# **INTERNATIONAL STANDARD**

**ISO** 12858-2

> Second edition 2020-06

# Optics and optical instruments — Ancillary devices for geodetic instruments —

# Part 2: **Tripods**

Optique et instruments d'optique — Équipements annexes pour les eds

eds instruments géodésiques —

Partie 2: Trépieds





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Published in Switzerland

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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Geodetic and surveying instruments*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 12858-2:1999), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 12858-2:1999/Amd.1:2013. The changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

editorial corrections.

A list of all parts in the ISO 12858 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

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### Introduction

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.arts, cover. ISO 12858 consists of a series of parts which detail specifications for ancillary devices to be used with geodetic instruments in surveying. This second part specifies requirements for tripods.

Additional parts, covering further ancillary devices, may be added to ISO 12858 as the need arises.

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# Optics and optical instruments — Ancillary devices for geodetic instruments —

#### Part 2:

## **Tripods**

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies the most important requirements of telescopic tripods for surveying instruments and the connection between instrument and tripod.

The requirements in this document enable instruments and tripods of different manufacturers to be joined to one another, without prejudicing their performance and their usefulness.

This document is applicable to tripods which are used for levels, theodolites, tacheometers, GPS equipment, EDM instruments and in combination with targets, reflectors, antennae, etc.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9849, Optics and optical instruments — Geodetic and surveying instruments — Vocabulary

ISO 2768-1, General tolerances — Part 1: Tolerances for linear and angular dimensions without individual tolerance indications

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9849 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 4 Design

Two main types of tripod with telescopic legs are used:

- Type L: for light-weight or small instruments, with flat head (LF) or spherical head (LS);
- Type H: for heavy instruments.

#### 5 General features — Dimensions

The mechanical properties of the tripod shall conform to the values given in <u>Table 1</u>. The shape of the tripod and the details as shown in <u>Figure 1</u> are examples for information only.