

Radiological protection - Criteria and performance limits for the periodic evaluation of dosimetry services (ISO 14146:2018)

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ICS 13.280

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 14146

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English Version

**Radiological protection - Criteria and performance limits
for the periodic evaluation of dosimetry services (ISO
14146:2018)**

Radioprotection - Critères et limites de performance
pour l'évaluation périodique des services de
dosimétrie (ISO 14146:2018)

Strahlenschutz - Kriterien und Mindestanforderungen
bei der wiederkehrenden Überprüfung von
Dosismessstellen (ISO 11929-2:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 18 January 2021.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

The text of ISO 14146:2018 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 85 "Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 14146:2021 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 430 "Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 14146:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 14146:2021 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of the standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 85, *Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Radiological protection*.

This second edition of ISO 14146 cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14146:2000) of which it constitutes a technical revision. The main change with respect to the previous edition is the inclusion of beta and neutron radiation as well as eye, extremity and area dosimeters.

Radiological protection — Criteria and performance limits for the periodic evaluation of dosimetry services

1 Scope

The quality of a supplier of a dosimetry service depends on both the characteristics of the approved (type-tested) dosimetry system¹⁾ and the training and experience of the staff, together with the calibration procedures and quality assurance programmes.

This document specifies the criteria and the test procedures to be used for the periodic verification of the performance of dosimetry services supplying personal and/or area dosimeters.

An area dosimeter can be a workplace dosimeter or an environmental dosimeter.

The performance evaluation can be carried out as a part of the approval procedure for a dosimetry system or as an independent check to verify that a dosimetry service fulfils specified national or international type test performance requirements under representative exposure conditions that are expected or mimic workplace fields from the radiological activities being monitored.

This document applies to personal and area dosimeters for the assessment of external photon radiation with a (fluence weighted) mean energy between 8 keV and 10 MeV, beta radiation with a (fluence weighted) mean energy between 60 keV and 1,2 MeV, and neutron radiation with a (fluence weighted) mean energy between 25,3 meV (i.e. thermal neutrons with a Maxwellian energy distribution with $kT = 25,3$ meV) and 200 MeV.

It covers all types of personal and area dosimeters needing laboratory processing (e.g. thermoluminescent, optically stimulated luminescence, radiophotoluminescent, track detectors or photographic-film dosimeters) and involving continuous measurements or measurements repeated regularly at fixed time intervals (e.g. several weeks, one month).

Active dosimeters (for dose measurement) may also be treated according to this document. Then, they should be treated as if they were passive (i.e. the dosimetry service reads their indicated values and reports them to the evaluation organization).

2 Normatives references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4037-1, *X and gamma reference radiation for calibrating dosimeters and doserate meters and for determining their response as a function of photon energy — Part 1: Radiation characteristics and production methods*

ISO 6980-1, *Nuclear energy — Reference beta-particle radiation — Part 1: Methods of production*

ISO 8529-1, *Reference neutron radiations — Part 1: Characteristics and methods of production*

ISO 12789-1, *Reference radiation fields — Simulated workplace neutron fields — Part 1: Characteristics and methods of production*

ISO/IEC 17025, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*

1) If this document is applied to a dosimetry system for which no approval (pattern or type test) has been provided, then in the following text approval or type test should be read as the technical data sheet provided by the manufacturer or as the data sheet required by the regulatory authority.

ISO/TS 18090-1, *Radiological protection — Characteristics of reference pulsed radiation — Part 1: Photon radiation*

ISO 29661, *Reference radiation fields for radiation protection — Definitions and fundamental concepts*

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, *Uncertainty of measurement — Part 3: Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)*

IEC 61267, *Medical diagnostic X-ray equipment — Radiation conditions for use in the determination of characteristics*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 29661 and the following apply.

3.1

approved dosimeter **approved dosimetry system**

personal or area dosimeter and associated processing system that has been approved or authorized for use by the qualification body

Note 1 to entry: Several dosimeters designs can be operated using the same associated processing system (dosimeter reader, etc.). Then, they are regarded as several dosimeters/dosimetry systems.

3.2

control (background) dosimeter

personal or area dosimeter that provides an estimate of any radiation dose received by the evaluation sample apart from that given by the irradiating laboratory

Note 1 to entry: The control dosimeter provides a means of estimating and eliminating the contribution to the dose from background radiation and that received during the time between zeroing and read out, i.e. the dose during handling, transportation.

3.3

dosimeter **dosimetry system**

radiation meter designed to measure quantities such as an absorbed dose or a dose equivalent

Note 1 to entry: In a wider sense, this term is used for meters designed to measure other quantities related to radiation such as exposure, fluence, etc. Such use is deprecated.

Note 2 to entry: This apparatus may require a separate reader to read out the absorbed dose or dose equivalent.

3.4

dosimetry service

organization that operates a personal and/or area dosimetry system which includes the evaluation of the reading of dosimeters after their use and includes:

- providing the user with dosimeters;
- recording the results;
- reporting the results to the user.

Note 1 to entry: The dosimetry service fulfils basic quality management and independency requirements if it fulfils the requirements stated in ISO/IEC 17025.

Note 2 to entry: The user includes not only external clients but also internal personnel who wear dosimeters provided by their own organization and are engaged in radiation protection activities inside or outside the organization. The same quality of dosimetry service which is provided to external users is also provided to organizations' employees (internal users), in accordance with their own quality management system.