
**Rubber and plastics hoses and hose
assemblies — Determination of
resistance to vacuum**

*Tuyaux et flexibles en caoutchouc et en plastique — Détermination de
la résistance à l'aspiration*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 218, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 7233:2016), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- hose assembly has been added in the text;
- a statement regarding change in length, as mentioned in Method C, has been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Vacuum testing is applied to hoses or hose assemblies to determine whether they will withstand the differential pressure encountered in service resulting from reduced pressure within the hose or hose assembly.

Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Determination of resistance to vacuum

1 Scope

This document specifies three methods for determining the resistance to vacuum of hoses and hose assemblies manufactured from plastic or rubber. Applicable dimensions of hoses for each method are as follows:

- method A for hoses of nominal size up to and including 80;
- method B for hoses of nominal size greater than 80;
- method C for hoses of all dimensions.

If not otherwise specified in the product standard, method C can be used as an alternative to methods A and B.

Methods A and B can also be used to check the adhesion of the lining to the reinforcement (delamination) in a length of hard-wall hose or hose assembly.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1402, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydrostatic testing*

ISO 8330, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Vocabulary*

ISO 23529, *Rubber — General procedures for preparing and conditioning test pieces for physical test methods*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8330 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Principle

The test methodology for determining the resistance to vacuum of plastic and rubber hoses and hose assemblies consists of reducing the internal pressure in a length of hose by means of a vacuum pump and gauge, while examining the hose for any signs of deformation or delamination of reinforcement or lining.

5 Apparatus

5.1 Vacuum pump, provided with a gauge and capable of reducing the internal pressure in the hose within 60 s to the pressure specified in the product standard (or, if no product standard is applicable, the