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**Coating powders —**

Part 6:

**Determination of gel time of  
thermosetting coating powders at a  
given temperature**

*Poudres pour revêtement —*

*Partie 6: Détermination du temps de gélification à une température  
donnée de poudres thermodurcissables*



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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 9, *General test methods for paints and varnishes*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 139, *Paints and varnishes*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8130-6:1992), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 8130-6:1992/Amd.1:1998. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the use of a release agent has been deleted;
- a flat heating block without a spherical depression has been added as a second option;
- the duplicate determination has been changed to single determination;
- a comment on measurement of coating powders with ultra-short gel times (less than 15 s) has been added to [Clause 1](#);
- the previous repeatability data have been deleted because they need to be validated;
- the text has been editorially revised and the normative references have been updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 8130 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

# Coating powders —

## Part 6:

# Determination of gel time of thermosetting coating powders at a given temperature

## 1 Scope

This document specifies a method for determining the time for a thermosetting coating powder to gel at a specified temperature. A method is described for checking batch to batch variation and for the quality control of a given coating powder.

The method is not applicable to coating powders with ultra-short gel times (less than 15 s).

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 8130-14, *Coating powders — Part 14: Vocabulary*

ISO 15528, *Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8130-14 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

— IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

### 3.1

#### gel time

time taken for a specified volume of coating powder to become non-deformable, under specified conditions, after melting

## 4 Principle

A test portion of a coating powder is heated to a specified temperature in a depression of a heating block. The time at which threads can no longer be pulled from the molten product is determined.

## 5 Materials

**5.1 Test substances**, of known melting point for checking the temperature of the heating block (6.1).

For a test temperature of 180 °C, a suitable material should be chosen which shall not interfere with the subsequent analysis.