ELEKTROMAGNETILINE ÜHILDUVUS. OSA 4: KATSETUS-JA MÕÕTETEHNIKA. JAGU 5: LIIGPINGEKINDLUSE KATSETUS

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test (IEC 61000-4-5:2014 + IEC 61000-4-5:2014/A1:2017)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 61000-4-5:2014 +A1:2017 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61000-4-5:2014 ingliskeelset teksti ja selle muudatuse A1:2017 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61000-4-5:2014 +A1:2017 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61000-4-5:2014 and its amendment A1:2017.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 22.08.2014, muudatus A1 24.11.2017.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 22.08.2014, for A1 24.11.2017.
Sellesse standardisse on muudatus A1 sisse viidud ja tehtud muudatused tähistatud topeltpüstkriipsuga lehe välisveerisel.	The amendment A1 has been incorporated into this standard and changes have been marked by a double vertical line on the outer row of the page.
Selles standardis on rahvusvahelise standardi ühismuudatused tähistatud püstkriipsuga teksti välimisel veerisel.	Common modifications has been incorporated into this international standard and changes have been marked by a vertical line on the outer row of the page.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardi- keskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile <u>standardiosakond@evs.ee</u>.

ICS 33.100.20

Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega: Koduleht <u>www.evs.ee</u>; telefon 605 5050; e-post <u>info@evs.ee</u>

The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

If you have any questions about copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation:

Homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 61000-4-5 + A1

August 2014, November 2017

ICS 33.100.20

Supersedes EN 61000-4-5:2006

English Version

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test (IEC 61000-4-5:2014 + IEC 61000-4-5:2014/A1:2017)

Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) - Partie 4-5: Techniques d'essai et de mesure - Essai d'immunité aux ondes de choc (CEI 61000-4-5:2014 + IEC 61000-4-5:2014/A1:2017) Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) - Teil 4-5: Prüfund Messverfahren - Prüfung der Störfestigkeit gegen Stoßspannungen (IEC 61000-4-5:2014 + IEC 61000-4-5:2014/A1:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2014-06-19. Amendment A1 was approved by CENELEC on 2017-09-08. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard and its Amendment exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 77B/711/FDIS, future edition 3 of IEC 61000-4-5, prepared by SC 77B "High frequency phenomena", of IEC/TC 77 "Electromagnetic compatibility" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61000-4-5:2014.

The following dates are fixed:

 latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
 (dop) 2015-03-19
 (dop) 2015-03-19

latest date by which the national standards conflicting (dow) 2017-06-19 with the document have to be withdrawn

This document supersedes EN 61000-4-5:2006.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61000-4-5:2014 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

A1 European foreword

The text of document 77B/762/CDV, future IEC 61000-4-5:2014/A1, prepared by SC 77B "High frequency phenomena" of IEC/TC 77 "Electromagnetic compatibility" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61000-4-5:2014/A1:2017. The following dates are fixed:

latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61000-4-5:2014/A1:2017 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

This document is a preview denoted by Files

CONTENTS

FOF	REWORD)		7
INT	RODUCT	ON		9
INT	RODUCT	ION TO TH	IE AMENDMENT	9
1	Scope a	ınd object		11
2	Normati	ve referenc	ces	11
3	Terms,	definitions	and abbreviations	12
	3.1	Terms and	d definitions	12
	3.2	Abbreviati	ons	15
4	General			16
	4.1	Power sys	tem switching transients	16
	4.2	Lightning	transients	16
	4.3		of the transients	
5				
6	Test ins	trumentatio	on	17
	6.1	General		17
	6.2	1,2/50 μs	combination wave generator	
		6.2.1	General	
		6.2.2	Performance characteristics of the generator	
		6.2.3	Calibration of the generator	
	6.3		decoupling networks	
		6.3.1	General	21
		6.3.2	Coupling/decoupling networks for a.c./d.c. power port rated up to 200 A per line	22
		6.3.3	Coupling/decoupling networks for interconnection lines	
	6.4	Calibration	n of coupling/decoupling networks	
		6.4.1	General	29
		6.4.2	Calibration of CDNs for a.c./d.c. power port rated up to 200 A per line	30
		6.4.3	Calibration of CDNs for interconnection lines	
7	Test set	:up		33
	7.1	Test equip	oment	33
	7.2		n of the test instrumentation	
	7.3		o for surges applied to EUT power ports	33
	7.4	interconne	o for surges applied to unshielded unsymmetrical ection lines	34
	7.5	lines	for surges applied to unshielded symmetrical interconnection	
	7.6	Test setup	o for surges applied to shielded lines	34
8	Test pro	cedure		36
	8.1	General		36
	8.2	-	y reference conditions	
		8.2.1	Climatic conditions	
		8.2.2	Electromagnetic conditions	
•	8.3		of the test	
9	∟valuati	on of test r	esults	37

