

Lighting equipment - Non-active mode power measurement

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

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English Version

Lighting equipment - Non-active mode power measurement (IEC 63103:2020)

Appareils d'éclairage - Mesure de puissance en mode non
actif
(IEC 63103:2020)

Beleuchtungskomponente - Messung der elektrischen
Leistungsaufnahme im Bereitschafts-Betrieb (nicht-aktiv-
Betrieb)
(IEC 63103:2020)

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European foreword

The text of document 34/698/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 63103, prepared by IEC/TC 34 "Lighting" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 63103:2020.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national (dop) 2021-05-26 level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
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In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61347-1:2015	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61347-1:2015 (not modified)
IEC 62301:2011	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 50564:2011
IEC 62386 (series)	NOTE	Harmonized as EN IEC 62386 (series)
IEC 62442 (series)	NOTE	Harmonized as EN IEC 62442 (series)
IEC 62722-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62722-1

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-845	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary. Lighting	-	-
IEC 62504	-	General lighting - Light emitting diode (LED) products and related equipment - Terms and definitions	EN 62504	-
IIEC TS 63105 ¹	-	Lighting systems and related equipment – Vocabulary ¹		
ETSI EN 300 328 2016 V2.1.1 (2016-11)		Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU	-	-

¹ Under preparation. Stage at time of publication: IEC CDTS 63105:2020.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Lighting equipment – Non-active mode power measurement



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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Lighting equipment – Non-active mode power measurement

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

LIGHTING EQUIPMENT – NON-ACTIVE MODE POWER MEASUREMENT

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International Standard IEC 63103 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 34: Lamps and related equipment.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
34/698/FDIS	34/709/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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INTRODUCTION

The first edition of this document specifies uniform requirements for measuring non-active mode power consumption for all lighting equipment. Present performance standards for controlgear (IEC 62442 (all parts)) and luminaires (IEC 62722-1), already include some descriptions for measuring standby power. It is expected that these standards will be amended, accordingly.

In addition to an illumination function, today's lighting equipment can execute a variety of additional non-illumination functions, for example through integrated surveillance cameras, noise detectors, occupancy counters, vehicular and pedestrian traffic detection, weather detection, smoke detection, visible light communication and proximity or location devices. During the execution of these functions, the (multi-function) lighting equipment can operate in many different (active and non-active) modes. Non-active mode power consumption of (multi-function) lighting equipment, i.e. the power consumed when the illumination function is off, is an important aspect of lighting equipment and is becoming more important with the emergence of connected lighting.

This document defines and describes methods of measurement of electrical power consumption in non-active mode(s) for lighting equipment. The document is organized into two main clauses: Clause 4 "General test conditions" and Clause 5 "Measurements".

Clause 4 contains specifications on the general conditions for making the measurements. Subclauses 4.1 through 4.4 cover conditions for setting up the laboratory, selecting a supply voltage and suitable instruments for the power measurement. Subclause 4.5 covers aspects which should be considered when the lighting equipment is connected to a network to work properly. Subclause 4.5.2 is for wired networks and 4.5.3 and 4.5.4 give setups for wireless networks using conducted or radiated connections, respectively. These setups for wireless networks are harmonized with ETSI Standard EN 300 328 and modified for lighting equipment.

Clause 5 details the procedures for making measurements of the equipment under test (EUT). Subclause 5.1 gives general instructions for setting the EUT into the possible non-active mode(s). Subclause 5.2 details the large variety of EUTs. These EUTs can be placed into two categories: illumination-only (5.2.2) and multi-function (5.2.3) lighting equipment. Traditional lighting equipment with an illumination-only function is summarized in 5.2.2, Table 1. Multi-function lighting equipment having additional non-illumination functions is addressed in 5.2.3. A standardized form for reporting the measured result according to the functions and modes of the multi-function lighting equipment under test is specified in 5.2.3, Table 2. Table 2 is a central feature of this document that will enable all users to report their non-active power results in a consistent manner.

Subclause 5.3 specifies procedures for preparing the EUT to make measurements of the input power. Instructions for EUTs containing battery charging functions are found in 5.3.2. Subclause 5.3.3 gives procedures for EUTs having no network provision and 5.3.4 covers networked EUTs whether wired or wireless.

The measurement procedure is specified in 5.4 and offers three alternative methods and the specific stability conditions required for each. These methods are adapted for lighting equipment from IEC 62301:2011. The direct meter method specified in 5.4.2 has the most limited applicability. It can only be used when the power reading is stable. In cases of discrepancy, the average reading method (5.4.3) or sampling method (5.4.4) have precedence. The average reading method is suitable only for EUTs having stable modes whereas the sampling method is suited for cyclic or unstable modes and if the mode is of limited duration.

Informative annexes are included to illustrate various measurement setups (Annex B and Annex C) and Annex D provides practical examples of controlgear, for example involving lighting equipment having a digital addressable lighting interface network in accordance with IEC 62386 (all parts), and of luminaires.

The methods defined and described in this document are not intended to be used to measure power consumption of (multi-function) lighting equipment during active mode(s) (also called "on mode(s)"), as these are generally covered by IEC standards or other product standards.

This document provides methods of measurement for lighting equipment. However, the methods specified in this document could also be used to measure lighting system models. A system model is a full-size portion of the lighting system containing specific functions and can set every mode of a portion of the system. The system models should be scalable to the entire lighting system additively. Thus, the total non-active mode power consumption of the system should equal the summation of power measured in each system model.

Using an adaptive roadway and pedestrian lighting system as an example for illustration, the following three system models could be present:

- (A) five luminaires connected to one daylight sensor; illuminate to compensate daylight;
- (B) a luminaire with a pedestrian sensor, a daylight sensor, connected to a crosswalk illumination; illuminate the crosswalk upon sensing a pedestrian when needed;
- (C) a dimmable luminaire with a vehicle detector; illuminate upon sensing a vehicle when needed.

Assume the lighting system comprises 50 A-, 10 B-, and 20 C-system models, then the total power consumption for a specified mode of the system would be $\text{Power}(\text{mode}) = 50 \times \text{power}(\text{A}) + 10 \times \text{power}(\text{B}) + 20 \times \text{power}(\text{C})$. Table 2 (5.2.3) could be used to specify the measurement of a system model set in various combinations of modes. In this way, the system is evaluated in measurable pieces (system models) set to function interactively as the entire system is intended for each mode.