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# CONSOLIDATED VERSION

VERSION CONSOLIDÉE



Semiconductor devices – Discrete devices – Part 7: Bipolar transistors

Dispositifs à semiconducteurs – Dispositifs discrets – Partie 7: Transistors bipolaires





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Semiconductor devices – Discrete devices – Part 7: Bipolar transistors

ist Constant Dispositifs à semiconducteurs – Dispositifs discrets – Partie 7: Transistors bipolaires

**INTERNATIONAL** ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

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# CONTENTS

FO	FOREWORD							
1	1 Scope							
2	Norm	ative references	8					
3	Term	s and definitions	8					
•	3 1	Specific functional regions	8					
	3.2	Resistor biased transistor	۵					
	3.3	Terms related to ratings and characteristics	10					
4	Lette	symbols						
		General	13					
	4.1 4.2	Additional subscripts	13					
	4.3	List of letter symbols	13					
	1.0	4.3.1 General	13					
		4.3.2 Voltages	14					
		4.3.3 Currents	15					
		4.3.4 Powers						
		4.3.5 Electrical parameters						
		4.3.6 Frequency parameters	19					
		4.3.7 Switching parameters	20					
		4.3.8 Energies	21					
		4.3.9 Sundry quantities	21					
		4.3.10 Matched-pair bipolar transistors	22					
		4.3.11 Resistor biased transistor	22					
5	Esse	ntial ratings and characteristics	22					
	5.1	General	22					
	5.2	Small signal transistors	22					
		5.2.1 Ratings (limiting values)	22					
		5.2.2 Characteristics	23					
	5.3	Linear power transistors	24					
		5.3.1 Ratings (limiting values)	24					
		5.3.2 Characteristics	25					
	5.4	High-frequency power transistors for amplifier and oscillator applications	26					
		5.4.1 Ratings (limiting values)	26					
		5.4.2 Characteristics	27					
	5.5	Switching transistors	29					
		5.5.1 Ratings (limiting values)	29					
		5.5.2 Characteristics	31					
	5.6	Resistor biased transistors	33					
		5.6.1 Ratings	33					
		5.6.2 Characteristics	34					
6	Meas	uring methods	34					
	6.1	General	34					
	6.2	Verification of ratings (limiting values)						
		6.2.1 Acceptance criteria	35					
		6.2.2 Collector current	35					
		6.2.3 Peak collector current	36					
		6.2.4 Base current	36					

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0 11		10		
		6.2.5	Peak base current	37
		6.2.6	Collector-base voltage	38
	Δ.	6.2.7	Collector-emitter voltage, output voltage	39
		6.2.8	Emitter-base voltage, Input voltage	39
		6.2.9	Safe operating area (SOA)	40
		6.2.10	Output current ( <i>I</i> <sub>O</sub> )	44
		6.2.11	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage	44
	6.3	Method	Is of measurement	46
		6.3.1	Turn-on time intervals and turn-on energy with inductive road	46
		6.3.2	Turn-off time intervals and turn-off energy with inductive road	48
		6.3.3	Collector-emitter cut-off currents (d.c. method)	49
		6.3.4	Collector-base cut-off current (d.c. method)	50
		6.3.5	Emitter-base cut-off current (d.c. method)	50
		6.3.6	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	50
		6.3.7	Base-emitter saturation voltage	52
		6.3.8	Base-emitter voltage (d.c. method)	54
		6.3.9	Capacitances	54
		6.3.10	Hybrid parameters (small-signal and large-signal)	57
		6.3.11	Thermal resistance	64
		6.3.12	Switching times with resistive road	69
		6.3.13	High-frequency parameters ( <i>f</i> <sub>T</sub> , ye, s)	71
		6.3.14	Noise (F)	81
		6.3.15	Measuring methods for matched-pair bipolar transistors	87
		6.3.16	Measuring Methods for resistor biased transistors	90
7	Acce	ptance a	and reliability	94
	7.1	Genera	al requirements	94
	7.2	Specifi	c requirements	94
		7.2.1	List of endurance tests	94
		7.2.2	Conditions for endurance tests	94
		7.2.3	Acceptance-defining characteristics and acceptance criteria for reliability tests	
	7.3	Endura	ince and reliability test methods	95
		7.3.1	High temperature blocking (HTRB)	95
		7.3.2	Intermittent operating life	96
	7.4	Type te	ests and routine tests	97
		7.4.1	Type tests	97
		7.4.2	Routine tests	97
Anr	nex A	(informa	ative) Determination of the SOA	99
Fig	ure 1 -	- Resist	or biased transistor graphical symbol	9
9' Ei~		Modifi	ed bybrid $\pi$ equivalent circuit	10
rigi ri				19
Fig	ure 3 -	– Test c	ircuit for collector current	35
Fig	ure 4 -	– Test c	ircuit for peak collector current	36
Fig	ure 5 ·	– Test c	ircuit for base current	37
Fig	ure 6 ·	– Test c	ircuit for peak base current	37
Fig	ure 7 -	- Circuit	t for testing the collector-base voltage $V_{ ext{CBO}},  V_{ ext{CBS}},  V_{ ext{CBR}},  V_{ ext{CBX}}$	38

