# **EESTI STANDARD**

Petroleum and related products - Determination of wick flame persistence of fire-resistant fluids (ISO 14935:2020)



## EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

## NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 14935:2020 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 14935:2020 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 14935:2020 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 14935:2020.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 29.04.2020.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 29.04.2020.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile <u>standardiosakond@evs.ee</u>.

#### ICS 75.080

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

## EN ISO 14935

April 2020

ICS 75.080

Supersedes EN ISO 14935:1998

**English Version** 

## Petroleum and related products - Determination of wick flame persistence of fire-resistant fluids (ISO 14935:2020)

Pétrole et produits connexes - Détermination de la persistance d'une flamme sur une mèche trempée dans un fluide difficilement inflammable (ISO 14935:2020)

Mineralölerzeugnisse und verwandte Produkte -Bestimmung der Nachbrennzeit schwer entflammbarer Flüssigkeiten an einem Docht (ISO 14935:2020)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 March 2020.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 14935:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28 "Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 "Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin." the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 14935:1998.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

## **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 14935:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 14935:2020 without any modification.

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28, *Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources,* in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 19, *Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin,* in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14935:1998), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- material data of the reservoir have been changed;
- some designations have been changed;
- drawings have been revised;
- tolerances in ignition and dropping times and nozzle dimensions have been tightened for better accuracy.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

## Introduction

This document was originally developed by CEN under a mandate from the European Commission.

The test methodology laid down in this document is commonly listed in fire-resistant hydraulic fluids' specifications, such as ISO 12922, in which it defines the minimum requirements for unused flames fx ations. retardant and less flammable hydraulic fluids for hydrostatic and hydro-dynamic systems in general industrial applications.

# Petroleum and related products — Determination of wick flame persistence of fire-resistant fluids

WARNING — The use of this document can involve hazardous materials, operations and equipment. This document does not purport to address all of the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this document to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

## 1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the assessment of the persistence of a flame applied to the edge of a wick of non-flammable material immersed in fire-resistant fluid.

This test does not determine the behaviour of a spray of fire-resistant fluid.

NOTE Such test methods are specified in ISO 15029-1 and ISO 15029-2.

This document specifies one of four basic tests for determining flammability.

This document does not apply to certain liquids such as HFAE and HFAS liquids.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3170, Petroleum liquids — Manual sampling

ISO 9162, Petroleum products — Fuels (class F) — Liquefied petroleum gases — Specifications

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>http://www.electropedia.org/</u>

#### 3.1

#### flame mean persistence

persistence for each of the five different periods of application of the igniting flame calculated as the average of the six determinations

## 4 Principle

A length of non-flammable aluminosilicate plate is soaked in the fluid being tested and placed in a reservoir of the fluid with one edge exposed.

A small flame is applied to the exposed edge of the plate, and the persistence, in seconds, of the flame after removal of the igniting flame is measured. The tests are carried out with five different exposure times (2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 20 s and 30 s) and the after burning time is measured six times for each of the five