Tööstuslikud termotöötlusseadmed. Osa 8: Eriohutusnõuded karastusseadmestikule

Industrial thermoprocessing equipment - Part 8: Particular safety requirements for quenching equipment



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

| Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 746- | This Estonian standard EVS-EN 746- |
|--|---|
| 8:2001 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN | 8:2001 consists of the English text of the |
| 746-8:2000 ingliskeelset teksti. | European standard EN 746-8:2000. |
| | |
| Käesolev dokument on jõustatud | This document is endorsed on 16.02.2001 |
| 16.02.2001 ja selle kohta on avaldatud | with the notification being published in the |
| teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni | official publication of the Estonian national |
| ametlikus väljaandes. | standardisation organisation. |
| | |

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala:

This part of EN 746 gives the specific hazards and safety requirements that shall be provided by the manufacturer for Quenching Equipment, whether it is used as an independent unit or an integrated part of a plant.

Scope:

This part of EN 746 gives the specific hazards and safety requirements that shall be provided by the manufacturer for Quenching Equipment, whether it is used as an independent unit or an integrated part of a plant.

ICS 25.180.01

Võtmesõnad: industrial proce, mechanical engineering, occupational safety, personnel security, protection against danger, protective devices, protective gases, protective measures, quenching, reaction gases, safety, safety design, safety devices, safety requirements, salt bath

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

FN 746-8

September 2000

Ref. No. EN 746-8: 2000 E

ICS 25.180.01

English version

Industrial thermoprocessing equipment Part 8: Particular safety requirements for quenching equipment

Equipements thermiques industriels – Partie 8: Prescriptions particulières

de sécurité pour les équipements de

trempe

Industrielle Thermoprozessanlagen – Teil 8: Besondere Sicherheitsanforderungen an Abschreckanlagen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1999-11-22.

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FOREWORD

This European Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 186 "Industrial thermoprocessing - Safety", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2001, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2001.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this standard.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

The working group that drafted this Part of EN 746 comprised experts from the following countries: France, Germany, Italy, Sweden and United Kingdom.

This standard forms one part of a series safety standards covering Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment.

The full list of parts of EN 746 is given below:

EN 746 Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment

- Part 1: Common Safety Requirements for Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment
- Part 2: Safety Requirements for Combustion and Fuel Handling Systems
- Part 3: Safety Requirements for the Generation and Use of Atmosphere gases
- Part 4: Particular Safety Requirements for Hot Dip Galvanising Thermoprocessing Equipment
- Part 5: Particular Safety Requirements for Salt Bath Thermoprocessing Equipment
- Part 6: Particular Safety Requirements for Material Melting, Remelting and Liquid Phase Maintaining Thermoprocessing Equipment
- Part 7: Particular Safety Requirements for Vacuum Thermoprocessing Equipment.
- Part 8: Particular Safety Requirements for Quenching Equipment

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An assessment of the foreseeable risks arising from the use of the equipment was carried out when this standard was prepared.

The annexes A and ZA are informative.

0 INTRODUCTION

The EN 746-1 General Safety Requirements contains the common safety provisions and devices for all types of industrial thermoprocessing equipment. This part of the standard details in addition those extra safety requirements which need special attention against quenching equipment.

This European Standard is a type C standard as defined in EN 292:1991.

The extent to which hazards are covered is indicated in the scope of this standard.

1 SCOPE

This part of EN 746 gives the specific hazards and safety requirements that shall be provided by the manufacturer for Quenching Equipment, whether it is used as an independent unit or an integrated part of a plant.

This part of EN 746 does not cover specific hazards and safety requirements for Salt Bath bath equipment used as a quenching means (see EN 746-5:2000).

This part of EN 746 does not cover the handling, storage, transport, disposal, transfer or regeneration of the quenching media and processed material outside the limits of the equipment.

This part of EN 746 standard applies not only to the normal operation of the equipment but also to the safety of personnel and property when foreseeable faults occur in them.

Examples of quenching equipment are shown in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2.

NOTE: There are many variations in the design of quenching equipment. Only two examples of the various types are given in this text.

2 NORMATIVE REFERENCES

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated references, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

Personal eye-protection - Specifications

| EN 292-1:1991 | Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design - Part 1: Basic terminology, methodology |
|------------------|---|
| EN 292-2:1991 | Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design - Part 2: Technical principles and specifications |
| EN 345 | Specification for safety footwear for professional use |
| EN 346 | Specification for protective footwear for professional use |
| EN 469 | Protective clothing for firefighters - Requirements and test methods for protective clothing for firefighting |
| EN 531 | Protective clothing for industrial workers exposed to heat (excluding fire fighters' and welders' clothing) |
| EN 614-1 | Safety of machinery - Ergonomic design principles - Part 1: Terminology and general principles |
| EN 746-1:1997 | Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment - Part 1: Common Safety Requirements for Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment |
| EN 746-2:1997 | Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment - Part 2: Safety Requirements for Combustion and Fuel Handling Systems |
| EN 746-3:1997 | Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment - Part 3: Safety Requirements for the Generation and Use of Atmosphere Gases |
| EN 746-5:2000 | Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment - Part 5: Particular Safety Requirements for Salt Bath Thermoprocessing Equipment |
| EN 746-8:2000 | Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment - Part 8: Particular Safety Requirements for Quenching Equipment |
| prEN 1005-2:1998 | Safety of machinery - Human physical performance Part 2: Manual handling of machinery and component parts of machinery |
| prEN 1005-3:1998 | Safety of machinery - Human physical performance - Part 3: Recommended force limits for machinery operation |
| EN 1070 | Safety of machinery - Terminology |

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EN 60204-1:1997 Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines -

Part 1: General requirements (IEC 60204-1:1997)

EN 61310-1 Safety of machinery - Indication, marking and actuation -

Part 1: Requirements for visual, auditory and tacticle signals

(IEC 61310-1:1995)

3 DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this standard the definitions given in EN 1070 apply.

Additional definitions specifically needed for this standard are added below:

3.1 Enclosed chamber

A chamber used for quenching with a gas or gases at low atmospheric or positive pressures.

3.2 Quenching media

The fluid used as the coolant to extract heat from the components being processed, such as oils, water/oil emulsions, salt solutions, molten lead, polymers, steam (water vapour) and fluidised beds.

3.3 Flood quench

A quenching process where a liquid quenchant is pumped or flows by gravity over the surface of the part to be treated.

3.4 Open quench

Components enter the quench medium in contact with the atmosphere contained in a fully open tank.

3.5 Press quench

A quenching process carried out in specially designed machines in which the hot component is located between dies under pressure and held in position while the quenchant flows over it.

3.6 Small tank

A container of less than 1000 l capacity and with a surface area (open or covered) of less than 1 m².

3.7 Medium tank

A container of between 1000 l and 3000 l capacity and with a surface area (open or covered) of not more than 2 m².