INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 9594-6

> Ninth edition 2020-11

Information technology — Open systems interconnection —

Part 6:

ar The L The Directory: Selected attribute types





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Published in Switzerland

Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents) or the IEC list of patent declarations received (see http://patents.iec.ch).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by ITU-T as ITU-T X.520 (10/2019) and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules, in collaboration with Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Telecommunications and information exchange between systems*.

This ninth edition cancels and replaces the eighth edition (ISO/IEC 9594-6:2017), which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 9594 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

This Recommendation | International Standard, together with other Recommendations | International Standards, has been produced to facilitate the interconnection of information processing systems to provide directory services. A set of such systems, together with the directory information that they hold, can be viewed as an integrated whole, called the *Directory*. The information held by the Directory, collectively known as the Directory Information Base (DIB), is typically used to facilitate communication between, with or about objects such as application entities, people, terminals, and distribution lists.

The Directory plays a significant role in Open Systems Interconnection, whose aim is to allow, with a minimum of technical agreement outside of the interconnection standards themselves, the interconnection of information processing systems:

- from different manufacturers;
- under different managements;
- of different levels of complexity; and
- of different ages.

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a number of attribute types which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory, as well as a number of standard attribute syntaxes and matching rules. One particular use for many of the attributes defined herein is in the formation of names, particularly for the classes of objects defined in Rec. ITU-T X.521 | ISO/IEC 9594-7.

This Recommendation | International Standard provides the foundation frameworks upon which industry profiles can be defined by other standards groups and industry forums. Many of the features defined as optional in these frameworks may be mandated for use in certain environments through profiles. This ninth edition technically revises and enhances the eighth edition of this Recommendation | International Standard.

This ninth edition specifies versions 1 and 2 of the Directory protocols.

Annex A, which is an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides the ASN.1 notation for the complete module which defines the attributes, attribute syntaxes and matching rules.

Annex C, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides a table of attribute types, for easy reference.

Annex D, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides an example of upper bounds value constraints. These constraints are not reflected in these Directory Specifications, but are provided as a reference for those implementations applying these constraints.

Annex E, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, lists alphabetically the attributes and matching rules defined in this Directory Specification.

Annex F, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, gives examples relevant to the definition of zonal matching.

Annex G, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, describes how a directory distinguished name may be based on object identifiers and on Uniform Resource Names (URNs).

Annex H, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, describes an alternative way of generating directory distinguished based on object identifiers. It contains information retrieved from Rec. ITU-T X.660 | ISO/IEC 9834-1.

Annex I, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, lists the amendments and defect reports that have been incorporated to form this edition of this Recommendation | International Standard.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD RECOMMENDATION ITU-T

Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Selected attribute types

SECTION 1 – GENERAL

1 Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a number of attribute types and matching rules which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory.

Attribute types and matching rules fall into three categories, as described below.

Some attribute types and matching rules are used by a wide variety of applications or are understood and/or used by the Directory itself.

NOTE 1-It is recommended that an attribute type or matching rule defined in this Recommendation | International Standard be used, in preference to the generation of a new one, whenever it is appropriate for the application.

NOTE 2 – The attribute and context types definitions by this Recommendation | International Standard have some associated semantics. Such specifications should not be used in situations where these semantics do not apply.

Some attribute types and matching rules are internationally standardized, but are application-specific. These are defined in the standards associated with the application concerned.

Any administrative authority can define its own attribute types and matching rules for any purpose. These are not internationally standardized, and are available to others beyond the administrative authority which created them only through bilateral agreement.

2 Normative references

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

2.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

- Recommendation ITU-T X.500 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-1:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Overview of concepts, models and services.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.501 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-2:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Models.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.509 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-8:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Public-key and attribute certificate frameworks.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.511 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-3:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Abstract service definition.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.518 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-4:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Procedures for distributed operation.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.519 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-5:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection - The Directory: Protocol specifications.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.521 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-7:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Selected object classes.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.525 (2019) | ISO/IEC 9594-9:2020, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Replication.

