INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 2019-12

H H Heavy commercial vehicles and buses — Vehicle dynamics simulation and validation — Lateral dynamic stability of vehicle combinations

Véhicules utilitaires lourds et autobus — Dynamique du véhicule simulation et validation — Stabilité latérale des véhicules articulés



Reference number ISO 19586:2019(E)



© ISO 2019

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Page

Contents

Fore	word		iv
Intro	duction	n	v
1	Scope	e	1
2	Norm	native references	
3	Term	is and definitions	1
4	Principle		
5	Varia	ibles	2
6	Minin 6.1 6.2 6.3	mum vehicle model parameters and requirements General Basic vehicle parameters Estimated vehicle parameters	
7	7.1 7.2	ical tests General Test methods 7.2.1 General 7.2.2 Pseudo random steer input 7.2.3 Single sine wave input	4 4 4 4 4 4
8	Simu 8.1 8.2 8.3	lation General Data recording Documentation	5 5
9	9.1 9.2	parison of simulation and physical tests General Characteristic values 9.2.1 Rearward amplification (RA) 9.2.2 Yaw damping and zero damping speed	
10	Valid	lation process	8
Anne	ex A (inf	formative) Principle of comparing simulation and test results	
Bibli	ograph	ıy	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 33, *Vehicle dynamics and chassis components*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Introduction

The main purpose of this document is to provide repeatable and discriminatory test results.

The dynamic behaviour of a road vehicle is a most important aspect of active vehicle safety. Any given vehicle, together with its driver and the prevailing environment constitutes a closed-loop system which is unique. The task of evaluating the dynamic behaviour is therefore very complicated, since the significant interaction of these driver-vehicle-road elements are each complex in themselves. A complete and accurate description of the behaviour of the road vehicle will inevitably involve information obtained from a number of different tests.

Since this test method quantifies only one small part of the complete handling characteristics, the results of this test can only be considered significant for a correspondingly small part of the overall dynamic behaviour.

Moreover, insufficient knowledge is available to correlate overall vehicle dynamic properties with accident prevention. A substantial amount of work is necessary to acquire sufficient and reliable data on the correlation between accident prevention and vehicle dynamic properties in general and the results of this test in particular. Consequently, proven correlation between test results and accident statistics is used for any application of this test method for regulation purposes.

Test conditions and tyres have a strong influence on test results. Therefore, only results obtained under comparable test and tyre conditions are comparable.

<text>

this document is a preview demendence of the document is a preview demendence of the document of the document

Heavy commercial vehicles and buses — Vehicle dynamics simulation and validation — Lateral dynamic stability of vehicle combinations

1 Scope

This document specifies a method for comparing simulation results from a vehicle model to measured test data for an existing vehicle combination's lateral stability according to driving tests as specified in ISO 14791. The comparison is made for the purpose of validating the simulation model for this type of test. A complete validation comprises the comparison for at least one tested vehicle and one variant of this vehicle, covered by a parameter variation in the vehicle model.

The document applies to heavy vehicles, including commercial vehicles, commercial vehicle combinations, buses and articulated buses as defined in ISO 3833 (trucks and trailers with maximum weight above 3,5 tonnes and buses and articulated buses with maximum weight above 5 tonnes, according to ECE and EC vehicle classification, categories M3, N2, N3, O3 and O4).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14791:2000, Road vehicles — Heavy commercial vehicle combinations and articulated buses — Lateral stability test methods

ISO 8855, Road vehicles — Vehicle dynamics and road-holding ability — Vocabulary

ISO 15037-2:2002, Road vehicles — Vehicle dynamics test methods — Part 2: General conditions for heavy vehicles and buses

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8855, ISO 15037-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>http://www.electropedia.org/</u>

3.1

simulation

calculation of motion variables of a vehicle from equations in a mathematical model of the vehicle system

3.2

basic vehicle parameters

parameters not subject to model fitting, which are directly and accurately measurable on the test vehicle

EXAMPLE Masses and dimensions.