INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 8825-2

Sixth edition 2021-06

Information technology — ASN.1 encoding rules —

Part 2: **Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)**

Technologies de l'information — Règles de codage ASN.1 — Partie 2: Spécification des règles de codage compact (PER)





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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Telecommunications and information exchange between systems*, in collaboration with ITU-T. The identical text is published as ITU-T X.691 (02/2021).

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO/IEC 8825-2:2015), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates ISO/IEC 8825-2:2015/Cor 1:2017.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 8825 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

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Introduction

Specifications Rec. ITU-T $X.680 \mid ISO/IEC$ 8824-1, Rec. ITU-T $X.681 \mid ISO/IEC$ 8824-2, Rec. ITU-T $X.682 \mid ISO/IEC$ 8824-3, Rec. ITU-T $X.683 \mid ISO/IEC$ 8824-4 together describe Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1), a notation for the definition of messages to be exchanged between peer applications.

This Recommendation | International Standard defines encoding rules that may be applied to values of types defined using the notation specified in Rec. ITU-T X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1. Application of these encoding rules produces a transfer syntax for such values. It is implicit in the specification of these encoding rules that they are also to be used for decoding.

There are more than one set of encoding rules that can be applied to values of ASN.1 types. This Recommendation fine.
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8825-1 wh. International Standard defines a set of Packed Encoding Rules (PER), so called because they achieve a much more compact representation than that achieved by the Basic Encoding Rules (BER) and its derivatives described in Rec. ITU-T X.690 | ISO/IEC 8825-1 which is referenced for some parts of the specification of these Packed Encoding Rules.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

Information technology – ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)

1 Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies a set of Packed Encoding Rules that may be used to derive a transfer syntax for values of types defined in Rec. ITU-T X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1. These Packed Encoding Rules are also to be applied for decoding such a transfer syntax in order to identify the data values being transferred.

The encoding rules specified in this Recommendation | International Standard:

- are used at the time of communication;
- are intended for use in circumstances where minimizing the size of the representation of values is the major concern in the choice of encoding rules;
- allow the extension of an abstract syntax by addition of extra values, preserving the encodings of the existing values, for all forms of extension described in Rec. ITU-T X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1;
- can be modified in accordance with the provisions of Rec. ITU-T X.695 | ISO/IEC 8825-6.

2 Normative references

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

NOTE – This Recommendation | International Standard is based on ISO/IEC 10646:2003. It cannot be applied using later versions of this standard.

2.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

- Recommendation ITU-T X.680 (2021) | ISO/IEC 8824-1:2021, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.681 (2021) | ISO/IEC 8824-2:2021, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Information object specification.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.682 (2021) | ISO/IEC 8824-3:2021, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Constraint specification.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.683 (2021) | ISO/IEC 8824-4:2021, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Parameterization of ASN.1 specifications.
- Recommendation ITU-T X.690 (2021) | ISO/IEC 8825-1:2021, Information technology ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER).
- Recommendation ITU-T X.695 (2021) | ISO/IEC 8825-6:2021, Information technology ASN.1 encoding rules: Registration and application of PER encoding instructions.

NOTE – The references above shall be interpreted as references to the identified Recommendations | International Standards together with all their published amendments and technical corrigenda.

2.2 Additional references

- ISO/IEC 646:1991, Information technology ISO 7-bit coded character set for information interchange.
- ISO/IEC 2022:1994, Information technology Character code structure and extension techniques.
- ISO/IEC 2375:2003, Information technology Procedure for registration of escape sequences and coded character sets.

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- ISO 6093:1985, Information processing Representation of numerical values in character strings for information interchange.
- ISO International Register of Coded Character Sets to be Used with Escape Sequences.
- ISO/IEC 10646:2003, Information technology Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS).

3 **Definitions**

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following definitions apply.

3.1 **Specification of Basic Notation**

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, all the definitions in Rec. ITU-T X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1 apply.

3.2 **Information Object Specification**

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, all the definitions in Rec. ITU-T X.681 | ISO/IEC 8824-2 apply.

3.3 **Constraint Specification**

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in Rec. ITU-T X.682 | ISO/IEC 8824-3:

- a) component relation constraint;
- table constraint.

3.4 Parameterization of ASN.1 Specification

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following term defined in Rec. ITU-T X.683 | ISO/IEC 8824-4:

variable constraint.

3.5 **Basic Encoding Rules**

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in Rec. ITU-T X.690 | ISO/IEC 8825-1:

- a) data value;
- dynamic conformance; b)
- encoding (of a data value);
- receiver; d)
- e) sender;
- static conformance.

3.6 **PER Encoding Instructions**

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following term defined in Rec. ITU-T X.695 | ISO/IEC 8825-6:

identifying keyword.

3.7 Additional definitions

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following definitions apply.

2's-complement-binary-integer encoding: The encoding of a whole number into a bit-field (octet-aligned in the ALIGNED variant) of a specified length, or into the minimum number of octets that will accommodate that whole number encoded as a 2's-complement-integer, which provides representations for whole numbers that are equal to, greater than, or less than zero, as specified in 11.4.