- 3 -

– 4 – IEC 60747-7:2010+AMD1:201 © IEC	9 CSV C 2019
Figure 10 – Test circuit of reverse bias safe operating area (RBSOA)	41
Figure 11 – Waveforms and curves for RBSOA	42
Figure 12 – Circuit for testing safe operating pulse duration at load short circuit (SCSOA)	43
Figure 13 – Waveforms of base current $I_{\rm B}$ , collector current $I_{\rm C}$ and voltage $V_{\rm CE}$ during load short circuit condition SCSOA	43
Figure 14 – Circuit diagram for verifying the output current I <sub>O</sub>	44
Figure 15 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the collector-emitter sustaining voltage	45
Figure 16 – Ic versus Vor characteristic	46
Figure 17 – Circuit diagram and waveforms	47
Figure 18 – Waveforms during turn-off intervals	17
Figure 19 – Basic circuit for the measurement of collector-emitter cut-off currents	0+ ۵۸
Figure $20 - Basic circuit for the measurement of the collector-emitter saturation$	
voltage (d.c. method)	50
Figure 21 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the collector-emitter saturation voltage (pulse method)	51
Figure 22 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the base-emitter saturation voltage (d.c. method)	52
Figure 23 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the base-emitter saturation voltage (pulse methods)	53
Figure 24 – Base circuit for the measurement of base-emitter voltage (d.c. method)	54
Figure 25 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the common-base output capacitance using a two-terminal bridge	55
Figure 26 – Basic circuit for the measurement of $C_{CB}$ using a three-terminal bridge	56
Figure 27 – Basic circuit for the measurement of C <sub>ch</sub> using a three-terminal bridge	57
Figure 28 – Basic circuit for the measurement of $h_{110}$ and $h_{210}$	58
Figure 29 – Basic circuit for the measurement of $h_{122}$	59
Figure 30 – Basic circuit for the measurement of $h_{222}$	61
Figure 31 – Basic circuit for the measurement of $h_{22k}$	62
Figure 32 – Basic circuit for the measurement of $h_{24F}$	63
Figure 33 – Basic test circuit for measuring the thermal resistance of NPN transistors	66
Figure 34 – Emitter current ( $I_E$ ) versus emitter-base voltage ( $V_{EB}$ ) for the junction temperatures $T_{c}^{(1)}$ and $T_{c}^{(2)}$	66
Figure $35 - I_{\Box}$ and $V_{\Box D}$ change with time	67
Figure 36 – Circuit diagram	69
Figure 37 – Switching times	
Figure 38 – Circuit for the measurement of the transition frequency	71
Figure $39 - \text{Circuit for the measurement of complex common-emitter v parameters}$	73
Figure 40 – Three-pole circuit for the measurement of $v_{44}$	74
Figure 41 – Three-pole circuit for the measurement of $y_{11e}$	74
Figure 42 – Three-pole circuit for the measurement of $y_{22e}$ .	U75
Figure 43 – Three-pole circuit for the measurement of $y_{21e}$	75 76
Figure $44 =$ Block diagram of the circuit for the measurement of s and c	
parameters	77

