Petroleum products - Determination of boiling range distribution by gas chromatography method - Part 2: Heavy distillates and residual fuels



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 15199-2:202 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 15199-2:202 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 15199-2:2020 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 15199-2:2020.	
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teat avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.	
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ICS 75.080

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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ICS 75.080

Supersedes EN 15199-2:2006

English Version

Petroleum products - Determination of boiling range distribution by gas chromatography method - Part 2: Heavy distillates and residual fuels

Produits pétroliers - Détermination de la répartition dans l'intervalle de distillation par méthode de chromatographie en phase gazeuse - Partie 2 : Fiouls lourds et fiouls résiduels

Mineralölerzeugnisse - Gaschromatographische Bestimmung des Siedeverlaufes - Teil 2: Schweröle und Rückstandsöle

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 November 2020.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 15199-2:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 "Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 15199-2:2006.

The main changes in this edition include:

- updated text to give better guidance to operators executing the test;
- additional clarification in the sample preparation section.

EN 15199 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Petroleum products* — *Determination of boiling range distribution by gas chromatography method*:

- Part 1: Middle distillates and lubricating base oils;
- Part 2: Heavy distillates and residual fuels;
- Part 3: Crude oil;
- Part 4: Light fractions of crude oil.

This document specifies the determination of boiling range distribution of materials with initial boiling points (IBP) above $100\,^{\circ}$ C and final boiling points (FBP) above $750\,^{\circ}$ C. For testing materials with initial boiling points (IBP) above $100\,^{\circ}$ C and final boiling point (FBP) below $750\,^{\circ}$ C, Part 1 of the standard can be used. For testing materials with initial boiling points (IBP) below $100\,^{\circ}$ C and final boiling points (FBP) above $750\,^{\circ}$ C, such as crude oils, Part 3 is applicable. Part 4 describes the determination of boiling range distribution of hydrocarbons up to n-nonane in crude oil.

This document is a joint development between the EI [5], ASTM [4] and CEN.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom

1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the determination of the boiling range distribution of petroleum products by capillary gas chromatography using flame ionization detection. The standard is applicable to materials having a vapour pressure low enough to permit sampling at ambient temperature, and which have a boiling range of at least 100 °C. The standard is applicable to materials with initial boiling points (IBP) above 100 °C and final boiling points (FBP) above 750 °C, for example, heavy distillate fuels and residuals. The method is not applicable to bituminous samples.

The test method is not applicable for the analysis of petroleum or petroleum products containing low molecular weight components (for example naphthas, reformates, gasolines) or middle distillates like Diesel and Jet fuel.

Petroleum or petroleum products containing blending components, which contain hetero atoms (for example alcohols, ethers, acids, or esters) or residue, are not to be analysed by this test method.

NOTE For the purposes of this document, the terms "(m/m)" and "(V/V)" are used to represent respectively the mass fraction and the volume fraction.

WARNING — The use of this document may involve hazardous materials, operations and equipment. This document does not purport to address all of the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN ISO 3170, Petroleum liquids — Manual sampling (ISO 3170)

EN ISO 3171, Petroleum liquids — Automatic pipeline sampling (ISO 3171)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

initial boiling point

IBP

temperature corresponding to the retention time at which a net area (3.7) counts equal to 0,5 % of the total sample area (3.6) under the chromatogram is obtained (see Figure 1)

3.2

final boiling point

FBP

temperature corresponding to the retention time at which a net area (3.7) counts equal to 99,5 % of the total sample area (3.6) under the chromatogram is obtained (see Figure 1)