INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 13885-1

> Third edition 2020-07

Gel permeation chromatography (GPC) —

Part 1:

Tetrahydrofuran (THF) as eluent

graphic
Utilisation Chromatographie par perméation de gel (GPC) — Partie 1: Utilisation de tétrahydrofurane (THF) comme éluant



Reference number ISO 13885-1:2020(E)



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 13885-1:2008), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- this document has been adapted to the actual state of the art, especially with regards to software engineering;
- the scope has been revised;
- the definition for gel-permeation chromatography has been revised;
- the text has been revised editorially.

A list of all parts in the ISO 13885 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Gel permeation chromatography (GPC) —

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WARNING — This document can involve hazardous materials, operations or equipment. It does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This document specifies the determination of the molar-mass distribution and the average molar mass values $M_{\rm n}$ (number average) and $M_{\rm w}$ (weight average) of polymers that are soluble in tetrahydrofuran (THF) by gel permeation chromatography (GPC).

NOTE Also known as size exclusion chromatography (SEC).

Even though the chromatograms obtained show good repeatability, it is possible that this method cannot be used with certain polymer types because of specific interactions (e.g. adsorption) within the sample/eluent/column system.

The conditions specified in this document are not applicable to the GPC analysis of polymer samples with $M_{\rm w}$ values greater than 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 7.6 and 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 and 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 and 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits outside the calibration range (see 10^6 g/mol and/or of polymers with elution limits

This document includes no correction method (e.g. for the elimination of peak broadening. If absolute molar-mass values are required, an absolute method (e.g. membrane osmometry for M_n or light scattering for M_w) can be used.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1513, Paints and varnishes — Examination and preparation of test samples

ISO 4618, Paints and varnishes — Terms and definitions

ISO 15528, Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 4618 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/