IEC 60747-7:2010+AMD1:2019 CSV © IEC 2019 Figure 45 – Block diagram of the circuit for the measurement of  $s_{12}$  and  $s_{21}$ Figure 47 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the noise figure up to 3 MHz......83 Figure 48 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the noise figure from 3 MHz to Figure 49 – Basic circuit for the measurement of the noise figure below 1 kHz (signal Figure 51 – Matching of the collector current ......90 Figure 52 – Circuit diagram for measuring the on-state input voltage  $V_{I(on)}$ , and offstate input voltage V<sub>l(off)</sub>......90 Figure 56 – Circuit diagram for measuring the off-sate output current I<sub>O(off)</sub>......94 Figure A.2 – Typical safe operating area......100 1

Table 1 – Acceptance defining characteristics and acceptance criteria	.35
Table 2 – Acceptance defining characteristics suitable for resistor biased transistor	.35
Table 3 – Acceptance defining characteristics after endurance tests for bipolar transistors	.95
Table 4 – Minimum items of type and routine tests for transistors when applicable	.98

isto.

- 5 -

- 6 -

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# SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – DISCRETE DEVICES –

# **Part 7: Bipolar transistors**

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This Consolidated version of IEC 60747-7 bears the edition number 3.1. It consists of the third edition (2010-12) [documents 47E/404/FDIS and 47E/408/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2019-09) [documents 47E/635/CDV and 47E/672/RVC]. The technical content is identical to the base edition and its amendment.

In this Redline version, a vertical line in the margin shows where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text. A separate Final version with all changes accepted is available in this publication. IEC 60747-7:2010+AMD1:2019 CSV - 7 - © IEC 2019

International Standard IEC 60747-7 has been prepared by subcommittee 47E: Discrete semiconductor devices, of IEC technical committee 47: Semiconductor devices.

The main changes with respect to previous edition are listed below.

- a) Clause 1 was amended by adding an item that should be included.
- b) Clauses 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 were amended by adding terms, definitions, suitable additions and deletions those should be included.
- c) The text of the second edition was combined with that of IEC 60747-7-5.

This standard is to be read in conjunction with IEC 60747-1:2006.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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# SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – DISCRETE DEVICES –

# Part 7: Bipolar transistors

# 1 Scope

This part of IEC 60747-7 gives the requirements applicable to the following sub-categories of bipolar transistors excluding microwave transistors.

- Small signal transistors (excluding switching and microwave applications);
- Linear power transistors (excluding switching, high-frequency, and microwave applications);
- High-frequency power transistors for amplifier and oscillator applications;
- Switching transistors for high speed switching and power switching applications;
- Resistor biased transistors.

# 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-521:2002, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 521: Semiconductor devices and integrated circuits

IEC 60747-1:2006, Semiconductor devices – Part 1: General

IEC 60747-4:2007, Semiconductor devices – Discrete devices – Part 4: Microwave diodes and transistors

# 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document the following terms and definitions apply.

# 3.1 Specific functional regions

# 3.1.1

# functional collector region

collection region that acquires principal-current charge carriers from the functional base region through the (collecting) junction between it and the functional base region

**NOTE** Note 1 to entry In the normal operating mode, this functional region is located in the collector region and, in the inverse operating mode, in the emitter region.

# 3.1.2

# functional emitter region

supply region that delivers principal-current charge carriers into the functional base region through the (emitting) junction between it and the functional base region.

NOTE Note 1 to entry In the normal operating mode, this functional region is located in the emitter region and, in the inverse operating mode, in the collector region.