

This document is a preview generated by EVS

Information technology - Security techniques -
Information security management systems - Overview
and vocabulary (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

| | |
|---|--|
| See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO/IEC 27000:2020 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO/IEC 27000:2020 ingliskeelset teksti. | This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO/IEC 27000:2020 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO/IEC 27000:2020. |
| Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas. | This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation. |
| Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 19.02.2020. | Date of Availability of the European standard is 19.02.2020. |
| Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest. | The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation. |

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile standardiosakond@evs.ee.

ICS 01.040.35, 35.030

Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega:

Koduleht www.evs.ee; telefon 605 5050; e-post info@evs.ee

The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

If you have any questions about copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation:

Homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO/IEC 27000

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

February 2020

ICS 01.040.35; 35.030

Supersedes EN ISO/IEC 27000:2017

English version

Information technology - Security techniques - Information security management systems - Overview and vocabulary (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)

Technologies de l'information - Techniques de sécurité
- Systèmes de management de la sécurité de
l'information - Vue d'ensemble et vocabulaire (ISO/IEC
27000:2018)

Informationstechnik - Sicherheitsverfahren -
Informationssicherheits-Managementsysteme -
Überblick und Terminologie (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 October 2019.

CEN and CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN and CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN and CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN and CENELEC members are the national standards bodies and national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre:
Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

European foreword

The text of ISO/IEC 27000:2018 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1 "Information technology" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO/IEC 27000:2020 by Technical Committee CEN/CLC/JTC 13 "Cybersecurity and Data Protection" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO/IEC 27000:2017.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO/IEC 27000:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO/IEC 27000:2020 without any modification.

Contents

Page

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Foreword | iv |
| Introduction | v |
| 1 Scope | 1 |
| 2 Normative references | 1 |
| 3 Terms and definitions | 1 |
| 4 Information security management systems | 11 |
| 4.1 General..... | 11 |
| 4.2 What is an ISMS?..... | 11 |
| 4.2.1 Overview and principles..... | 11 |
| 4.2.2 Information..... | 12 |
| 4.2.3 Information security..... | 12 |
| 4.2.4 Management..... | 12 |
| 4.2.5 Management system..... | 13 |
| 4.3 Process approach..... | 13 |
| 4.4 Why an ISMS is important..... | 13 |
| 4.5 Establishing, monitoring, maintaining and improving an ISMS..... | 14 |
| 4.5.1 Overview..... | 14 |
| 4.5.2 Identifying information security requirements..... | 14 |
| 4.5.3 Assessing information security risks..... | 15 |
| 4.5.4 Treating information security risks..... | 15 |
| 4.5.5 Selecting and implementing controls..... | 15 |
| 4.5.6 Monitor, maintain and improve the effectiveness of the ISMS..... | 16 |
| 4.5.7 Continual improvement..... | 16 |
| 4.6 ISMS critical success factors..... | 17 |
| 4.7 Benefits of the ISMS family of standards..... | 17 |
| 5 ISMS family of standards | 18 |
| 5.1 General information..... | 18 |
| 5.2 Standard describing an overview and terminology: ISO/IEC 27000 (this document)..... | 19 |
| 5.3 Standards specifying requirements..... | 19 |
| 5.3.1 ISO/IEC 27001..... | 19 |
| 5.3.2 ISO/IEC 27006..... | 20 |
| 5.3.3 ISO/IEC 27009..... | 20 |
| 5.4 Standards describing general guidelines..... | 20 |
| 5.4.1 ISO/IEC 27002..... | 20 |
| 5.4.2 ISO/IEC 27003..... | 20 |
| 5.4.3 ISO/IEC 27004..... | 21 |
| 5.4.4 ISO/IEC 27005..... | 21 |
| 5.4.5 ISO/IEC 27007..... | 21 |
| 5.4.6 ISO/IEC TR 27008..... | 21 |
| 5.4.7 ISO/IEC 27013..... | 22 |
| 5.4.8 ISO/IEC 27014..... | 22 |
| 5.4.9 ISO/IEC TR 27016..... | 22 |
| 5.4.10 ISO/IEC 27021..... | 22 |
| 5.5 Standards describing sector-specific guidelines..... | 23 |
| 5.5.1 ISO/IEC 27010..... | 23 |
| 5.5.2 ISO/IEC 27011..... | 23 |
| 5.5.3 ISO/IEC 27017..... | 23 |
| 5.5.4 ISO/IEC 27018..... | 24 |
| 5.5.5 ISO/IEC 27019..... | 24 |
| 5.5.6 ISO 27799..... | 25 |
| Bibliography | 26 |

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology, SC 27, IT Security techniques*.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO/IEC 27000:2016), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the Introduction has been reworded;
- some terms and definitions have been removed;
- [Clause 3](#) has been aligned on the high-level structure for MSS;
- [Clause 5](#) has been updated to reflect the changes in the standards concerned;
- Annexes A and B have been deleted.

Introduction

0.1 Overview

International Standards for management systems provide a model to follow in setting up and operating a management system. This model incorporates the features on which experts in the field have reached a consensus as being the international state of the art. ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 27 maintains an expert committee dedicated to the development of international management systems standards for information security, otherwise known as the Information Security Management system (ISMS) family of standards.

Through the use of the ISMS family of standards, organizations can develop and implement a framework for managing the security of their information assets, including financial information, intellectual property, and employee details, or information entrusted to them by customers or third parties. These standards can also be used to prepare for an independent assessment of their ISMS applied to the protection of information.

0.2 Purpose of this document

The ISMS family of standards includes standards that:

- a) define requirements for an ISMS and for those certifying such systems;
- b) provide direct support, detailed guidance and/or interpretation for the overall process to establish, implement, maintain, and improve an ISMS;
- c) address sector-specific guidelines for ISMS; and
- d) address conformity assessment for ISMS.

0.3 Content of this document

In this document, the following verbal forms are used:

- “shall” indicates a requirement;
- “should” indicates a recommendation;
- “may” indicates a permission;
- “can” indicates a possibility or a capability.

Information marked as "NOTE" is for guidance in understanding or clarifying the associated requirement. “Notes to entry” used in Clause 3 provide additional information that supplements the terminological data and can contain provisions relating to the use of a term.

Information technology — Security techniques — Information security management systems — Overview and vocabulary

1 Scope

This document provides the overview of information security management systems (ISMS). It also provides terms and definitions commonly used in the ISMS family of standards. This document is applicable to all types and sizes of organization (e.g. commercial enterprises, government agencies, not-for-profit organizations).

The terms and definitions provided in this document

- cover commonly used terms and definitions in the ISMS family of standards;
- do not cover all terms and definitions applied within the ISMS family of standards; and
- do not limit the ISMS family of standards in defining new terms for use.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

access control

means to ensure that access to assets is authorized and restricted based on business and security requirements (3.56)

3.2

attack

attempt to destroy, expose, alter, disable, steal or gain unauthorized access to or make unauthorized use of an asset

3.3

audit

systematic, independent and documented *process* (3.54) for obtaining audit evidence and evaluating it objectively to determine the extent to which the audit criteria are fulfilled

Note 1 to entry: An audit can be an internal audit (first party) or an external audit (second party or third party), and it can be a combined audit (combining two or more disciplines).

Note 2 to entry: An internal audit is conducted by the organization itself, or by an external party on its behalf.

Note 3 to entry: “Audit evidence” and “audit criteria” are defined in ISO 19011.