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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 27, *Coal and coke*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Methods of analysis*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 17247:2013), of which it constitutes a minor revision. This edition includes the following changes compared to the previous edition:

- amending the title and the scope;
- updating of referenced documents;
- updating of the standard test methods used for ultimate analysis in <u>Table 1</u>;
- defining of constants in <u>Table 2</u>.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Coal and coke — Ultimate analysis

1 Scope

This document establishes a practice for the ultimate analysis of coal and coke and is intended for general utilization by the coal and coke industries to provide a basis for comparison of coals and cokes.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 334, Solid mineral fuels — Determination of total sulfur — Eschka method

ISO 579, Coke — Determination of total moisture

ISO 589, Hard coal — Determination of total moisture

ISO 609, Solid mineral fuels — Determination of carbon and hydrogen — High temperature combustion method

ISO 625, Solid mineral fuels — Determination of carbon and hydrogen — Liebig method

ISO 687, Solid mineral fuels — Coke — Determination of moisture in the general analysis test sample

ISO 1171, Solid mineral fuels — Determination of ash

ISO 1213-2, Solid mineral fuels — Vocabulary — Part 2: Terms relating to sampling, testing and analysis

ISO 5068-1, Brown coals and lignites — Determination of moisture content — Part 1: Indirect gravimetric method for total moisture

ISO 5068-2, Brown coals and lignites — Determination of moisture content — Part 2: Indirect gravimetric method for moisture in the analysis sample

ISO 11722, Solid mineral fuels — Hard coal — Determination of moisture in the general analysis test sample by drying in nitrogen

ISO 19579, Solid mineral fuels — Determination of sulfur by IR spectrometry

ISO 20336, Solid mineral fuels — Determination of total sulfur by Coulomb titration method

ISO 29541, Solid mineral fuels — Determination of total carbon, hydrogen and nitrogen content — Instrumental method

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1213-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/