

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation, control and electrical power systems –
Requirements for electromagnetic compatibility testing**

**Centrales nucléaires de puissance – Systèmes d'instrumentation, de contrôle-
commande et d'alimentation électrique – Exigences relatives aux essais de
compatibilité électromagnétique**



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS – INSTRUMENTATION, CONTROL
AND ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS – REQUIREMENTS
FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY TESTING**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62003 has been prepared by subcommittee 45A: Instrumentation, control and electrical power systems of nuclear facilities, of IEC technical committee 45: Nuclear instrumentation.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2009. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) title modified.
- b) expand the scope to encompass Electromagnetic Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) considerations for electrical equipment.
- c) provide guidance for addressing the use of wireless technology.
- d) enhance the description of the electromagnetic environment to provide clarification when selecting custom test levels or for test exemptions.

- e) include example information to be contained within an EMC test plan.
- f) provide guidance for characterization of the electromagnetic environment at the point of installation within a nuclear facility.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
45A/1299/FDIS	45A/1303/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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INTRODUCTION

a) Technical background, main issues and organization of the standard

This International Standard was prepared and based, to a very strong extent, on the current application of the IEC 61000 series for commercial equipment qualification for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).

It is intended that this standard be used by operators of nuclear power plants (utilities), systems evaluators and by licensors.

b) Situation of the current standard in the structure of the SC 45A standard series

IEC 62003 is the third level SC 45A document dealing with the issue of qualification for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) applicable to Instrumentation and Control (I&C) and electrical systems important to safety in nuclear facilities.

For more details on the structure of the SC 45A standard series see item d) of this introduction.

c) Recommendation and limitation regarding the application of this standard

It is important to note that this standard establishes no additional functional requirements for safety systems but clarifies the criteria to be applied for qualification to Electromagnetic and Radio Frequency Interference (EMI/RFI) from the commercial standards.

Aspects for which special requirements and recommendations have been produced, are:

- 1) IEC 61000 series with specific qualifications for nuclear applications around the world;
- 2) regulatory interpretations for requirements on level of qualification necessary and types of recommended testing to address all potential environmental stressors, related to this type of qualification;
- 3) IEC 61000-6-2, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-2: Generic Standards – Immunity for industrial environments, addresses requirements for all industrial environments while this standard addresses environments in nuclear facilities specifically.

This standard is intended to align with the guidance contained within IEC 61000-6-5 and IEC 61000-6-7 where possible. Additional considerations from these standards can be used in conjunction with this standard when addressing the EMC of electrical and I&C equipment in nuclear facilities.

d) Description of the structure of the IEC SC45A standard series and relationships with other IEC documents and other bodies documents (IAEA, ISO)

The top-level documents of the IEC SC45A standard series are IEC 61513 and IEC 63046. IEC 61513 provides general requirements for I&C systems and equipment that are used to perform functions important to safety in NPPs. IEC 63046 provides general requirements for electrical power systems of NPPs; it covers power supply systems including the supply systems of the I&C systems. IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 are to be considered in conjunction and at the same level. IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 structure the IEC SC45A standard series and shape a complete framework establishing general requirements for instrumentation, control and electrical systems for nuclear power plants.

IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 refer directly to other IEC SC45A standards for general topics related to categorization of functions and classification of systems, qualification, separation, defence against common cause failure, control room design, electromagnetic compatibility, cybersecurity, software and hardware aspects for programmable digital systems, coordination of safety and security requirements and management of ageing. The standards referenced directly at this second level should be considered together with IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 as a consistent document set.

At a third level, IEC SC45A standards not directly referenced by IEC 61513 or by IEC 63046 are standards related to specific equipment, technical methods, or specific activities. Usually these documents, which make reference to second-level documents for general topics, can be used on their own.

A fourth level extending the IEC SC45 standard series, corresponds to the Technical Reports which are not normative.

The IEC SC45A standards series consistently implements and details the safety and security principles and basic aspects provided in the relevant IAEA safety standards and in the relevant documents of the IAEA nuclear security series (NSS). In particular this includes the IAEA requirements SSR-2/1, establishing safety requirements related to the design of nuclear power plants (NPPs), the IAEA safety guide SSG-30 dealing with the safety classification of structures, systems and components in NPPs, the IAEA safety guide SSG-39 dealing with the design of instrumentation and control systems for NPPs, the IAEA safety guide SSG-34 dealing with the design of electrical power systems for NPPs and the implementing guide NSS17 for computer security at nuclear facilities. The safety and security terminology and definitions used by SC45A standards are consistent with those used by the IAEA.

IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 have adopted a presentation format similar to the basic safety publication IEC 61508 with an overall life-cycle framework and a system life-cycle framework. Regarding nuclear safety, IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 provide the interpretation of the general requirements of IEC 61508-1, IEC 61508-2 and IEC 61508-4, for the nuclear application sector. In this framework IEC 60880, IEC 62138 and IEC 62566 correspond to IEC 61508-3 for the nuclear application sector. IEC 61513 and IEC 63046 refer to ISO as well as to IAEA GS-R part 2 and IAEA GS-G-3.1 and IAEA GS-G-3.5 for topics related to quality assurance (QA). At level 2, regarding nuclear security, IEC 62645 is the entry document for the IEC/SC45A security standards. It builds upon the valid high level principles and main concepts of the generic security standards, in particular ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27002; it adapts them and completes them to fit the nuclear context and coordinates with the IEC 62443 series. At level 2, IEC 60964 is the entry document for the IEC/SC45A control rooms standards and IEC 62342 is the entry document for the ageing management standards.

