors for bulk materials (A

EN 741, Continuous handling equipment and systems — Safety requirements for systems and their components for pneumatic handling of bulk materials

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According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Introduction

This European standard is a type C standard as defined in \mathbb{A} EN ISO 12100-1 \mathbb{A} .

When provisions of this type C standard are different from those which are stated in type A or B standards, the provisions of this type C standard take precedence over the provisions of the other standards, for systems and components that have been designed and built according to the provisions of this type C standard.

While producing this standard it was assumed that:

- only trained persons operate the machine;
- parts without specific requirements are:
 - a) designed in accordance with the usual engineering practice and calculation codes, including all failures modes;
 - b) of sound mechanical and electrical construction;
 - c) made of materials with adequate strength and of suitable quality;
 - d) made of materials free of defects;
- harmful materials, such as asbestos are not used as part of the system and components;

- components and system are kept in good repair and working order, so that the required characteristics remain despite wear;

- by design of the load bearing elements, a safe operation of the system and components is assured for loading ranging from zero to 100 % of the rated possibilities and during the tests;

the ambient air temperature is maintained between - 15 °C and + 40 °C;

- the relative humidity is kept between limits which do not impede the safe working of the system and components;

- the components (see clause 3.4) are not exposed to external vibration;

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- a negotiation takes place between the user / installer and the manufacturer concerning the particular conditions for the use and places of use of the machinery;

- the working area is adequately lit;
- the places of installation allow a safe use of the system;

- safety data sheets on the bulk materials to be conveyed are provided by the user / installer and are part of the design criteria.

EN 617, EN 618 and EN 620 may need to be considered for a complete continuous handling system (machine).

1 Scope

1.1 This standard specifies the special safety requirements for those types of fixed pneumatic handling systems and components as defined in clause 3, which are designed for conveying bulk materials on a continuous or an intermittent basis (batch conveying system) from the loading point(s) to the unloading point(s).

1.2 This European standard deals with the technical requirements to minimise the hazards listed in clause 4 which can arise during the operation and the maintenance of the pneumatic conveying system. when carried out in accordance with the specifications given by the manufacturer or his authorised representative.

Annex A gives a list of hazards according to \square EN ISO 12100-1 \square . and the safety requirements and/or measures are specified in the same order as they are given in Annex A.

1.3 This standard applies to design, on site assembly, and commissioning stages.

1.4 This standard applies also to the built-in actuators and parts of the systems, which control the components.

1.5 Exclusions

This standard does not specify the requirements for any elements used as a link between a fixed part(s) of the system and any other part mounted on mobile/movable supports (e.g.: ship, unloaders, ...).

This standard does not take into account the risks of burns and scalds by the radiation of heat sources or by contact with hot gases.

This standard does not take into account the risk generated by ionising materials used in measuring equipment (e.g. level indicators).

This standard does not specify the requirements for handling specific hazardous materials, such as radiating material, explosives, explosive gases, ...

This standard does not specify the requirements for hazards due to electrostatic charges of pipes and equipment made of non-metallic materials.

The safety requirements for the transportation including loading and unloading of the components are not covered by this standard.

This standard does not apply to pneumatic conveying systems used underground, for mining and in public areas.

This European standard does not establish the additional requirements for: freezer applications, high temperatures, corrosive environments, strong magnetic fields, potentially explosive atmospheres, radioactive environment, operation on ships and earthquake effects, hazards during decommissioning.

A) This standard does not specify the requirements for hazards due to noise.

2 Normative references

A) The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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EN 349:1993, Safety of machinery — Minimum gaps to avoid crushing of parts of the human body

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EN 953:1997, Safety of machinery — Guards — General requirements for the design and construction of fixed and movable guards

EN 1037:1995, Safety of machinery — Prevention of unexpected start-up

EN 1050:1996, Safety of machinery - Risk assessment

EN 1070: 1998, Safety of machinery — Terminology

EN 1088:1995, Safety of machinery — Interlocking devices associated with guards — Principles for design and selection

EN 1127-1:1997, Safety of machinery — Fire and explosions — Part 1: Explosion prevention and protection

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EN 50014:1992, Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres — General requirements

EN 50082-2:1995, Electromagnetic compatibility — Generic immunity standard — Part 2: Industrial environment

EN 60204-1:2006, Safety of machinery — Electrical equipment of machines — Part 1: General requirements (IEC 60204-1:2005, modified) (A)

EN 60529:1991, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (code IP)

EN 61310-2:1995, Safety of machinery - Indication, marking and actuation - Part 2: Requirements for marking

EN 1672-2:1997, Food processing machinery — Basic concepts — Part 2: Hygiene requirements

CENELEC R044-001:1999, Guidance and recommendations for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity

A) EN ISO 12100-1, Safety of machinery — Basic concepts, general principles for design — Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology (ISO 12100-1:2003)

A) EN ISO 12100-2:2003, Safety of machinery — Basic concepts, general principles for design — Part 2: Technical principles (ISO 12100-2:2003) ▲

EN ISO 13732-1, Ergonomics of the thermal environment — Methods for the assessment of human responses to contact with surfaces — Part 1: Hot surfaces (ISO 13732-1:2006) (A)

EN ISO 13850, Safety of machinery — Emergency stop — Principles for design (ISO 13850:2006) (A)

A) EN ISO 13857:2008, Safety of machinery — Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs. (ISO 13857:2008) (A)

A) EN ISO 14122-1, Safety of machinery — Permanent means of access to machinery — Part 1: Choice of fixed means of access between two levels (ISO 14122-1:2001) A

EN ISO 14122-2:2001, Safety of machinery — Permanent means of access to machinery — Part 2: Working platforms and walkways (ISO 14122-2:2001)

A EN ISO 14122-3, Safety of machinery — Permanent means of access to machinery — Part 3: Stairs, stepladders and guard-rails (ISO 14122-3:2001) A

EN ISO 14122-4, Safety of machinery — Permanent means of access to machinery — Part 4: Fixed ladders (ISO 14122-4:2004)

ISO 3864:1984, Safety colours and safety signs

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the following terms and definitions apply in addition to those stated in EN 1070: