AUTOMAATNE TULEKAHJUSIGNALISATSIOONISÜSTEEM. OSA 22: TAASTUVAD LIINI-TÜÜPI TEMPERATUURIANDURID

Fire detection and fire alarm systems - Part 22: Resettable line-type heat detectors



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 54-22 sisaldab Euroopa stat 54-22:2015+A1:2020 ingliskeelse	ndardi EN 54-22	2:2015+A1:2020 cons	standard EVS-EN ists of the English text of 54-22:2015+A1:2020.
Standard on jõustunud sell avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	notifi	standard has bec cation published in th ian Centre for Standa	he official bulletin of the
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 26.02.2020.			e European standard is
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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 54-22:2015+A1

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

February 2020

ICS 13.220.20; 13.220.10

Supersedes EN 54-22:2015

English Version

Fire detection and fire alarm systems - Part 22: Resettable line-type heat detectors

Systèmes de détection et d'alarme incendie - Partie 22 : Détecteurs de chaleur de type linéaire réenclenchables Brandmeldeanlagen - Teil 22: Rücksetzbare linienförmige Wärmemelder

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 19 March 2015 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 16 October 2019.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 54-22:2015+A1:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 72 "Fire detection and fire alarm systems", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes (A) EN 54-22:2015 (A).

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2019-10-16.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags 🗗 街.

A1) deleted text (A1

EN 54 "Fire detection and fire alarm systems" consists of the following parts:

Part 1: Introduction

Part 2: Control and indicating equipment

Part 3: Fire alarm devices - Sounders

Part 4: Power supply equipment

Part 5: Heat detectors - Point detectors

Part 7: Smoke detectors – Point detectors using scattered light, transmitted light or ionization

Part 10: Flame detectors – Point detectors

Part 11: Manual call points

Part 12: Smoke detectors – Line detector using an optical light beam

Part 13: Compatibility assessment of system components

Part 14: Guidelines for planning, design, installation, commissioning, use and maintenance

Part 15: Point detectors using a combination of detected phenomena

Part 16: Voice alarm control and indicating equipment

Part 17: Short circuit isolators

Part 18: Input/output devices

Part 20: Aspirating smoke detectors

- Part 21: Alarm transmission and fault warning routine equipment
- Part 22: Resettable line-type heat detectors
- Part 23: Fire alarm devices Visual alarms
- Part 24: Components of voice alarm systems Loudspeakers
- Part 25: Components using radio links and system requirements
- Part 26: Carbon monoxide detectors Point detectors (in preparation)
- Part 27: Duct smoke detectors (in preparation)
- Part 28: Non-resettable line-type heat detectors (in preparation)
- Part 29: Multi-sensor fire detectors Point detectors using a combination of smoke and heat sensors
- Part 30: Multi-sensor fire detectors Point detectors using a combination of carbon monoxide and heat sensors
- Part 31: Multi-sensor detector Point detectors using a combination of smoke, carbon monoxide and optionally heat sensors
- Part 32: Guidelines for the planning, design, installation, commissioning, use and maintenance of voice alarm systems

NOTE This list includes standards that are in preparation and other standards may be added. For current status of published standards refer to www.cen.eu.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

Resettable line-type heat detectors (RLTHD) have been incorporated into fire alarm systems for a considerable number of years. These detectors are typically used in areas where point type heat detectors are presented with challenging environmental characteristics and also where access to the detectors may significantly influence the fire alarm system design.

This standard defines the minimum system functionality for RLTHD products. RLTHD are based upon many unique operating principles. It is the intention of this standard to define common operating characteristics for each type of RLTHD in conjunction with existing EN 54 detector standards, so that resettable line-type heat detectors have a response behaviour comparable to that of point type heat detectors.

Due to the various applications for RLTHD, it is necessary to devise separate environmental classification tests for the sensing element and the sensor control units of these systems. It is not the purpose of this standard to define applications or how RLTHD should be used in applications. However, the standard indicates two general fields of application, room protection and secondly local protection. The standard defines separate response test classifications for these two fields.

Generally there are two functional principles employed by RLTHD: non-integrating and integrating We , systems. Therefore separated subclasses have been created for non integrating systems and for integrating systems.

1 Scope

This European Standard applies to resettable line-type heat detectors consisting of a sensing element using an optical fibre, a pneumatic tube or an electrical sensor cable connected to a sensor control unit, either directly or through an interface module, intended for use in fire detection and fire alarm systems installed in and around buildings and other civil engineering works (see EN 54-1:2011).

This European Standard specifies the requirements and performance criteria, the corresponding test methods and provides for the Assessment and Verification of Constancy of Performance (AVCP) of resettable line-type heat detectors to this EN.

This European Standard also covers resettable line-type heat detectors intended for use in the local protection of plant and equipment.

Resettable line-type heat detectors with special characteristics and developed for specific risks are not covered by this EN.

This European Standard does not cover line-type heat detectors that are based on non-resettable, fixed temperature electrical cables (so called "digital" systems).

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 54-1:2011, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 1: Introduction

EN 54-7:2000, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 7: Smoke detectors — Point detectors using scattered light, transmitted light or ionization

EN 50130-4:2011, Alarm systems — Part 4: Electromagnetic compatibility — Product family standard: Immunity requirements for components of fire, intruder, hold up, CCTV, access control and social alarm systems

EN 60068-1:1994, Environmental testing — Part 1: General and guidance (IEC 60068-1:1988 + Corrigendum 1988 + A1:1992)

EN 60068-2-1:2007, Environmental testing — Part 2-1: Tests — Test A: Cold (IEC 60068-2-1:2007)

EN 60068-2-2:2007, Environmental testing — Part 2-2: Tests — Test B: Dry heat (IEC 60068-2-2:2007)

EN 60068-2-27:2009, Environmental testing — Part 2-27: Tests — Test Ea and guidance: Shock (IEC 60068-2-27:2009)

EN 60068-2-30:2005, Environmental testing — Part 2-30: Tests — Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle) ((IEC 60068-2-30:2005)

EN 60068-2-42:2003, Environmental testing — Part 2-42: Tests — Test Kc: Sulphur dioxide test for contacts and connections ((IEC 60068-2-42:2003)

EN 60068-2-6:2008, Environmental testing — Part 2-6: Tests — Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal) (IEC 60068-2-6:2008)

EN 60068-2-75:1997, *Environmental testing* — *Part 2-75: Tests* — *Test Eh: Hammer tests (IEC 60068-2-75:1997)*

EN 60068-2-78:2001, *Environmental testing* — *Part 2-78: Tests* — *Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state (IEC 60068-2-78:2001)*

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document the terms and definitions given in EN 54-1:2011 and the following apply.

3.1 Terms and definitions

3.1.1

functional unit

part of a line-type heat detector in addition to the sensor control unit and the sensing element which is essential for the function of the line-type heat detector

EXAMPLE Terminating device, filter, switch.

3.1.2

integrating line-type heat detector

detectors for which the response to temperature is summed in some way, (not necessarily linearly), along a length of the sensing element. For such detectors, the output to the sensor control unit is therefore a function of the temperature distribution along the length of the sensing element

EXAMPLE Pneumatic systems.

3.1.3

linear line-type heat detector

detectors which respond to heat applied to any point along the length of the sensing element

3.1.4

line-type heat detector

LTHD

detector which responds to heat sensed in the vicinity of a continuous line

Note 1 to entry: A line-type heat detector may consist of a sensor control unit, a sensing element and functional units.

3.1.5

local protection application

application in which the sensing element is installed in relatively close proximity to the potential fire risk

EXAMPLE pipelines, conveyor belts, combustion engines/turbines, rolling stock, transformers, process dryers, cable trays, escalators, chemical process equipment, electrical equipment cabinets, ventilation systems (dust collector, hood extractor, etc.), switch gear (e.g. printing press), etc.

3.1.6

multipoint line-type heat detector

detectors that contain multiple discrete temperature sensors, which are separated by a distance of no more than 10 m, embedded within the sensing element (see 3.1.11)

3.1.7

non-resettable line-type heat detectors

NLTHD

LTHD which can only respond once