AKUSTIKA. HOONETE JA EHITUSELEMENTIDE HELIISOLATSIOONI HINDAMINE. OSA 1: ÕHUHELI ISOLATSIOON

Acoustics - Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements - Part 1: Airborne sound insulation (ISO 717-1:2020)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 717-1:2021 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 717-1:2020 ingliskeelset teksti.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 717-1:2021 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 717-1:2020.

Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.

This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 16.12.2020.

Date of Availability of the European standard is 16.12.2020.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.

The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile <u>standardiosakond@evs.ee</u>.

ICS 91.120.20

Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardimis-ja Akrediteerimiskeskusega: Koduleht www.evs.ee; telefon 605 5050; e-post info@evs.ee

The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

 $If you have any questions about copyright, please contact \ Estonian \ Centre for \ Standard is at ion \ and \ Accreditation:$

Homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2020

EN ISO 717-1

ICS 91.120.20

Supersedes EN ISO 717-1:2013

English Version

Acoustics - Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements - Part 1: Airborne sound insulation (ISO 717-1:2020)

Acoustique - Évaluation de l'isolement acoustique des immeubles et des éléments de construction - Partie 1: Isolement aux bruits aériens (ISO 717-1:2020)

Akustik - Bewertung der Schalldämmung in Gebäuden und von Bauteilen - Teil 1: Luftschalldämmung (ISO 717-1:2020)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 December 2020.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 717-1:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43 "Acoustics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 126 "Acoustic properties of building elements and of buildings" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 717-1:2013.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 717-1:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 717-1:2020 without any modification.

Contents		Page
Foreword		iv
Introducti	ion	v
1 Sco	ppe	1
2 Noi	rmative references	1
3 Ter	ms and definitions	2
4 Pro	ocedure for evaluating single-number quantities	2
4.1	General	2
4.2 4.3	Reference values Sound spectra	
4.4	Method of comparison	4
4.5		
5 Sta 5.1	tement of results General	
5.2		
5.3		
_	informative) Use of spectrum adaptation terms	
	informative) Terms and spectra for an enlarged frequency range	
Annex C (i	nformative) Examples of the calculation of single-number quantities and ectrum adaptation terms	16
Annex D (I	normative) Single-number rating for improvement of sound reduction index ings	by 19
Annex E (1	normative) Standard basic elements for measuring the improvement of airbo	orne
sou	ind insulation by linings	21
Bibliograp	phy	26
		5

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Building acoustics*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 126, *Acoustic properties of building elements and of buildings*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 717-1:2013), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- ISO 10140-1:2016, G.6 relocated into this document;
- ISO 10140-5:2010, Annex B relocated into this document;
- references updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 717 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Methods of measurement of airborne sound insulation of building elements and in buildings have been standardized e.g. in ISO 10140-2 and ISO 16283-1. The purpose of this document is to standardize a e ft aracter, standards w. e are not comple. method whereby the frequency-dependent values of airborne sound insulation can be converted into a single number characterizing the acoustical performance.

References to standards which provide data for single-number evaluation are meant to be examples and therefore are not complete.

Acoustics — Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements —

Part 1:

Airborne sound insulation

1 Scope

This document

- a) defines single-number quantities for airborne sound insulation in buildings and of building elements such as walls, floors, doors, and windows,
- b) takes into consideration the different sound level spectra of various noise sources such as noise sources inside a building and traffic outside a building, and
- c) gives rules for determining these quantities from the results of measurements carried out in one-third-octave or octave bands for example in accordance with ISO 10140-2 and ISO 16283-1.

The single-number quantities in accordance with this document are intended for rating airborne sound insulation and for simplifying the formulation of acoustical requirements in building codes. An additional single-number evaluation in steps of 0,1 dB is indicated for the expression of uncertainty (except for spectrum adaptation terms). The required numerical values of the single-number quantities are specified according to varying needs. The single-number quantities are based on results of measurements in one-third-octave bands or octave bands.

For laboratory measurements made in accordance with ISO 10140-2, single-number quantities are calculated using one-third-octave bands only.

The rating of results of measurements carried out over an enlarged frequency range is dealt with in Annex B.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10140-1:2016, Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 1: Application rules for specific products

ISO 10140-2:2010, Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 2: Measurement of airborne sound insulation

ISO 10140-5:2010, Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment

ISO 10848-2:2017, Acoustics — Laboratory and field measurement of flanking transmission for airborne, impact and building service equipment sound between adjoining rooms — Part 2: Application to Type B elements when the junction has a small influence

ISO 15186-1:2000, Acoustics — Measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements using sound intensity — Part 1: Laboratory measurements

ISO 16283-1:2014, Acoustics — Field measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 1: Airborne sound insulation

ISO 16283-1:2014/Amd 1:2017, Acoustics — Field measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 1: Airborne sound insulation — Amendment 1

ISO 16283-3:2016, Acoustics — Field measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 3: Façade sound insulation

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

single-number quantity

<for airborne sound insulation rating> value, in decibels, of the reference curve at 500 Hz after shifting it in accordance with the method specified in this document

Note 1 to entry: Terms and symbols for the single-number quantity used depend on the type of measurement. Examples are listed in <u>Table 1</u> for airborne sound insulation properties of building elements and in <u>Table 2</u> for airborne sound insulation in buildings. In general, new single-number quantities are derived in a similar way.

3.2

spectrum adaptation term

value, in decibels, to be added to the single-number rating (e.g. $R_{\rm w}$) to take account of the characteristics of particular sound spectra

Note 1 to entry: Two sound spectra are defined (in one-third-octave bands and in octave bands) in this document.

Note 2 to entry: Annex A gives information on the purpose of introducing these two spectrum adaptation terms C and $C_{\rm tr}$

4 Procedure for evaluating single-number quantities

4.1 General

The values obtained in accordance with e.g. ISO 10140-2 and ISO 16283-1 are compared with reference values (see 4.2) at the frequencies of measurement within the range 100 Hz to 3 150 Hz for one-third-octave bands and 125 Hz to 2 000 Hz for octave bands.

The comparison shall be carried out as specified in 4.4.

Furthermore, two spectrum adaptation terms shall be calculated (see 4.5) based on two typical spectra within the frequency range as quoted above. These two terms may optionally be supplemented by additional spectrum adaptation terms covering (if need be and if measured data are available) a wider frequency range between 50 Hz and 5 000 Hz.