NOTE 1 It is assumed that for the design of I&C systems in NPPs that implement conventional safety functions (e.g. to address worker safety, asset protection, chemical hazards, process energy hazards) international or national standards would be applied.

NOTE 2 IEC/SC45A domain was extended in 2013 to cover electrical systems. In 2014 and 2015 discussions were held in IEC/SC45A to decide how and where general requirements for the design of electrical systems were to be considered. IEC/SC45A experts recommended that an independent standard be developed at the same level as IEC 61513 to establish general requirements for electrical systems. Project IEC 63046 is now launched to cover this objective. When IEC 63046 is published this NOTE 2 of the introduction of IEC/SC45A standards will be suppressed.

NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS – INSTRUMENTATION, CONTROL AND ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS – REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY TESTING

1 Scope

This document establishes requirements for electromagnetic compatibility testing of instrumentation, control, and electrical equipment supplied for use in systems important to safety at nuclear power plants and other nuclear facilities. The document lists the applicable IEC standards (principally the IEC 61000 series) which define the general test methods, and provides the necessary application-specific parameters and criteria to ensure that nuclear safety requirements are met.

The normative part of this document is limited to the testing of equipment prior to installation in a nuclear power plant to demonstrate immunity to electromagnetic disturbances and to demonstrate that the equipment does not generate excessive emissions. Testing for the generation of excessive emissions is also applicable to non-safety equipment. This document includes informative annexes which provide additional guidance and describes approaches to maintaining electromagnetic compatibility for installed equipment. The intent of this document is to provide guidance for conducting the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) qualification testing of the equipment and does not provide guidance for the installation of the equipment to prevent electromagnetic and radio frequency interference (EMI/RFI). However, the configuration of the equipment under test during EMC qualification testing is representative of the intended installation in a nuclear facility.

Protection against a high altitude electromagnetic pulse (HEMP) and intentional electromagnetic interference (IEMI) are outside of the scope of this document, but information can be found in IEC 61000-4-23, IEC 61000-4-24, and IEC 61000-4-25 (HEMP) and IEC 61000-4-36 (IEMI) to address these phenomena.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC/IEEE 60780-323, *Nuclear facilities – Electrical equipment important to safety – Qualification*

IEC TR 61000-1-6, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 1-6: General – Guide to the assessment of measurement uncertainty*

IEC TR 61000-2-5, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 2-5: Environment – Description and classification of electromagnetic environments*

IEC 61000-4-2, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-3, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-4, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-5, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-6, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields*

IEC 61000-4-8, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-8: Testing and measurement techniques – Power frequency magnetic field immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-9, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-9: Testing and measurement techniques – Impulse magnetic field immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-10, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-10: Testing and measurement techniques – Damped oscillatory magnetic field immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-11, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests*

IEC 61000-4-12, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-12: Testing and measurement techniques – Ring wave immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-13, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-13: Testing and measurements techniques – Harmonics and interharmonics including mains signalling at a.c. power port, low frequency immunity tests*

IEC 61000-4-14, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-14: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage fluctuation immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-16, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-16: Testing and measurement techniques – Test for immunity to conducted, common mode disturbances in the frequency range 0 Hz to 150 kHz*

IEC 61000-4-17, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-17: Testing and measurement techniques – Ripple on d.c. input power port immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-18, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-18: Testing and measurement techniques – Damped oscillatory wave immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-20, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-20: Testing and measurement techniques – Emission and immunity testing in transverse electromagnetic (TEM) waveguides*

IEC 61000-4-28, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-28: Testing and measurement techniques – Variation of power frequency, immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-29, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-29: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on d.c. input power port immunity tests*

IEC 61000-4-34, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-34: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests for equipment with input current more than 16 A per phase*

IEC 61000-6-4, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-4: Generic standards – Emission standard for industrial environments*

IEC 61000-6-5, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-5: Generic standards – Immunity for equipment used in power station and substation environment*

IEC 61000-6-7, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-7: Generic standards – Immunity requirements for equipment intended to perform functions in a safety-related system (functional safety) in industrial locations*

IEC 61226, *Nuclear power plants – Instrumentation and control important to safety – Classification of instrumentation and control functions*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

acceptance criteria

specified bounds on the value of a functional indicator or condition indicator used to assess the ability of a structure, system or component to perform its design function

[SOURCE: IAEA Safety Glossary, edition 2016]

3.2

electromagnetic compatibility

EMC

ability of an equipment or system to function satisfactorily in its electromagnetic environment without introducing intolerable electromagnetic disturbances to anything in that environment

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-161:1990, 161-01-07]

3.3

electromagnetic environment

totality of electromagnetic phenomena existing at a given location

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-161:1990, 161-01-01]

3.4

immunity <to a disturbance>

ability of a device, equipment or system to perform without degradation in the presence of an electromagnetic disturbance

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-161:1990, 161-01-20]

3.5

electrostatic discharge

transfer of electric charge between bodies of different electrostatic potential in proximity or through direct contact

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-161:1990, 161-01-22]