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IEC Central Office 3, rue de Varembé CH-1211 Geneva 20 Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 info@iec.ch www.iec.ch

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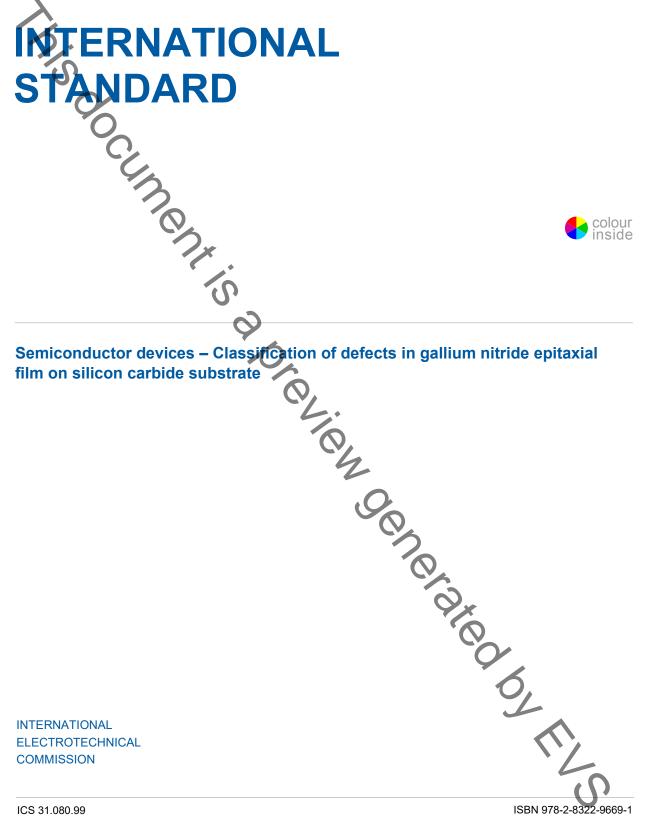
The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 000 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 18 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

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### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

# SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – CLASSIFICATION OF DEFECTS IN GALLIUM NITRIDE EPITAXIAL FILM ON SILICON CARBIDE SUBSTRATE

## FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 63229 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 47: Semiconductor devices. It is an International Standard.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
47/2687/FDIS	47/2693/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Gallium nitride (GaN) as a representative of the wide band gap semiconductors has outstanding properties, such as wide band gap, high critical electric field, high electron saturation drift velocity, and good resistance to corrosion and radiation. Owing to these properties, GaN can bring significant improvements to electronic devices, such as highvoltage, high-frequency, and high-power, which will be widely used in wireless communication base stations, radars, automotive electronics, aerospace, the nuclear industry, and military electronics

To date, the development of GaN epitaxial film and related devices is hindered by high cost, low yield, and poor reliability. Among them, the defects in GaN epitaxial film, which closely related to device reliability, are especially serious.

There are various defects found in GaN epitaxial film on silicon carbide (SiC) substrate. In addition, global researchers have not established a uniform definition and classification criterion for defects in GaN epitaxial film yet. Thus, it is essential to establish a set of international standards for GaN epitaxial film on SiC substrate, which will benefit the development of GaN epitaxial film and related devices.

To define and classify defects in GaN epitaxial film on SiC substrate, a new international standard is proposed. The main contents of this document are listing and illustrating the definition and classification of defects in GaN epitaxial film on SiC substrate, providing reference for future GaN-related research and device manufacture.

This International Standard gives guidelines for the definition and classification of defects in GaN epitaxial film grown on SiC substrate. They are identified and described on the basis of examples, mainly by schematic illustrations, optical microscope images, and transmission electron microscope images for these defects. This document covers only defects in as-grown GaN epitaxial film on SiC substrate and does not include defects caused by subsequent processes.

## 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

#### 3.1

### Gallium nitride

GaN

compound semiconductor crystal composed of gallium and nitrog

#### 3.2

substrate

material on which epitaxial layer is deposited

[SOURCE: IEC 63068-1:2019, 3.9, modified – "Homoepitaxial" has been replaced by "epitaxial".]

# 3.3

### Silicon carbide

SiC

semiconductor crystal composed of silicon and carbon, which exhibits a large number of polytypes such as 4H and 6H

Note 1 to entry: A symbol like 4H gives the number of periodic stacking layers (2, 3, 4,...) and the crystal symmetry (H=hexagonal) of each polytype.

[SOURCE: IEC 63068-1:2019, 3.1, modified – Polytype of 3C has been deleted.]