INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 9455-5

Third edition 2020-10

Soft soldering fluxes — Test methods —

Part 5: Copper mirror test

Flux de brasage tendre — Méthodes d'essai — Partie 5: Essai au miroir de cuivre





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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Soldering materials*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 121, *Welding*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 9455-5:2014), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- Footnote 1 in old 5.2 (now <u>6.2</u>) has been deleted;
- Clause 3, Terms and definitions, has been added;
- subsequent numbering and cross-references have been updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 9455 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Soft soldering fluxes — Test methods —

Part 5:

Copper mirror test

1 Scope

This document specifies a qualitative method for assessing the aggressiveness of a flux towards copper.

The test is applicable to all fluxes of type 1 as defined in ISO 9454-1.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9455-1, Soft soldering fluxes — Test methods — Part 1: Determination of non-volatile matter, gravimetric method

ISO 9455-2, Soft soldering fluxes — Test methods — Part 2: Determination of non-volatile matter, ebulliometric method

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Principle

For flux samples in the form of a solid or paste, and for flux-cored solder, a flux test solution containing 25 % (m/m) of solids is prepared. For liquid flux samples, the liquid is used full strength as the flux test solution. The flux test solution is then evaluated in terms of its attack on a copper film previously vacuum deposited onto a glass plate (copper mirror). A rosin reference solution, which should not cause removal of the copper film, is used as a control. The object of the test is to determine the flux reactivity due to the presence of free halide activators.

NOTE The presence of amines in the flux can cause misleading results in that the flux appears to pass the test, when in fact it has a highly reactive composition.

5 Reagents

Use only reagents of recognized analytical grade and only distilled, or deionized, water.

5.1 Acetone.

5.2 Propan-2-ol.