

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Fibre optics – Multimode launch conditions –  
Part 1: Launch condition requirements for measuring multimode attenuation**



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## Fibre optics – Multimode launch conditions – Part 1: Launch condition requirements for measuring multimode attenuation

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

ICS 33.180.01

ISBN 978-2-8322-8398-1

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measuring multimode attenuation****FOREWORD**

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International Standard IEC 62614-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 86C: Fibre optic systems and active devices, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC 62614, published in 2010, and constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 62614:

- a) increase of the value of the uncertainty attenuation variation coefficient  $Y$  for 50  $\mu\text{m}$  core fibre at 1 300 nm, due to launch conditions, to twice the previous value;
- b) changes to 3.4, 5.6, including Table 5, and some references to remain consistent with IEC 61280-4-1:2019;
- c) changes to multimode fibre references to be consistent with IEC 60793-2-10:2019.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
86C/1625/CDV	86C/1654A/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62614 series, published under the general title *Fibre optics – Multimode launch conditions*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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## FIBRE OPTICS – MULTIMODE LAUNCH CONDITIONS –

### Part 1: Launch condition requirements for measuring multimode attenuation

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62614 describes the launch condition requirements used for measuring multimode attenuation in passive components and in installed cable plants.

In this document, the fibre types that are addressed include category A1-OM<sub>x</sub>, where  $x = 2, 3, 4$  and  $5$  ( $50\text{ }\mu\text{m}/125\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ ), and A1-OM1 ( $62,5\text{ }\mu\text{m}/125\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ ) multimode fibres, as specified in IEC 60793-2-10. The nominal test wavelengths detailed are  $850\text{ nm}$  and  $1\,300\text{ nm}$ . This document can be suitable for multimode attenuation measurements for other multimode categories and/or other wavelengths, but the source condition for other categories and wavelengths are not defined here.

The purpose of these requirements is as follows:

- to ensure consistency of field measurements when different types of test equipment are used;
- to ensure consistency of factory measurements when different types of test equipment are used;
- to ensure consistency of field measurements when compared with factory measurements.

This document describes launch condition requirements for optical attenuation using sources with a controlled encircled flux (EF).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61280-1-4, *Fibre optic communication subsystem test procedures – Part 1-4: General communication subsystems – Light source encircled flux measurement method*

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>