10 Tes	t report		38
		Surge testing for unshielded outdoor symmetrical communication	
lines	s intended to i	nterconnect to widely dispersed systems	39
A.1	General.		39
A.2	10/700 μ	s combination wave generator	39
	A.2.1	Characteristics of the generator	39
	A.2.2	Performances of the generator	40
	A.2.3	Calibration of the generator	42
A.3	Coupling	/decoupling networks	42
	A.3.1	General	42
	A.3.2	Coupling/decoupling networks for outdoor communication lines	43
A.4	Calibration	on of coupling/decoupling networks	43
A.5		p for surges applied to outdoor unshielded symmetrical cation lines	44
Annex B	(informative)	Selection of generators and test levels	46
B.1	General.		46
B.2		sification of environments	
B.3	The defir	nition of port types	46
B.4		ors and surge types	
B.5			
Annex C		Explanatory notes	
C.1	Different	source impedance	49
C.2	Application	on of the tests	49
	C.2.1	Equipment level immunity	49
	C.2.2	System level immunity	49
C.3	Installatio	on classification	50
C.4	Minimum	immunity level of ports connected to the a.c./d.c. mains supply	51
C.5	Equipme	nt level immunity of ports connected to interconnection lines	51
		Considerations for achieving immunity for equipment voltage power distribution systems	53
Annex E	(informative)	Mathematical modelling of surge waveforms	55
E.1			
E.2		ed time domain voltage surge (1,2/50 μs)	
E.3		ed time domain current surge (8/20 µs)	
E.4		ed time domain voltage surge (10/700 μs)	
E.5		ed time domain current surge (5/320 μs)	
		Measurement uncertainty (MU) considerations	
F.1			
F.2	Ü		
F.3		nty contributors to the surge measurement uncertainty	
F.4		nty of surge calibration	
	F.4.1	General	
	F.4.2	Front time of the surge open-circuit voltage	
	F.4.3	Peak of the surge open-circuit voltage	
	F.4.4	Duration of the surge open-circuit voltage	
	F.4.5	Further MU contributions to time and amplitude	
		measurements	69

	F.4.6	Rise time distortion due to the limited bandwidth of the measuring system	69
λ	F.4.7	Impulse peak and width distortion due to the limited bandwidth of the measuring system	
F.5	Application	on of uncertainties in the surge generator compliance criterion	
Annex G (inf	ormative)	Method of calibration of impulse measuring systems	73
G.1	General		73
G.2	Estimatio	n of measuring system response using the convolution integral	73
G.3	Impulse n	neasuring system for open-circuit voltage (1,2/50 μs, 10/700 μs)	74
G.4	Impulse n	neasuring system for short-circuit current (8/20 μs, 5/320 μs)	74
Annex H (inf	ormative)	Coupling/decoupling surges to lines rated above 200 A	76
H.1			
H.2		ations of coupling and decoupling	
H.3		I precautions	77
	t	ssues relating to powering EUTs having DC/DC converters at	
I.1	General		78
1.2	Considera	itions for remediation	79
		Normative references to international publications with their opean publications	80
Bibliography			80
Figure 1 – Si	implified ci	rcuit diagram of the combination wave generator	18
		f open-circuit voltage (1,2/50 μs) at the output of the generator with	
Figure 3 – W	aveform o	f short-circuit current (8/20 μs) at the output of the generator with r	10
		coupling/decoupling method	
_		coupling network and decoupling network for capacitive coupling or	
		ne coupling	
		coupling network and decoupling network for capacitive coupling or	
Figure 7 – E	xample of	coupling network and decoupling network for capacitive coupling on the L2-to-line L3 coupling	n
Figure 8 – E	xample of	coupling network and decoupling network for capacitive coupling on the L3-to-ground coupling	n
Figure 9 – E	xample of	coupling network and decoupling network for unshielded nection lines: line-to-line and line-to-ground coupling	
Figure 10 – I	Example of	f coupling and decoupling network for unshielded symmetrical nes-to-ground coupling	
Figure 11 – I	Example of	f coupling and decoupling network for unshielded symmetrical nes-to-ground coupling via capacitors	
		f test setup for surges applied to shielded lines	
		circuit diagram of the combination wave generator (10/700 μs –	7
		Circuit diagram of the combination wave generator (10/700 μs –	40
Figure A.2 –	Waveform	of open-circuit voltage (10/700 μs)	41
J		of the 5/320 μs short-circuit current waveform	

Figure A.4 – Example of test setup for unshielded outdoor symmetrical communication lines lines-to-ground coupling, coupling via gas arrestors (primary protection fitted)	
Figure E.1 – Voltage surge (1,2/50 μ s): width time response T _W	
Figure E.2 – Voltage surge (1,2/50 μs): rise time response T	
Figure E.3 – Voltage surge (1,2/50 μ s): spectral response with $\Delta f = 3,333$ kHz	
Figure E.4 – Current surge (8/20 μ s): width time response T_W	
Figure E.5 – Current surge (8/20 μ s): rise time response T _{Γ}	
Figure E.6 – Current surge (8/20 μ s): spectral response with Δf = 10 kHz	
Figure E.7 – Voltage surge (10/700 μ s): width time response T _W	.60
Figure E.8 – Voltage surge (10/700 μ s): rise time response T	.61
Figure E.9 – Voltage surge (10/700 $\mu s)$: spectral response with $\Delta f = 0.2 \ kHz$.61
Figure E.10 – Current surge (5/320 μ s): width time response T $_{W}$.62
Figure E.11 – Current surge (5/320 μ s): rise time response T _r	.63
Figure E.12 – Current surge (5/320 μ s): spectral response with Δf = 0,4 kHz	.63
Figure G.1 – Simplified circuit diagram of the current step generator	.75
Figure I.1 – Example of adding a damping circuit to the CDN for DC/DC converter EUTs	.79
Table 1 – Test levels	
Table 2 – Definitions of the waveform parameters 1,2/50 μ s and 8/20 μ s	
Table 3 – Relationship between peak open-circuit voltage and peak short-circuit current	
Table 4 – Voltage waveform specification at the EUT port of the CDN	
Table 5 – Current waveform specification at the EUT port of the CDN	. 23
Table 6 – Relationship between peak open-circuit voltage and peak short-circuit current at the EUT port of the CDN	.24
Table 7 – Summary of calibration process for CDNs for unsymmetrical interconnection lines	.30
Table 8 – Surge waveform specifications at the EUT port of the CDN for unsymmetrical interconnection lines	.31
Table 9 – Summary of calibration process for CDNs for symmetrical interconnection lines	
Table 10 – Surge waveform specifications at the EUT port of the CDN for symmetrical	. 02
interconnection lines	.32
Table A.1 – Definitions of the waveform parameters 10/700 μs and 5/320 μs	.41
Table A.2 – Relationship between peak open-circuit voltage and peak short-circuit current	. 42
Table A.3 – Summary of calibration process for CDNs for unshielded outdoor symmetrical communication lines	.44
Table A.4 – Surge waveform specifications at the EUT port of the CDN for unshielded outdoor symmetrical communication lines	.44
Table B.1 – Power ports: selection of the test levels (depending on the installation class)	.47
Table B.2 - Circuits/lines: selection of the test levels (depending on the installation class)	.48
Table F.1 – Example of uncertainty budget for surge open-circuit voltage front time (T_{fV})	.66
Table F.2 – Example of uncertainty budget for surge open-circuit voltage peak value ($V_{ m P}$)	.67
Table F.3 – Example of uncertainty budget for surge open-circuit voltage duration (T_d)	.68

EVS-EN 61000-4-5:2014+A1:2017 - 6 -
Table F.4 – α factor, Equation (F.5), of different unidirectional impulse responses corresponding to the same bandwidth of the system B 70
Table F.5 – β factor, Equation (F.9), of the standard surge waveforms71
Table H.1 – Recommended inductance values for decoupling lines (> 200 A)76
0,
6,

COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) -

Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 61000-4-5 has been prepared by subcommittee 77B: High frequency phenomena, of IEC technical Committee 77: Electromagnetic compatibility.

