

CONSOLIDATED VERSION

VERSION CONSOLIDÉE



Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control systems – Requirements for coordinating safety and cybersecurity

Centrales nucléaires de puissance – Systèmes d'instrumentation et de contrôle-commande – Exigences pour coordonner sûreté et cybersécurité



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS –
INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL SYSTEMS –
REQUIREMENTS FOR COORDINATING SAFETY AND CYBERSECURITY****FOREWORD**

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This Consolidated version of IEC 62859 bears the edition number 1.1. It consists of the first edition (2016-10) [documents 45A/1104/FDIS and 45A/1118/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2019-10) [documents 45A/1279/FDIS and 45A/1286/RVD]. The technical content is identical to the base edition and its amendment.

In this Redline version, a vertical line in the margin shows where the technical content is modified by amendment 1. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text. A separate Final version with all changes accepted is available in this publication.

International Standard IEC 62859 has been prepared by subcommittee 45A: Instrumentation, control and electrical systems of nuclear facilities, of IEC technical committee 45: Nuclear instrumentation.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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INTRODUCTION

a) Technical background, main issues and organisation of this standard

I&C systems have evolved during the last decades from non-digital equipment and stand-alone environments to digital technologies and interconnected systems. Such an evolution exposes them to risks related to cyberattacks. In addition to well-established safety-oriented provisions, more recent cybersecurity requirements and controls now apply to the same systems. A normative framework is needed to master the interactions and potential side-effects when safety and cybersecurity provisions converge on the same I&C systems and architectures, taking into account the nuclear I&C specifics and the SC 45A related standards.

This standard specifically focuses on the issue of requirements for coordinating safety and cybersecurity provisions for I&C programmable digital systems and architectures. It defines both generic principles and guidance for practical situations to integrate cybersecurity requirements in nuclear I&C architectures and systems, fundamentally tailored for safety. Technical but also conceptual, organizational and procedural aspects are covered.

It is intended that this standard be used by designers and operators of nuclear power plants (NPPs) (utilities), systems evaluators, vendors and subcontractors, and by licensors.

b) Situation of the current standard in the structure of the IEC SC 45A standard series

IEC 62859 is at the second level of the IEC SC 45A standard series. It is to be considered as bridging IEC 62645 (also at the second level of the IEC SC 45A standard series) and IEC 61513, the top level document of the IEC SC 45A standard series. Regarding the specific theme of cybersecurity, IEC 62645 is the top-level in the SC 45A standard series. Both IEC 62645 and IEC 62859 are considered formally as second level documents with respect to IEC 61513, although IEC 61513:2011 does not actually ensure proper reference to and consistency with them (this will be done in a future revision of IEC 61513).

For a generic description of the structure of the IEC SC 45A standard series, see item d) of this introduction.

c) Recommendations and limitations regarding the application of this standard

It is important to note that this standard establishes additional requirements for I&C programmable digital systems and architectures, with regard to the coordination between safety and cybersecurity, and clarifies the processes by which I&C programmable digital systems are designed, implemented and operated in nuclear power plants. Aspects for which special requirements and recommendations have been produced are:

- IAEA guidance on I&C;
- IAEA guidance on computer security at nuclear facilities;
- regulatory interpretations for country specific requirements.

d) Description of the structure of the IEC SC 45A standard series and relationships with other IEC documents and other bodies documents (IAEA, ISO)

The top-level documents of the IEC SC 45A standard series are IEC 61513 and IEC 63046¹. IEC 61513 provides general requirements for I&C systems and equipment that are used to perform functions important to safety in NPPs. IEC 63046 provides general requirements for electrical power systems of NPPs; it covers power supply systems including the supply

¹ In preparation. Stage at the time of publication: IEC ANW 63046:2016.

systems of the I&C systems. IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 are to be considered in conjunction and at the same level. IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 structure the IEC SC 45A standard series and shape a complete framework establishing general requirements for instrumentation, control and electrical systems for nuclear power plants.

IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 refer directly to other IEC SC 45A standards for general topics related to categorization of functions and classification of systems, qualification, separation, defence against common cause failure, control room design, electromagnetic compatibility, cybersecurity, software and hardware aspects for programmable digital systems, coordination of safety and security requirements and management of ageing. The standards referenced directly at this second level should be considered together with IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 as a consistent document set.

At a third level, IEC SC 45A standards not directly referenced by IEC 61513 or by IEC 63046 are standards related to specific equipment, technical methods, or specific activities. Usually these documents, which make reference to second-level documents for general topics, can be used on their own.

A fourth level extending the IEC SC 45 standard series, corresponds to the Technical Reports which are not normative.

The IEC SC 45A standards series consistently implements and details the safety and security principles and basic aspects provided in the relevant IAEA safety standards and in the relevant documents of the IAEA nuclear security series (NSS). In particular this includes the IAEA requirements SSR-2/1, establishing safety requirements related to the design of nuclear power plants (NPP), the IAEA safety guide SSG-30 dealing with the safety classification of structures, systems and components in NPP, the IAEA safety guide SSG-39 dealing with the design of instrumentation and control systems for NPP, the IAEA safety guide SSG-34 dealing with the design of electrical power systems for NPP and the implementing guide NSS17 for computer security at nuclear facilities. The safety and security terminology and definitions used by SC 45A standards are consistent with those used by the IAEA.

IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 have adopted a presentation format similar to the basic safety publication IEC 61508 with an overall life-cycle framework and a system life-cycle framework. Regarding nuclear safety, IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 provide the interpretation of the general requirements of IEC 61508-1, IEC 61508-2 and IEC 61508-4, for the nuclear application sector. In this framework IEC 60880, IEC 62138 and IEC 62566 correspond to IEC 61508-3 for the nuclear application sector. IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 refer to ISO as well as to IAEA GS-R-3 and IAEA GS-G-3.1 and IAEA GS-G-3.5 for topics related to quality assurance (QA). At level 2, regarding nuclear security, IEC 62645 is the entry document for the IEC SC 45A security standards. It builds upon the valid high level principles and main concepts of the generic security standards, in particular ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27002; it adapts them and completes them to fit the nuclear context and coordinates with the IEC 62443 series. At level 2, regarding control rooms, IEC 60964 is the entry document for the IEC SC 45A control rooms standards and IEC 62342 is the entry document for the IEC SC 45A ageing management standards.

NOTE 1 It is assumed that for the design of I&C systems in NPPs that implement conventional safety functions (e.g. to address worker safety, asset protection, chemical hazards, process energy hazards) international or national standards would be applied.

NOTE 2 IEC SC 45A domain was extended in 2013 to cover electrical systems. In 2014 and 2015 discussions were held in IEC SC 45A to decide how and where general requirements for the design of electrical systems were to be considered. IEC SC 45A experts recommended that an independent standard be developed at the same level as IEC 61513 to establish general requirements for electrical systems. Project IEC 63046 is now launched to cover this objective. When IEC 63046 will be published this NOTE 2 of the introduction of IEC SC 45A standards will be suppressed.

NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS – INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL SYSTEMS – REQUIREMENTS FOR COORDINATING SAFETY AND CYBERSECURITY

1 Scope

This document provides a framework to manage the interactions between safety and cybersecurity for nuclear power plant (NPP) systems, taking into account the current SC 45A standards addressing these issues and the specifics of nuclear I&C programmable digital systems.

NOTE In this document (as in IEC 62645), cybersecurity relates to prevention of, detection of, and reaction to malicious acts perpetrated by digital means (cyberattacks). In this context, it does not cover considerations related to non-malevolent actions and events such as accidental failures, natural events or human errors (except those degrading cybersecurity). Those aspects are of course of prime importance but they are covered by other SC 45A documents and standards, and are not considered as cybersecurity related in this document.

This document establishes requirements and guidance to:

- integrate cybersecurity provisions in nuclear I&C architectures and systems, which are fundamentally tailored for safety;
- avoid potential conflicts between safety and cybersecurity provisions;
- aid the identification and the leveraging of the potential synergies between safety and cybersecurity.

This document is intended to be used for designing new NPPs, or modernizing existing NPPs, throughout I&C programmable digital systems lifecycle. It is also applicable for assessing the coordination between safety and cybersecurity of existing plants. It may also be applicable to other types of nuclear facilities.

This document addresses I&C programmable digital systems important to safety and I&C programmable digital systems not important to safety. It does not address programmable digital systems dedicated to site physical security, room access control and site security surveillance.

This document is limited to I&C programmable digital systems of NPPs, including their on-site maintenance and configuration tools.

Annex A provides a rationale for and comments about the scope definition and the document application, in particular about the exclusions and limitations previously mentioned.

This document comprises three normative clauses:

- Clause 5 deals with the overall I&C architecture;
- Clause 6 focuses on the system level;
- Clause 7 deals with organizational and operational issues.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60709:2004, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control systems important to safety – Separation*

IEC 60880:2006, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control systems important to safety – Software aspects for computer-based systems performing category A functions*

IEC 61500:2009, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control systems important to safety – Data communication in systems performing category A functions*

IEC 61513:2011, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control important to safety – General requirements for systems*

IEC 62138:2004, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control important for safety – Software aspects for computer-based systems performing category B or C functions*

IEC 62340, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control systems important to safety – Requirements for coping with common cause failure (CCF)*

IEC 62566:2012, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control important to safety – Development of HDL-programmed integrated circuits for systems performing category A functions*

IEC 62645:2014, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control systems – Requirements for security programmes for computer-based systems*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62645, in IEC 61513 and the following apply.

NOTE If for a given term, different definitions are provided in these three sources, the definition of the present document applies.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

computer-based item

item that relies on software instructions running on microprocessors or microcontrollers

Note 1 to entry: The term item can be replaced by the terms system, or equipment, or device.

Note 2 to entry: A computer-based item is a kind of programmable digital item.

Note 3 to entry: This term is equivalent to software-based item.

3.2

cyberattack

attempt by digital means to destroy, expose, alter, disable, steal or gain unauthorized access to or make unauthorized use of an asset

Note 1 to entry: Cyberattacks include targeted and non-targeted (e.g. malwares) attacks by digital means. Cyberattack is synonymous with digital attack.