

Dentistry - Corrosion resistance of dental amalgam (ISO 23325:2020)

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 23325:2020 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 23325:2020 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 23325:2020 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 23325:2020.
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English Version

Dentistry - Corrosion resistance of dental amalgam (ISO
23325:2020)

Médecine bucco-dentaire - Résistance à la corrosion
des amalgames dentaires (ISO 23325:2020)

Zahnheilkunde - Korrosionsbeständigkeit von
Dentalamalgam (ISO 23325:2020)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 June 2020.

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EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 23325:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106 "Dentistry" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 55 "Dentistry" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 23325:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 23325:2020 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Filling and restorative materials*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 55, *Dentistry*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document sets a requirement, being the acceptable limit, for the reduction in strength of dental amalgam that is a consequence of crevice corrosion when the test is conducted using the procedure specified in this document. It uses one of the three corrosion test procedures present in ISO/TS 17988 for which a requirement is given in this document. The testing protocol is designed to accelerate the effect, such that results are obtained in a time suited to an *in vitro* test. Its purpose is to differentiate acceptable products from those that are not (by using a benchmark value) and not to rank products. It is not intended for use in product comparison claims.

Specific qualitative and quantitative requirements for freedom from biological hazard are not included in this document, but it is recommended that reference be made to ISO 10993-1 and ISO 7405 for assessing possible biological hazards. The test procedure in this document is inappropriate for assessing possible biological hazards.

Dentistry — Corrosion resistance of dental amalgam

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for the permissible reduction in strength resulting from crevice corrosion of dental amalgam products that are within the scope of ISO 24234 or ISO 20749. It provides details of the test procedure for determining this.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1942, *Dentistry — Vocabulary*

ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

ISO 4287, *Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters*

ISO 6344-1, *Coated abrasives — Grain size analysis — Part 1: Grain size distribution test*

ISO 7488, *Dentistry — Mixing machines for dental amalgam*

ISO 13897, *Dentistry — Dental amalgam reusable mixing-capsules*

ISO 24234, *Dentistry — Dental amalgam*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1942 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

dental amalgam alloy

alloy in fine particles, composed mainly of silver, tin and copper, which when mixed with *dental mercury* (3.2), produces a dental amalgam for dental restoration

[SOURCE: ISO 20749:2017, 3.1]

3.2

dental mercury

mercury supplied for use in the preparation of dental amalgam

[SOURCE: ISO 20749:2017, 3.2]