It forms Part 4-5 of IEC 61000. It has the status of a basic EMC publication in accordance with IEC Guide 107.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2005, and constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) new Annex E on mathematical modelling of surge waveforms;
- b) new Annex F on measurement uncertainty;
- c) new Annex G on method of calibration of impulse measuring systems;
- d) new Annex H on coupling/decoupling surges to lines rated above 200 A;

e) moreover while surge test for ports connected to outside telecommunication lines was addressed in 6.2 of the second edition (IEC 61000-4-5:2005), in this third edition (IEC 61000-4-5:2014) the normative Annex A is fully dedicated to this topic. In particular it gives the specifications of the 10/700 μ s combined wave generator.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
77B/711/FDIS	77B/715/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61000 series, published under the general title *Electromagnetic* compatibility (EMC), can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed,
- withdrawn.
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

IEC 61000 is published in separate parts according to the following structure:

Part 1: General

General considerations (introduction, fundamental principles)

Definitions, terminology

Part 2: Environment

Description of the environment Classification of the environment Compatibility levels

Part 3: Limits

Emission limits

Immunity limits (insofar as they do not fall under the responsibility of the product committees)

Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques

Measurement techniques
Testing techniques

Part 5: Installation and mitigation guidelines

Installation guidelines
Mitigation methods and devices

Part 6: Generic standards

Part 9: Miscellaneous

Each part is further subdivided into several parts, published either as international standards or as technical specifications or technical reports, some of which have already been published as sections. Others will be published with the part number followed by a dash and a second number identifying the subdivision (example: IEC 61000-6-1).

This part is an International Standard which gives immunity requirements and test procedures related to surge voltages and surge currents.

INTRODUCTION TO THE AMENDMENT

Rationale:

The method for testing DC products in the current revision of IEC61000-4-5 is causing many field related problems for test labs and manufacturers. Many products will not power up through the power CDN in the standard and in some cases may be damaged by the inductance that is necessary to apply the surge (see 77B/734/DC for further information).

The DC./DC converter problem is related to the switching of the converter which produces a voltage drop at the decoupling inductors on one hand and oscillations produced by the EUT impedance in combination with the source on the other hand. Measurements were performed using different brands of CDNs with a device known to show that problem as an EUT. The result shows different oscillations and signal forms of the voltage at the EUT for different CDNs. According to the outcome, the use of a CDN with a higher current rating (i.e. smaller decoupling It. decide to add a . inductivity) can solve the problem. At the meeting of SC77B/MT12 in Akishima, Japan on August 26, 2016, it was decided to add a statement into 7.3 allowing surge tests with higher current rated CDNs and to add a new Annex I to explain the problem in detail.

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) -

Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test

1 Scope and object

This part of IEC 61000 relates to the immunity requirements, test methods, and range of recommended test levels for equipment with regard to unidirectional surges caused by overvoltages from switching and lightning transients. Several test levels are defined which relate to different environment and installation conditions. These requirements are developed for and are applicable to electrical and electronic equipment.

The object of this standard is to establish a common reference for evaluating the immunity of electrical and electronic equipment when subjected to surges. The test method documented in this part of IEC 61000 describes a consistent method to assess the immunity of an equipment or system against a defined phenomenon.

NOTE As described in IEC Guide 107, this is a basic EMC publication for use by product committees of the IEC. As also stated in Guide 107, the IEC product committees are responsible for determining whether this immunity test standard is applied or not, and if applied, they are responsible for determining the appropriate test levels and performance criteria. TC 77 and its sub-committees are prepared to co-operate with product committees in the evaluation of the value of particular immunity test levels for their products.

This standard defines:

- a range of test levels;
- test equipment;
- test setups;
- test procedures.

The task of the described laboratory test is to find the reaction of the equipment under test (EUT) under specified operational conditions to surge voltages caused by switching and lightning effects.

It is not intended to test the capability of the EUT's insulation to withstand high-voltage stress. Direct injections of lightning currents, i.e. direct lightning strikes, are not considered in this standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050 (all parts), International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) (available at www.electropedia.org)