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**Internal combustion engines —  
Piston rings —**

**Part 3:  
Coil-spring-loaded oil control rings  
made of steel**

*Moteurs à combustion interne — Segments de piston —*

*Partie 3: Segments racleurs régulateurs d'huile, en acier, mis en charge par ressort hélicoïdal*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 34, *Propulsion, powertrain and powertrain fluids*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6266-3:2008), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- added subclause 5.8.2, Actual tangential force,  $F_t$  and tolerance;
- added subclause 5.8.3, Normalized tangential force,  $F_N$ ;
- added Table 9, Normalized tangential forces,  $F_N$ ;
- raised table numbers by one from Table 9 onward;
- made editorial changes to Table 16.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

ISO 6626 (all parts) is one of a series of International Standards dealing with piston rings for reciprocating internal combustion engines. Others are ISO 6621 (all parts), ISO 6622 (all parts), ISO 6623, ISO 6624 (all parts), ISO 6625 and ISO 6627 (see [Clause 2](#) and Bibliography).

The common features and dimensional tables presented in this document constitute a broad range of variables and, in selecting a particular ring type, the designer will bear in mind the conditions under which it will be required to operate.



# Internal combustion engines — Piston rings —

## Part 3:

## Coil-spring-loaded oil control rings made of steel

### 1 Scope

This document specifies the essential dimensions of coil-spring-loaded oil control rings made of steel, of piston ring types SOR (with R-shaped groove) and SOV (with V-shaped groove).

This document applies to coil-spring-loaded oil control rings made of steel with a diameter from 60 mm up to and including 160 mm for reciprocating internal combustion engines. It can also be used for piston rings in compressors working under analogous conditions.

### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

### 3 Terms, definitions and symbols

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

#### 3.1 Symbols

$a_1$	radial wall thickness
$a_4$	groove depth
$a_{12}$	radial thickness over coil spring
$a_{13}$	groove depth and bridge
$a_{17}$	external land depth
$B_3$	land spacing
$c_1$	slot width
$d_1$	nominal diameter (nominal bore diameter)
$d_7$	coil-spring diameter
$d_{14}$	coil-spring groove diameter for type SOR
$f_1$	coil-spring excursion
$F_t$	tangential force