- Recommendation ITU-T X.660 (2011) | ISO/IEC 9834-1:2012, Information technology –Procedures for the operation of object identifier registration authorities: General procedures and top arcs of the international object identifier tree.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.667 (2012) | ISO/IEC 9834-8:2014, Information technology –Procedures for the operation of object identifier registration authorities: Generation of universally unique identifiers and their use in object identifiers.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.668 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9834-9:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities: Registration of object identifier arcs for applications and services using tag-based identification.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.680 (2015) | ISO/IEC 8824-1:2015, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.681 (2015) | ISO/IEC 8824-2:2015, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Information object specification.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.682 (2015) | ISO/IEC 8824-3:2015, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Constraint specification.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.683 (2015) | ISO/IEC 8824-4:2015, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Parameterization of ASN.1 specifications.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.690 (2015) | ISO/IEC 8825-1:2015, Information technology ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER).

2.2 Other references

- Recommendation ITU-T E.123 (2001), Notation for national and international telephone numbers, e-mail addresses and web addresses.
- Recommendation ITU-T E.164 (2010), The international public telecommunication numbering plan.
- Recommendation ITU-T F.1 (1998), Operational provisions for the international public telegram service.
- Recommendation ITU-T F.31 (1988), Telegram retransmission system.
- Recommendation ITU-T F.401 (1992), Message handling services: Naming and addressing for public message handling services.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.30 (2005), *Procedures for document facsimile transmission in the general switched telephone network.*
- Recommendation ITU-T T.51 (1992), Latin based coded character sets for telematic services.
- Recommendation ITU-T T.62 (1993), Control procedures for teletex and Group 4 facsimile services.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.121 (2000), International numbering plan for public data networks.
- ISO 3166-1:2013, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions Part 1: Country codes.
- ISO 3166-3:2013, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions Part 3: Code for formerly used names of countries.
- ISO 639-2:1998, Codes for the representation of names of languages Part 2: Alpha-3 code.
- ISO/IEC/IEEE 9945:2009, Information technology Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) Base Specifications, Issue 7.
- ISO/IEC 15897:2011, Information technology User interfaces Procedures for the registration of cultural elements.
- IETF RFC 3406 (2002), Uniform Resource Names (URN) Namespace Definition Mechanisms.
- IETF RFC 3454 (2002), Preparation of Internationalized Strings ("stringprep").
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- IETF RFC 3672 (2003), Subentries in the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP).
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- IETF RFC 4517 (2006), Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP): Syntaxes and Matching Rules.
- IETF RFC 4520 (2006), Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) Considerations for the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP).
- IETF RFC 4792 (2007), Encoding Instructions for the Generic String Encoding Rules (GSER).
- IETF RFC 5890 (2010), Internationalized Domain Names for Applications (IDNA): Definitions and Document Framework.
- IETF RFC 5892 (2010), The Unicode Code Points and Internationalized Domain Names for Applications (IDNA).
- National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA): TR 8350.2 (1984), Department of Defense World Geodetic System, third edition.
- The Unicode Consortium. *The Unicode Standard, Version 4.0.0*, defined by: *The Unicode Standard, Version 4.0* (Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley, 2003. ISBN 0-321-18578-1).
- Unicode Standard Annex #15: Unicode Normalization Forms, by Mark Davis and Martin Dürst. An integral part of *The Unicode Standard*, Version 4.0.

2.3 ISO/IEC Standards

ISO/IEC 10646:2017, Information technology – Universal Coded Character Set (UCS).

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following definitions apply:

The following terms are defined in Rec. ITU-T X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2:

- a) attribute type;
- b) context;
- c) matching rule;
- d) object class.

4 Abbreviations

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following abbreviations apply:

AFI Application Family Identifier

EPC Electronic Product Code

FQDN Fully-Qualified Domain Name GSER Generic String Encoding Rules

IDN Internationalized Domain Name

LDAP Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

LDH Letters, Digits, Hyphen

RFID Radio Frequency Identification

RDN Relative Distinguished Name

UII Unique Item Identifier

URL Uniform Resource Locator
URN Uniform Resource Name

UTM Universal Transverse Mercator

UUID Universally Unique Identifier

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