Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems - Data Interface - Part 1: S-421 Route Plan Based on S-100



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN IEC 63173-1:2021 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN IEC 63173-1:2021 ingliskeelset teksti.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN IEC 63173-1:2021 consists of the English text of the European standard EN IEC 63173-1:2021.

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European foreword

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The following dates are fixed:

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IEC 61174 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61174

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Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

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<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
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Edition 1.0 2021-06

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Data interfaces –

Part 1: S-421 route plan based on S-100





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Edition 1.0 2021-06

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems – Data interfaces –

Part 1: S-421 route plan based on S-100

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – DATA INTERFACES –

Part 1: S-421 route plan based on S-100

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Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

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INTRODUCTION

The voyage plan is a key element of a vessel's voyage and can be used to optimize safety and processes, as well as for the interaction of participants and stakeholders.

The core element of the voyage plan is the route.

The exchange of routes (whether it be between ship-to-ship, ship-to-shore or shore-to-shore) may improve

- situational awareness,
- reduction in the number of accidents and incidents (by proactively de-conflicting routes),
- resource utilization by knowing the intentions of other actors,
- secured passages by knowing the intentions of other actors,
- predictability of arrivals and departures by early information sharing,
- planning for involved actors leading to reduced idle time for resources, and
- just-in-time operations by enabling stakeholders and service providers to be efficiently organized for handling vessel movements, port resources, and hinterland connections.

This document has been registered with the IHO S-100 registry as product specification S-421. A S-100 product specification is a description of the features, attributes and relationships of an application and their mapping to a dataset. It is a complete description of all the elements required to define a particular geographic data product.

IHO S-97 describes readiness levels of product specifications to show a progression from an idea to regular use. S-421 is currently at the initial level 1 pending demonstration in a real-world environment.

S-100 uses camelCase for naming. CamelCase names are made up of words joined together without spaces and capitalised within the compound using a limited set of English letters. Feature and information types begin with uppercase A-Z and attributes and values begin with lowercase a-z.

MARITIME NAVIGATION AND RADIOCOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS – DATA INTERFACES –

Part 1: S-421 route plan based on S-100

1 Scope

This part of IEC 63173 specifies an S-100 compliant product specification for route plan intended for exchange of information. It specifies the content, structure, and metadata needed for creating fully S-100 compliant route plan information and its portrayal within an S-100-based application. The IHO manages all numbers for S-100 compliant product specifications and has assigned S-421 for this route plan IEC standard.

This document specifies only a data format for the route plan exchange. This document does not specify a data format of vessel monitoring and logging information. This information can be provided by other mechanisms or be specified in other standards.

The format of the route plan exchange includes some limited vessel static information. When more static information is required, it can be obtained by other methods such as AIS.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

S-100:2018, IHO Universal Hydrographic Data Model (edition 4.0.0)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions and abbreviated terms apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

active route

route which is currently monitored for the voyage which may contain the schedule information

3.2

actor

human or machine that takes part in the route plan exchange process

3.3

feature

abstraction of real-world phenomena

Note 1 to entry: A feature may occur as a type or an instance. A feature type or a feature instance should be used when only one is meant as described in S-100.