

English Version

**Material derived from End-of-Life tyres - Granulates and
powders - Elastomers identification: Gas-chromatography
and mass-spectrometric detection of pyrolysis products in
solution**

Matériaux obtenus à partir de pneumatiques en fin de
vie - Granulats et poudrette - Identification des
élastomères : Détection par chromatographie en phase
gazeuse et spectrométrie de masse des produits de
pyrolyse en solution

Material aus Altreifen - Granulat und Mehle -
Identifizierung von Elastomeren: Gaschromatographie
und massenspektrometrische Detektion von
Pyrolyseprodukten in Lösung

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
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European foreword

This document (CEN/TS 17307:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 366 “Materials obtained from End-of-Life Tyres (ELT)”, the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

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Introduction

WARNING — Persons using this European Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the identification of the elastomers in granulates or powder derived from End-of-Life Tyres.

The method specified is a qualitative method only.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1407, *Rubber — Determination of solvent extract*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Principle

A sufficient amount of granules or powder is compacted and homogenized in a laboratory mill and a small aliquot of the homogenized sample is then solvent extracted and subjected to pyrolysis at elevated temperature. Few drops of the liquid pyrolysis products are then diluted in dichloromethane for the GC/MS analysis. The use of the mass-spectrometric detector is a mean for improving the sensitivity and reliability of the identification of the elastomers present in low or trace amount, with threshold limit estimated to about 5 %.

The use of this standard pre-supposes sufficient working knowledge of the principles and techniques of gas chromatography/mass-spectrometry (GC/MS) for the analyst to perform the operations described and interpret the results correctly.

5 Reagents

5.1 Dichloromethane

5.2 Acetone

5.3 Nitrogen, for flushing the pyrolysis product.

6 Apparatus

All reagents shall be of analytical grade

6.1 Extraction apparatus. The apparatus specified in ISO 1407 is satisfactory.