

PUBLICLY AVAILABLE SPECIFICATION

PRE-STANDARD

**Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic connector optical interfaces –
Part 3-30: End face geometry – Angled PC end face PPS rectangular ferrule multimode A1b fibres**



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – FIBRE OPTIC CONNECTOR OPTICAL INTERFACES –

Part 3-30: End face geometry – Angled PC end face PPS rectangular ferrule multimode A1b fibres

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IEC PAS 63267-3-30 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

The text of this PAS is based on the following document:

This PAS was approved for publication by the P-members of the committee concerned as indicated in the following document

Draft PAS	Report on voting
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1 Scope

This part of IEC 63267 defines certain dimensional limits of an 16F MM angled PC rectangular polyphenylene sulphide (PPS) ferrule optical interface in order to meet specific longitudinal offset requirements for fibre-to-fibre interconnection. Ferrules made from the material specified in this document are suitable for use in categories C, OP, OP+, I and E as defined in IEC 61753-1.

Ferrule interface dimensions and features are contained in IEC 61754 (all parts), which deals with fibre optic connector interfaces.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61300-3-30, *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-30: Examinations and measurements – Endface geometry of rectangular ferrule*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Description

The performance of a multimode angled PC rectangular ferrule optical interface is determined by the accuracy with which the optical datum targets of two mating ferrules are aligned with each other. There are three conditions affecting the alignment of the optical datum targets: lateral offset, angular offset, and longitudinal offset.

Parameters influencing the lateral and angular offset of the optical fibre axes include the following:

- fibre hole deviation from designated location;
- fibre cladding diameter relative to fibre hole clearance;