
**Methods of test for full-flow
lubricating oil filters for internal
combustion engines —**

**Part 6:
Static burst pressure test**

*Méthodes d'essai des filtres à huile de lubrification à passage intégral
pour moteurs à combustion interne —*

Partie 6: Essai de pression statique d'éclatement



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ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 70, *Internal combustion engines*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Tests for lubricating oil filters*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 4548-6:2012), which has been technically revised. The main changes in the third edition are as follows:

- The verification that filters meet technical requirements and the determination of the filter failing pressure have been separated into [6.1](#) and [6.2](#), respectively.
- The first pressure increment in the verification has been specified with a known value.
- Each incremental pressure has been changed to the smaller value for more accurate determination.

A list of all parts in the ISO 4548 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document establishes standard test procedures for measuring the performance of full-flow lubricating oil filters manufactured with metal pressure vessel materials for internal combustion engines. It has been prepared in separate parts, each part relating to a particular performance characteristic.

Together the tests provide the information necessary to assess the characteristics of a filter, but if agreed between the purchaser and the manufacturer, the tests can be conducted separately.

This document deals with filter modules in terms of static burst pressure.

Methods of test for full-flow lubricating oil filters for internal combustion engines —

Part 6: Static burst pressure test

1 Scope

This document specifies a method of testing full-flow lubricating oil filters for internal combustion engines to determine their ability to withstand a static pressure objective and to determine their burst pressure and the failure mode concerned.

It does not apply to filters for use in aeronautical applications or plastic components.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4548-1, *Methods of test for full-flow lubricating oil filters for internal combustion engines — Part 1: Differential pressure/flow characteristics*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 4548-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Test rig

[Figure 1](#) shows a circuit diagram of a typical hydraulic test stand that can be used for this procedure.

Hydraulic hand pump or other appropriate technology, with high-pressure tubing and valves, pressure gauge with measuring range of 0 kPa to 3 000 kPa or higher. A transparent safety shield shall be used.